

멀티클라우드 데이터센터 설계와 운영

(v1.0)



2023년 10월
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□ 실습교재 (별도)	

CURRICULUM

3

주제	세부 내용
개요	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 개요 멀티 클라우드 데이터센터 개요 CSP별 서비스 비교 멀티 클라우드 데이터센터 관리 사례
CSP/제조사의 멀티 클라우드 솔루션	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 제조사의 멀티클라우드 솔루션 멀티 클라우드 생태계 멀티 클라우드 전략 사례 CSP별 네트워크 구성과 비교
멀티 클라우드의 연동	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 멀티 클라우드 인프라 연동 멀티 클라우드 라우팅 Transit Gateway/Virtual WAN/VCN 프라이빗 링크(Private Link)
멀티 클라우드 관리	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 멀티 클라우드와 인프라 관리 클라우드 보안 멀티 클라우드 사례 (데이터플랫폼 / 자동화 / DevSecOps / Telco) vSwitch / Routing for Transit Gateway (실습)
멀티 클라우드의 Cloud Native 서비스 연동	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 멀티 클라우드 서비스 전략을 위한 인프라 구축 Managed K8s 서비스의 5G Core/gNB/UE 설계 멀티 클라우드의 발전 방향 쿠버네티스 서비스의 외부 Load Balancer 연결, 코트기반 인프라 자동화 (실습)

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□ 실습 (별도 교재)

- 개요
- vSwitch / 제어기
- vRouter for Transit Gateway
- K8s 설치
- Helm
- K8s의 Load Balancer 연결
- 코드 기반 인프라 자동화

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I. 개요

Multicloud; Multi-cloud; Multi Cloud



멀티 클라우드

❖ What is cloud?

- '기존' IT: 물리적 프라이빗 데이터센터에서 호스팅되는 기존 시스템
- 프라이빗 클라우드: 가상화된 환경을 외부 데이터센터에 호스팅 또는 자체의 온프레미스에 호스팅
- 중앙에서 관리되는 플랫폼: 사용량에 대한 요금이 청구되는 여러 비즈니스 부서를 호스팅
- 퍼블릭 클라우드: AWS, Microsoft Azure, GCP등과 같이 퍼블릭 클라우드는 공용 인터넷을 사용하여 중앙화된 플랫폼에서 온디맨드 방식으로 IT 서비스를 제공하는 공급자
 - 컴퓨팅, 스토리지, 네트워킹과 같은 IT 서비스를 제공하는 중앙 집중식 플랫폼
 - 전 세계 데이터센터에 분산
 - 데이터센터와 클라우드를 관리
 - 기업은 데이터센터 자체에 투자할 필요 없이 서비스를 '임대'

멀티 클라우드

❖ Why Multi-Cloud?

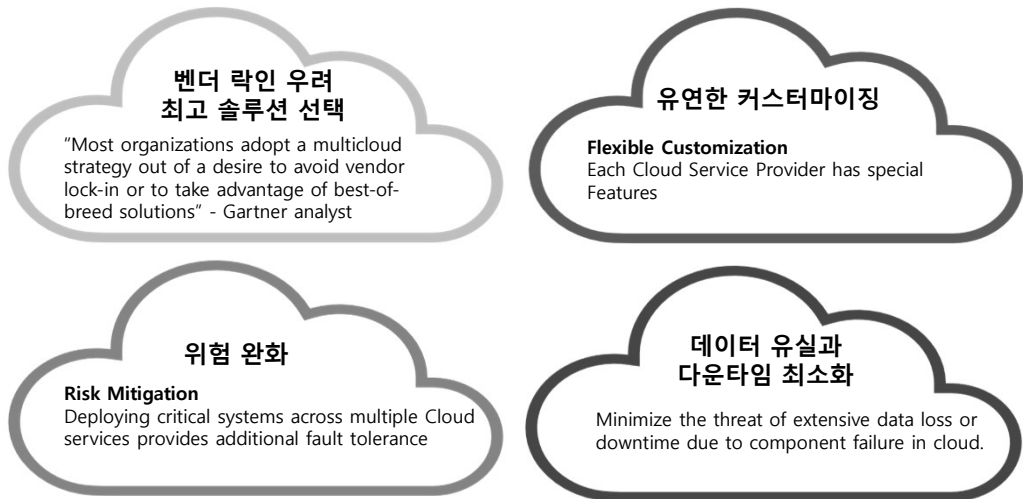
- 대부분의 기업은 이미 멀티 클라우드를 사용
- Amazon Web Services(AWS) 또는 Google Cloud Platform(GCP)과 같은 퍼블릭 클라우드에서 호스팅하는 애플리케이션과 함께 Microsoft 및 Salesforce의 Office 365와 같은 SaaS(Software as a Service)를 사용
- 기업이 겪고 있는 디지털 트랜스포메이션, 즉 특정 비즈니스 기능에 적합한 클라우드 서비스를 선택하는 동급 최강의 전략을 개발하는 클라우드 서비스 도입을 통해 비즈니스 민첩성을 확보하는 과정
- 해답을 단일 클라우드 공급업체가 아닌 멀티 클라우드에 기대

Source: Mulder, Jeroen. Multi-Cloud Strategy for Cloud Architects: Learn how to adopt and manage public clouds by leveraging BaseOps, FinOps, and DevSecOps, 2nd Edition (pp. 34-35). Packt Publishing, Kindle Edition.



멀티클라우드 이동 이유

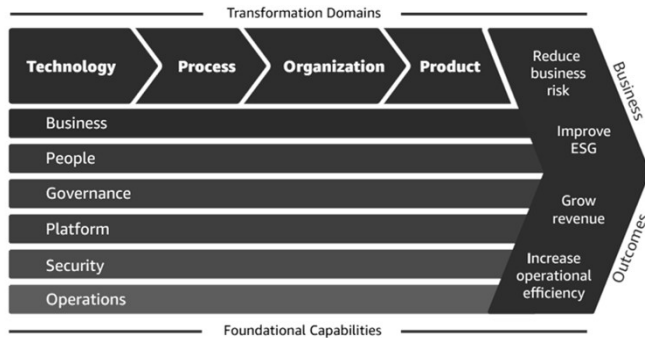
❖ Multi-Cloud 환경 이동 이유



CLOUD ADOPTION FRAMEWORKS (CAF)

