

English

“Coronavirus and COVID-19”

Word list

self-isolating

repatriation flights

pandemic

quarantine

lockdown

corona hotspot

exit strategy

rebound

shutdown

home-office

social distancing

contactless delivery

panic buying

triage test

English

"Coronavirus and COVID-19"

1. Fill in the missing words. Use the words from the word list.

Reactions in times of crisis

When China announced a _____ in the town of Wuhan due to an outbreak of a new illness, people in the west did not care too much. It was far away.

Soon, however, the Corona virus had found victims in western countries as well, sometimes in dramatic dimensions. Italy was the first country to be hit very hard. It was the _____. There were not enough hospital facilities and doctors even had to do a _____.

What could the government do? They closed schools and universities and ordered people to stay at home. Due to modern media they should work from home if possible. _____ offered some help and video conferences helped to stay in contact with colleagues and customers.

Soon borders were closed, the _____ should not spread, More or less all of Europe was in _____. _____ was a remedy not to get infected. If you had to do errands nevertheless, wearing masks and _____ became compulsory. People reacted with _____ and clever shop-keepers offered _____ and mobile payments.

The situation for people stranded in foreign countries was particularly desperate. Therefore airlifts were organised. These _____ had to be organised by the governments.

All cultural and social events had to be cancelled. Even the Olympics had to be postponed causing a calendar havoc.

People were longing for an exit from the _____, especially those who were hit financially. An _____ was badly needed. On the one hand they wanted a rebound of factory activity, but feared also the _____ of the virus.

Answers - Reactions in times of crisis.

When China announced a **lockdown** in the town of Wuhan due to an outbreak of a new illness, people in the west did not care too much. It was far away.

Soon, however, the Corona virus had found victims in western countries as well, sometimes in dramatic dimensions. Italy was the first country to be hit very hard. It was the **Corona hotspot**. There were not enough hospital facilities and doctors even had to do a **triage test**.

What could the government do? They closed schools and universities and ordered people to stay at home. Due to modern media they should work from home if possible. **Home-office** offered some help and video conferences helped to stay in contact with colleagues and customers.

Soon borders were closed, the **pandemic** should not spread, More or less all of Europe was in **quarantine**. **Self-isolating** was a remedy not to get infected. If you had to do errands nevertheless, wearing masks and **social distancing** became compulsory. People reacted with **panic buying** and clever shop-keepers offered **contactless delivery** and mobile payments.

The situation for people stranded in foreign countries was particularly desperate. Therefore airlifts were organised. These **repatriation flights** had to be organised by the governments.

All cultural and social events had to be cancelled. Even the Olympics had to be postponed causing a calendar havoc.

People were longing for an exit from the **shutdown**, especially those who were hit financially. An **exit strategy** was badly needed. On the one hand they wanted a rebound of factory activity, but feared also the **rebound** of the virus.