❖ Accelerating Your Digital Business Transformation

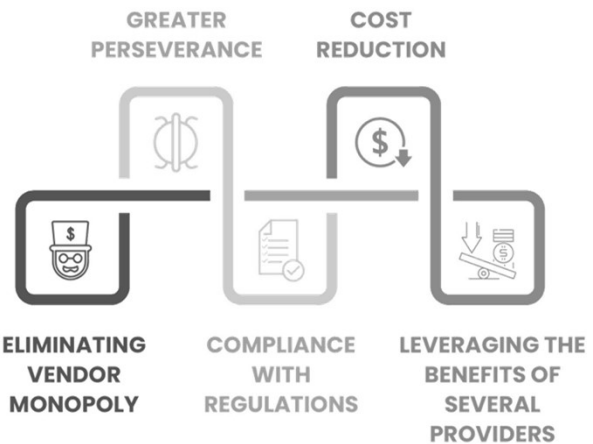
- 클라우드 혁신은 일련의 기능으로 구현되는 클라우드 기반 조직 변화를 통해 비즈니스 성과가 가속화됨
- 기술 혁신이 프로세스 혁신을 가능하게 하고, 프로세스 혁신이 제품 혁신을 가능하게 하는 조직 혁신
- 주요 비즈니스 성과는 비즈니스 리스크 감소, 환경, 사회, 거버넌스(ESG) 성과 개선, 매출 및 운영 효율성



ESG는 환경(Environmental), 사회(Social), 지배구조(Governance)의 영문 첫 글자를 조합한 단어로, 기업 경영에서 지속가능성을 달성하기 위한 3가지 핵심 요소
 Source: <https://d1.awsstatic.com/whitepapers/aws-caf-ebook.pdf> , https://services.google.com/fh/files/misc/google_cloud_adoption_framework_whitepaper.pdf

BENEFITS OF MULTI-CLOUD

- ❖ **More extraordinary perseverance**
(더욱 특별한 인내심)
- ❖ **Eliminating vendor monopoly**
(공급업체 독점 제거)
- ❖ **Leveraging the benefits of several providers**
(여러 공급업체의 이점 활용)
- ❖ **Cost reduction**
(비용 절감)
- ❖ **Compliance with regulations**
(규정 준수)

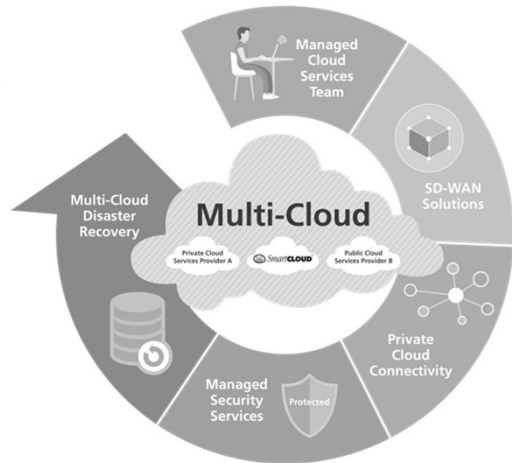


Source: <https://www.infosectrain.com/blog/what-is-multi-cloud-network-architecture/#What-is-multi-cloud-network-architecture>

멀티클라우드 모범 사례

❖ 멀티클라우드 모범 사례 (Best Practice of Multi-Cloud)

- 멀티 클라우드를 잘 관리하려면 기업은 유연한 네트워크 인프라, 정보 보안 솔루션, 원스톱 '서비스로서의 IT'를 제공하고 모든 기술 및 전문가 측면을 처리할 수 있는 매니지드 서비스 제공업체가 필요 (To manage Multi-Cloud well, the enterprise require the flexible network infrastructure, information security solutions and a managed services provider who can provide a one-stop "IT-as-a-Service" and take care of all technical and professionals' aspects.)
 - Managed cloud service team
 - SD-WAN solution
 - Private cloud connectivity
 - Managed security services
 - Multi-cloud disaster recovery



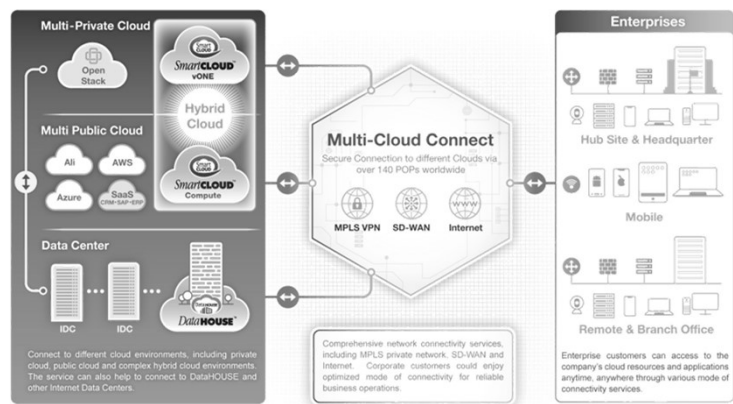
Source: <https://www.citictel-cpc.com/en-sg/product-services/multi-cloud-connect>

MULTI-CLOUD CONNECT DIAGRAM

❖ Multi-Cloud Connect Diagram

• Highlights

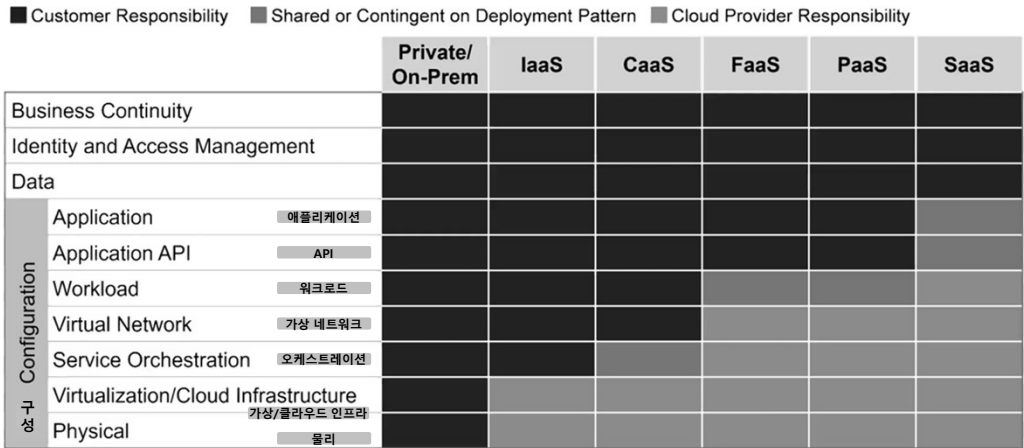
- Avoiding vendor lock-in 벤더 락인
- Preventing data loss or downtime due to a localized component failure in the cloud 다운 방지
- Mitigating risk of disasters with increased redundancy 재난 위험 완화
- Minimizing costs by combining the best options from multiple service providers 비용
- Ensuring data security and compliance according to the data sovereignty requirements 보안
- Low latency – suitable for enterprises who have global presence and need to handle data across different geographical regions while maintain a consistent end-user experience 지연



Source: <https://www.citictel-cpc.com/en-sg/product-services/multi-cloud-connect>

SPLIT RESPONSIBILITY

❖ The Nuances of Split Responsibility (클라우드 책임 분담의 차이)와 구성(Configuration)

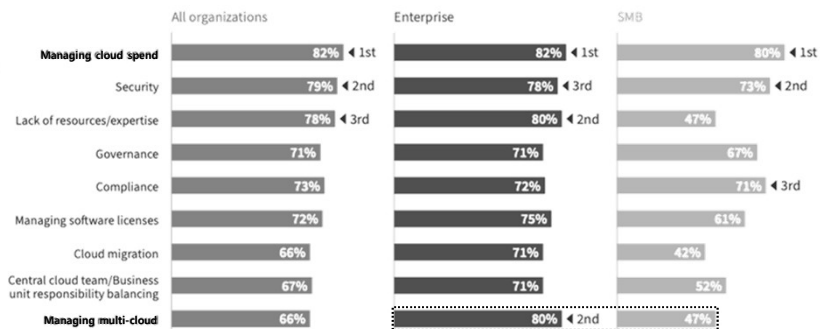


Source: Gartner - <https://webinar.gartner.com/429960/agenda/session/1033381?login=ML>

Source: https://twitter.com/Gartner_inc/status/1534249589435518976

TOP CLOUD CHALLENGES

- ❖ Managing cloud spend
- ❖ Security
- ❖ Lack of resources/expertise
- ❖ Managing multi-cloud
- ❖ Compliance



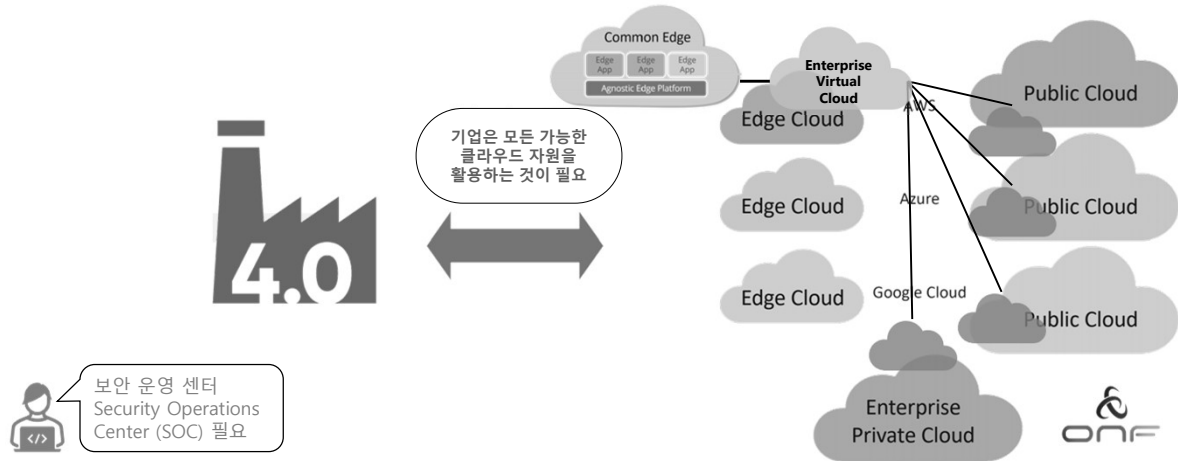
All organizations: N=750, Enterprise: N=627, SMB: N=123
Source: Flexera 2023 State of the Cloud Report



Source: <https://www.flexera.com/blog/cloud/cloud-computing-trends-flexera-2023-state-of-the-cloud-report/>

멀티클라우드는 기업의 뉴노멀

❖ 하나의 'Enterprise Virtual Cloud' 필요



PLANNING

❖ What You Need to Know When Planning Your Hybrid and Multi-cloud Network

• Migration and Manageability

- ✓ 퍼블릭 클라우드 제공업체에 연결
- ✓ 클라우드 게이트웨이 설치
- ✓ IPSec 터널 구축
- ✓ VPC, VNET 및 CIDR 네트워크 검색
- ✓ BGP 라우팅 프로세스 구성
- ✓ 적절한 보안 정책 설치
- ✓ 인터넷 및 SaaS 서비스에 지역 출구 지정 추가하기
- ✓ 애플리케이션 수준 정보로 오버레이된 환경 및 네트워크 전반의 모든 트래픽을 시각화
- ✓ 통합된 보기와 용어로 네트워킹 팀과 보안 팀 간의 협업을 강화
- ✓ 실행 가능한 인사이트를 통해 이상 징후를 탐지하여 경보 피로를 최소화
- ✓ 오작동 또는 사고 발생 후 평균 해결 시간(MTTR)을 획기적으로 단축

• Security

- ✓ 사용 중인 여러 클라우드 공급업체에서 일관된 사이버 보안 프로토콜
- ✓ 각 클라우드 서비스 제공업체의 업그레이드 주기와 새로운 보안 공백이 발생할 가능성
- ✓ 효과적인 보안 정책의 구현을 초과하는 앱 개발 속도
- ✓ 직원이 여러 클라우드에서 작업할 수 있는 액세스 자격 증명으로 악의적인 사용자를 차단하고 다양한 사용자에 대한 일관된 권한 정책을 유지

• Network and Application Observability

- ✓ 서버 트래픽 개요(위치, 소스 연결/세그먼트/IP, 대상 IP, 포트 서비스, 프로토콜 등)
- ✓ 서버 트래픽을 시각화하여 데이터 흐름 및 위치와 관련된 추세를 파악할 수 있습니다.
- ✓ 상세하고 타임스탬프가 찍힌 네트워크 기록
- ✓ 애플리케이션에 대한 분석
- ✓ 사이버 위협 분석 및 의심스러운 행동 식별.
- ✓ 완벽한 네트워크 및 애플리케이션 가시성을 통해 기업은 잠재적인 사이버 위협을 신속하게 해결하고 네트워크 문제를 사전에 발견

Source: <https://www.insidepacket.com/planning-hybrid-and-multi-cloud-network/>



MULTI-CLOUD MARKET

❖ Multi-cloud Market Ecosystem (Market and Market)

- 멀티클라우드 관리
- 클라우드 보안
- 멀티클라우드 네트워킹
- 제로 트러스트 보안

MULTI-CLOUD MANAGEMENT	CLOUD SECURITY	MULTI-CLOUD NETWORKING	ZERO TRUST SECURITY
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ BMC Software ▪ CenturyLink ▪ Accenture ▪ VMware ▪ DoubleHorn ▪ RightScale ▪ CliQr ▪ Cloudyn ▪ Jamcracker ▪ Dell Technologies ▪ IBM ▪ Citrix ▪ UnityOneCloud ▪ SixSq ▪ Others 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Amazon Web Services ▪ Microsoft ▪ Check Point ▪ Google ▪ Palo Alto Networks ▪ McAfee ▪ IBM ▪ Zscaler ▪ Cisco ▪ Fortinet ▪ Sophos ▪ Forseeti ▪ Broadcom ▪ Trend Micro ▪ Tenable ▪ Forcepoint ▪ Netskope ▪ Imperva ▪ Proofpoint ▪ Others 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ VMware ▪ Oracle ▪ F5 ▪ Cisco ▪ Nutanix ▪ Juniper ▪ Citrix ▪ Illumio ▪ Akamai ▪ Aviatrix ▪ Proximo ▪ Infoblox ▪ Others 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Cisco ▪ Palo Alto Networks ▪ Okta ▪ Check Point ▪ Trend Micro ▪ IBM ▪ FireEye ▪ McAfee ▪ Forcepoint ▪ RSA Security ▪ Illumio ▪ Sophos ▪ Google ▪ Microsoft ▪ VMware ▪ Fortinet ▪ Cloudflare ▪ Others

Source: <https://www.marketsandmarkets.com/Market-Reports/multi-cloud-security-market-231733464.html>



MCN 시장 전망

❖ Multi-Cloud Networking(MCN) 시장 전망: 연평균 22.5% (Markets and Markets)

Multi-Cloud Networking Market Overview



Source: <https://www.marketsandmarkets.com/Market-Reports/multi-cloud-networking-market-80685691.html>

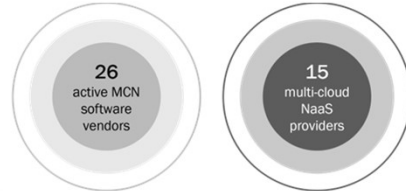


멀티클라우드 네트워킹 생태계의 기회

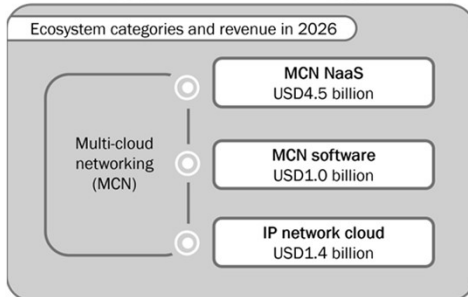
❖ Multi-Cloud Networking: 생태계와 기회

- MCN NaaS (15 multi-cloud NaaS providers)
- MCN Software (26 active MCN software vendors)
- IP network cloud

Opportunity and Ecosystem



Source: <https://www.analysismason.com/research/content/reports/multi-cloud-networking-rma21/>



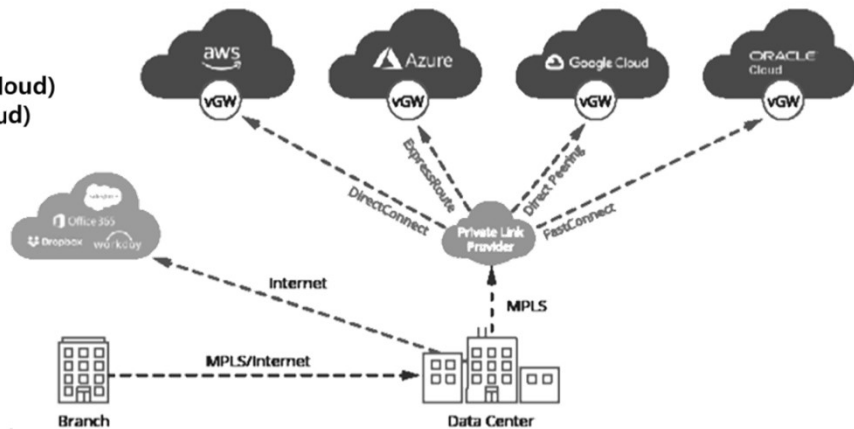
Source: Analysys Mason



멀티클라우드 데이터센터 연결

❖ Multi-Cloud Connectivity (예)

- Private Link Provider
- Direct Connect (AWS)
- Express Route (Azure)
- Direct Peering (Google Cloud)
- Fast Connect (Oracle Cloud)
- Internet
- MPLS

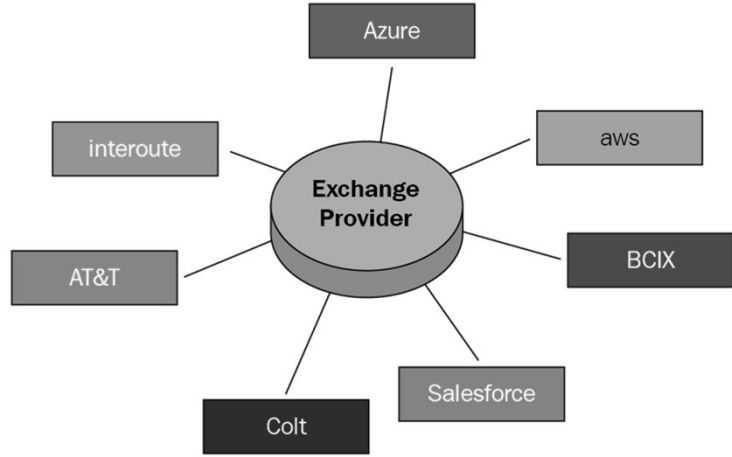


Source: <https://www.silver-peak.com/resource-center/use-cases/how-sd-wan-addresses-multi-cloud-connectivity-challenges>



EXCHANGE PROVIDER

❖ Exchange providers



Source: Multi-Cloud for Architects (Published by Packt Publishing Ltd) Florian Klaffenbach, Markus Klein, Suresh Sundaresan

EXCHANGE PROVIDER IN KOREA

❖ Exchange providers in Korea

- KINX
- KRIX
- Equinix Seoul
- 6NGIX
- BGP.Exchange - Seoul

PeeringDB Search Results for 'korea'

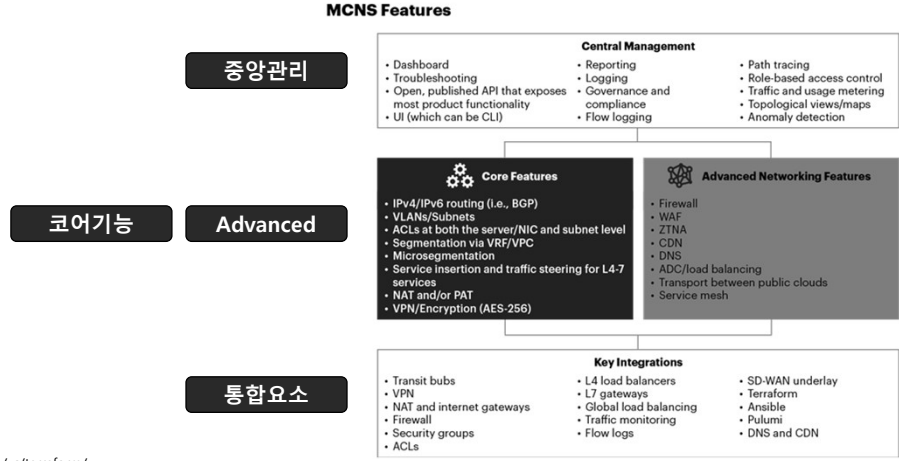
Exchanges (5)	Networks (15)	Facilities (34)	Organizations (39)
KINX	KIXNET	KIXNET	KIXNET
KRIX	KT Corporation	KT Corporation	KT Corporation
Equinix Seoul	Equinix	Equinix	Equinix
BGP.Exchange - Seoul	BGP.Exchange	BGP.Exchange	BGP.Exchange
6NGIX	6NGIX	6NGIX	6NGIX

Source: <https://www.peeringdb.com/search?q=korea>

MCNS

❖ 가트너(예): Multicloud Networking Software (MCNS)

- 중앙관리
- 코어기능
- Advanced 기능



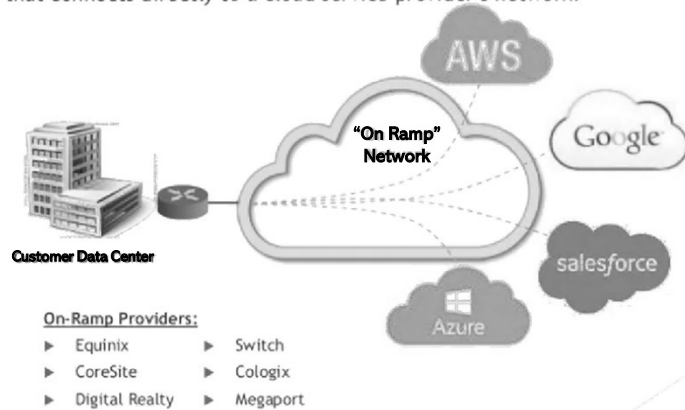
Source: <https://www.pulumi.com/docs/intro/vs/terraform/>
 Source: <https://blogs.gartner.com/andrew-lemer/2022/04/21/multicloud-networking-software-mcns/>

온램프 서비스

❖ 온램프 서비스 - Cloud "On-Ramp" Service Providers

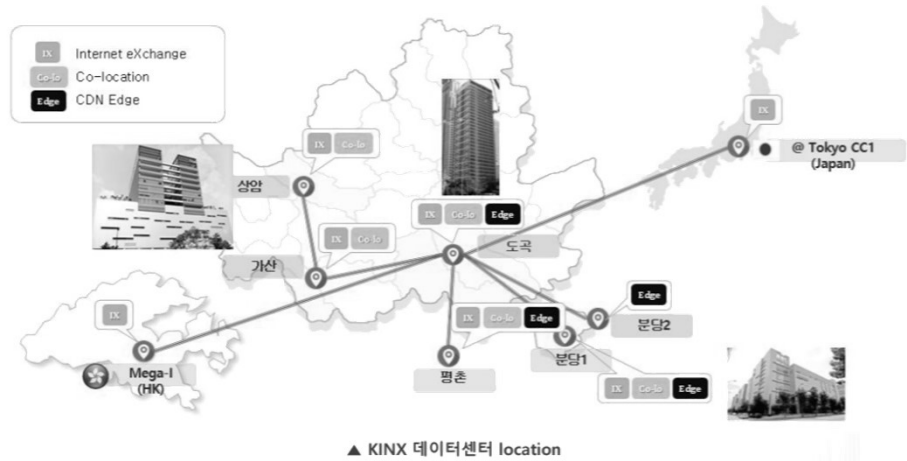
- Equinix
- CoreSite
- Digital Realty
- Switch
- Cologix
- Megaport

▶ Cloud On Ramp Services provide a connection service within a data center that connects directly to a cloud service provider's network.

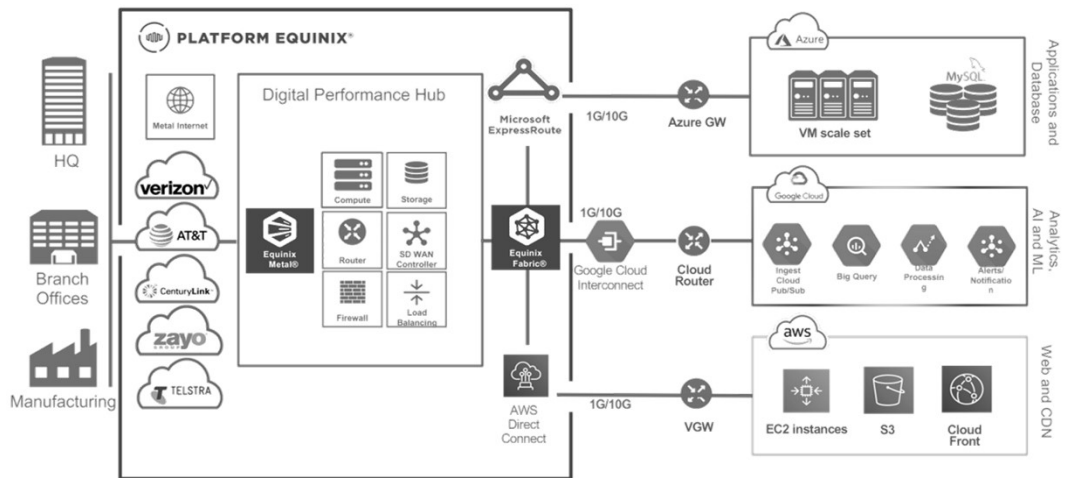


Source: Joseph Primicerio

❖ 온램프 서비스 - KINX



❖ 온램프 서비스 - Hybrid Multi Cloud Deployment Model (Equinix)

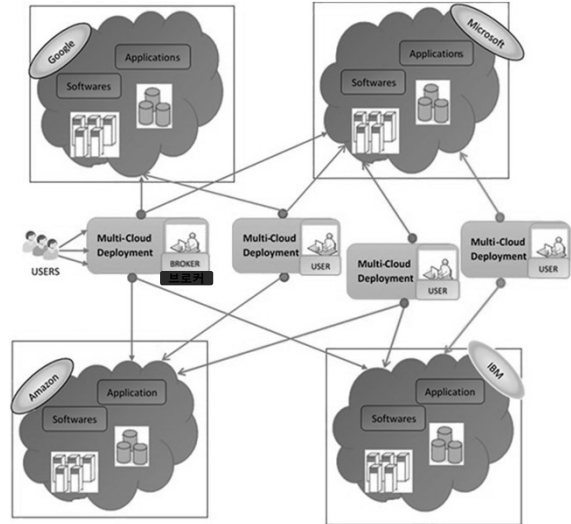


멀티클라우드 환경

❖ 멀티클라우드 환경 - Multi-cloud environment

- Cloud Aggregators
- Cloud Integrators
- Cloud Customizers

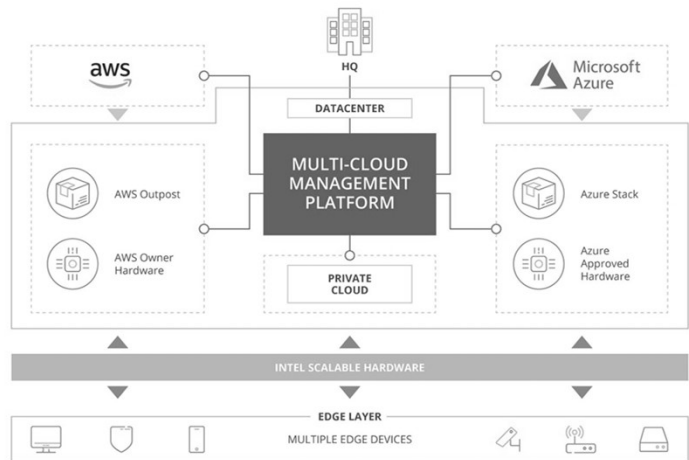
Cloud aggregators are high-level consultants or architects who bring together multiple cloud services and offer them as a combined package to customers.
 (클라우드 애그리게이터는 여러 클라우드 서비스를 한데 모아 고객에게 결합된 패키지로 제공하는 고급 컨설턴트 또는 아키텍트이다.)



Source: 'Operationalizing Multi-Cloud Environments', Technologies, Tools and Use Cases, B. S. Rajeshwari, Pethuru Raj, Ramkumar Thirunavukarasu (2022)

멀티클라우드 관리 플랫폼

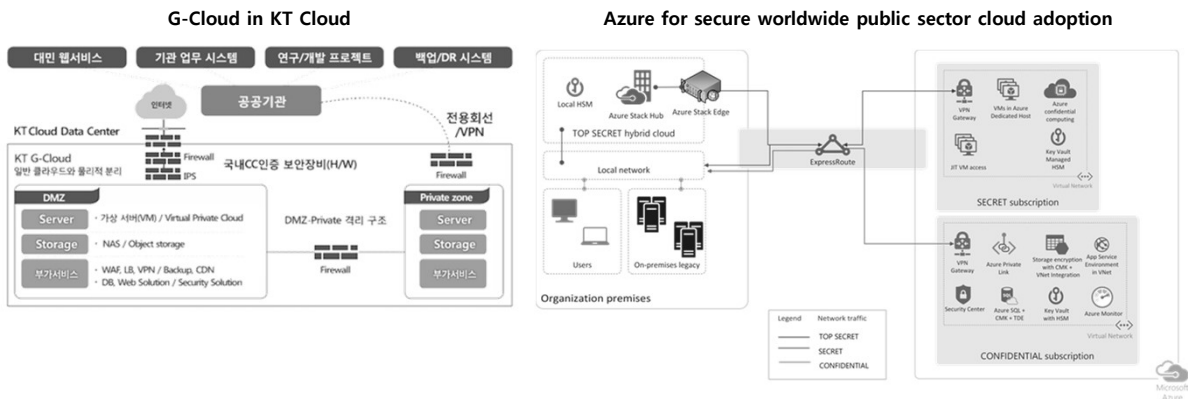
❖ Multi Cloud Management Platform Reference Architecture



Source: <https://www2.deloitte.com/content/dam/Deloitte/us/Documents/process-and-operations/us-designing-hybrid-cloud-architecture-for-the-future.pdf>

CLOUD FOR GOVERNMENT

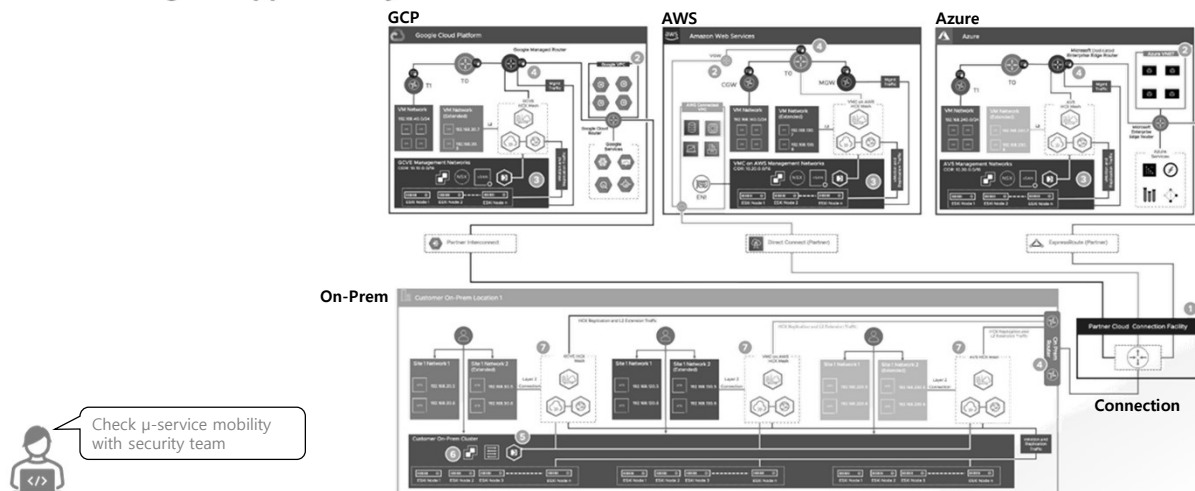
❖ 공공 클라우드 (Cloud for Government)



Source: <https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-government/documentation-government-overview-wpps>

멀티클라우드 아키텍처

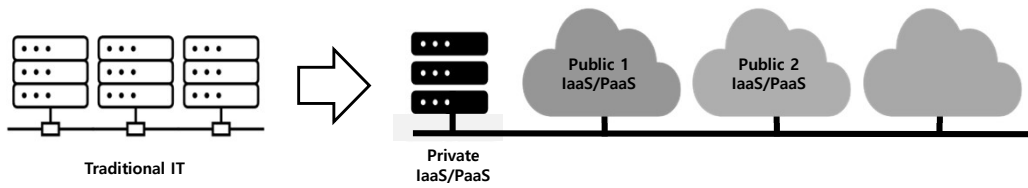
❖ Architecting for app mobility in a multi-cloud environment.



Source: <https://blogs.vmware.com/cloud/wp-content/blogs.dir/136/files/2020/12/David1129.png>

클라우드 운영 모델의 변화

- ❖ Run: 전용 인프라 → 클라우드 상의 스케줄링
- ❖ Connect: 고정 IP 주소 → 서비스 기반 유동 IP
- ❖ Secure: IP 주소 기반 보안 정책 → Identity 기반
- ❖ Provisioning: 전용 서버 → 요청 기반 용량



멀티클라우드 기술 (오픈소스 예)

- ❖ 클라우드바리스타 (ETRI)
 - CB-Waterstrider
 - CB-Ladybug
 - CB-Spider
 - CB-Bridge
 - CB-Dragonfly
 - CB-Tumblebug
 - CB-Larva

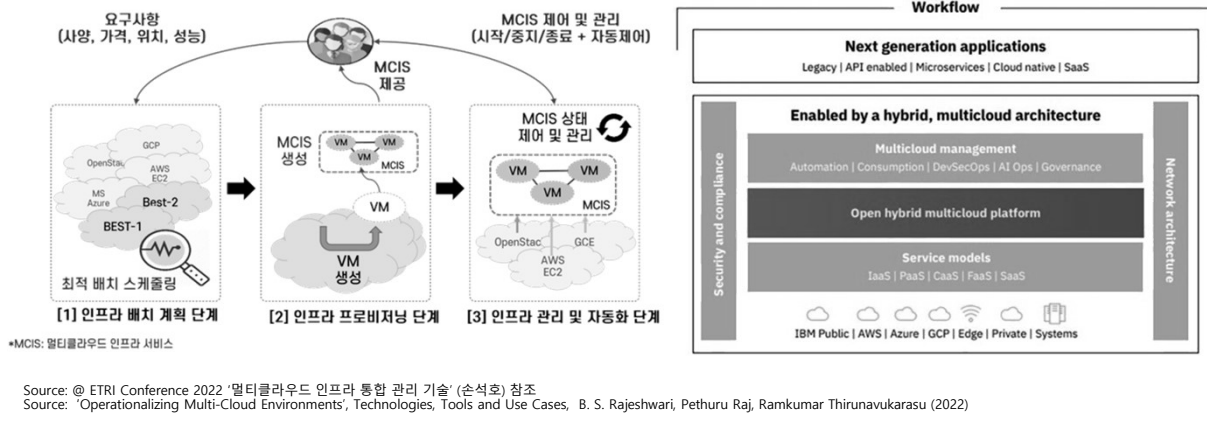


Source: © ETRI Conference 2022 '멀티클라우드가 만들어가는 세상' (정영우) 참조



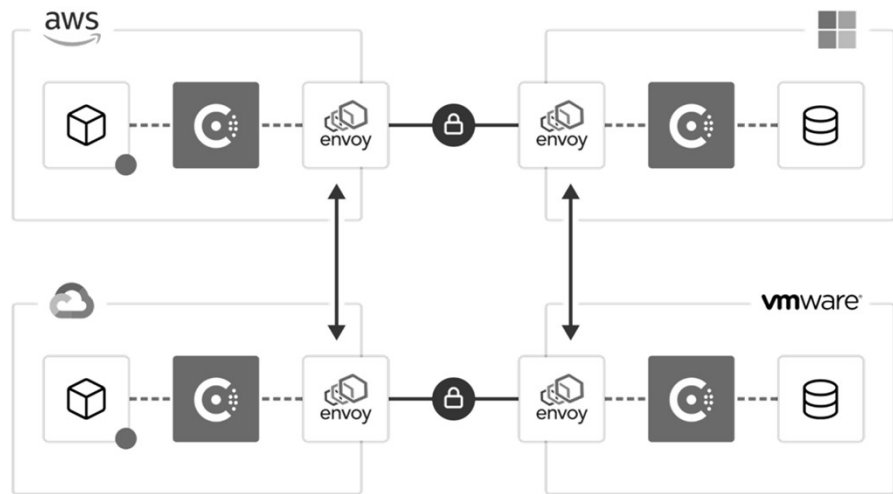
MCIS

- ❖ MCIS: 멀티클라우드 인프라 서비스
- ❖ Dynamic workflow orchestration in hybrid multi-cloud



MULTI-DATACENTER, MULTI-REGION

- ❖ Cloud Native Layer

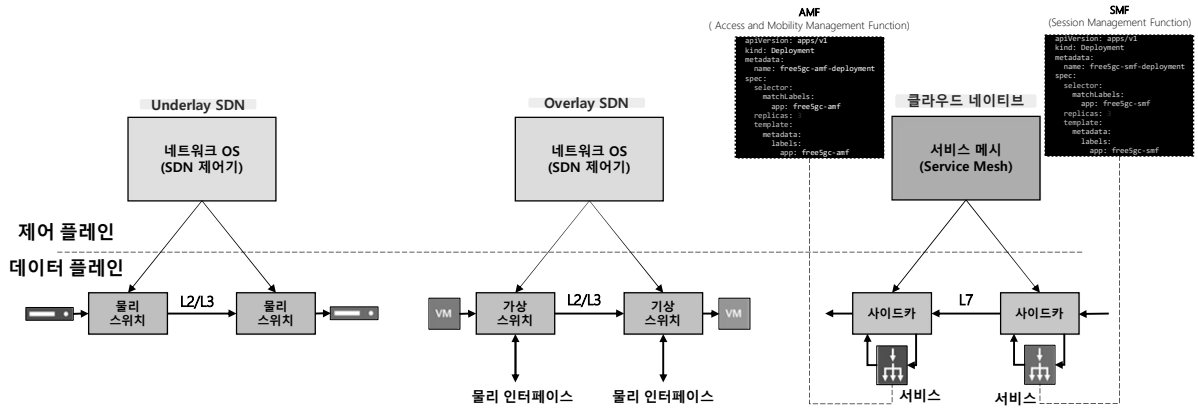


Source: <https://www.hashicorp.com/products/consul/multi-platform-service-mesh>

SDN (가상 네트워크)

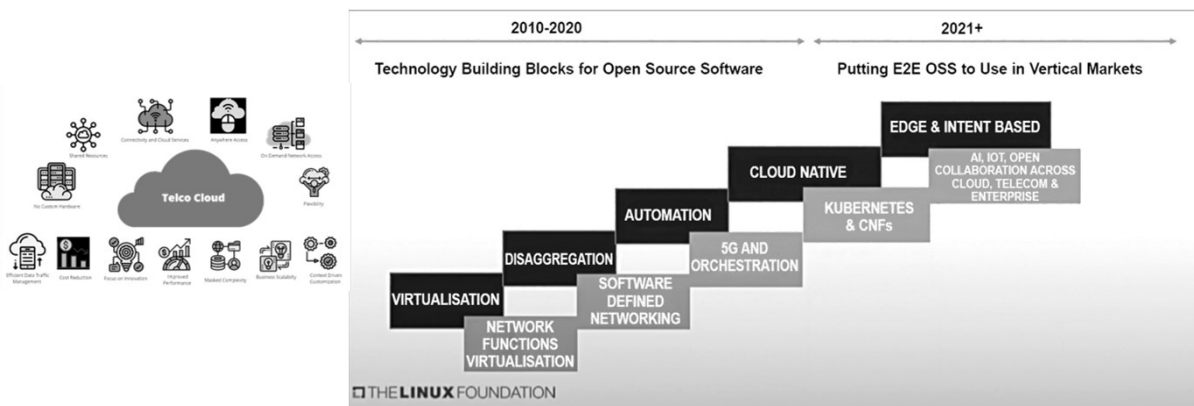
❖ SDN (소프트웨어 정의 네트워킹)

- 오버레이 SDN의 분산처리: dSwitch, dRouter, dFW, dLB (VM 이동시 보안 정책 유지)
- 전용 제어기(SDN Controller) 사용
- Overlay/Underlay (물리/가상) 연결: VxLAN 프로토콜 사용 (VLAN, Multicast, VxLAN 헤더)



LF EDGE PROJECTS

❖ Focus shifting from building blocks to putting E2E OSS to use (Linux Foundation)

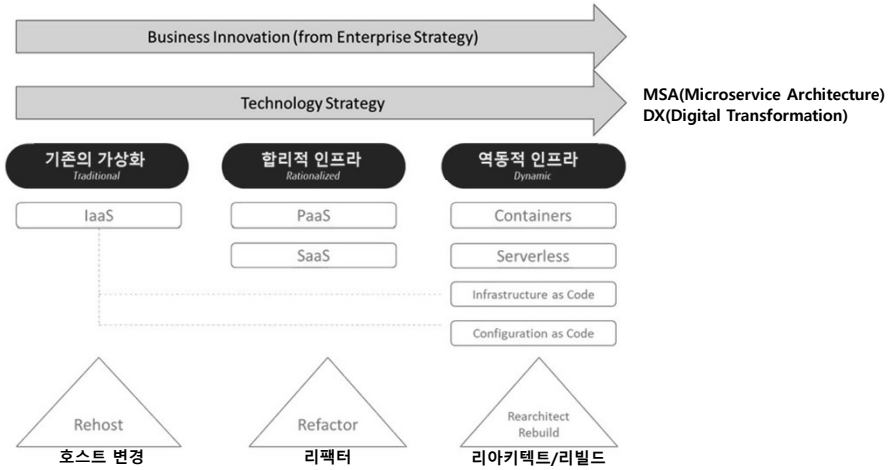


Source: <https://www.electronicshobby.com/technology-trends/open-source-ecosystem-5g-telecom-networks>



멀티클라우드 전략

❖ Technology strategy following business innovation

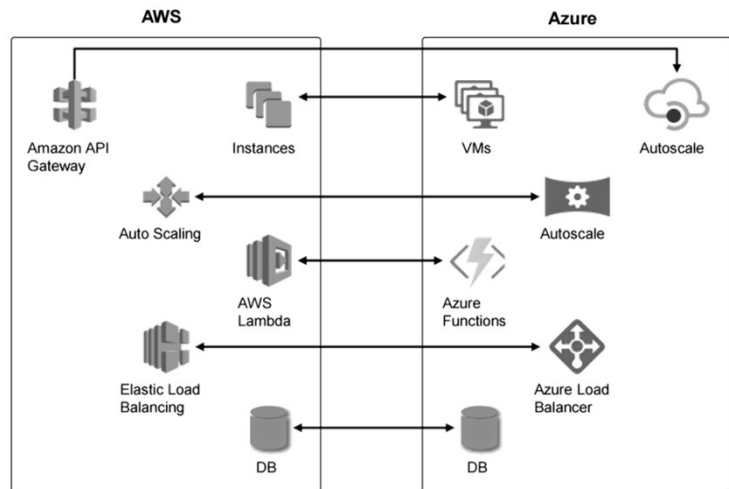


Source: Mulder, Jeroen. Multi-Cloud Architecture and Governance: Leverage Azure, AWS, GCP, and VMware vSphere to build effective multi-cloud solutions (p. 83). Packt Publishing. Kindle Edition.



동일 서비스 고려

❖ 동일 서비스 고려하는 Multi-Cloud Architecture



멀티클라우드 환경의 도전

❖ Challenges in multi-cloud environment (도전 과제)

- Managing and monitoring multiple clouds
- Network bandwidth and latency rates
- Platform integration for multi cloud
- Scaling across multiple cloud
- Ensuring governance
- Work portability
- Spiraling
- Availability of skilled staff
- Financial management in multi
- Security



Source: 'Operationalizing Multi-Cloud Environments', Technologies, Tools and Use Cases, B. S. Rajeshwari, Pethuru Raj, Ramkumar Thirunavukarasu (2022)



AWS, GCP, AZURE

❖ Cloud Computing AWS, GCP, Azure

Cloud Comparison Cheat Sheet blog.bytebytego.com

	aws	Azure	Google Cloud	ORACLE CLOUD
VM	Elastic Compute Cloud (EC2)	Virtual Machine	Compute Engine	Virtual Machine
Managed K8s	Elastic Kubernetes Service (EKS)	Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS)	Google Kubernetes Engine (GKE)	Oracle Container Engine
Serverless (Function)	Lambda	Azure Functions	Cloud Functions	OCI Functions
Storage	Simple Storage Service (S3)	Blob Storage	Cloud Storage	Object Storage
	Elastic Block Store	Managed Disk	Persistent Disk	Persistent Volume
	Elastic File System	File Storage	File Store	File Storage
VPC	Virtual Private Cloud	Virtual Network	Virtual Private Cloud	Virtual Cloud Network
DNS	Route 53	DNS	Cloud DNS	DNS
LB	Elastic Load Balancing	Load Balancer	Cloud Load Balancing	Load Balancer
WAF	Web Application Firewall	Web Application Firewall	Cloud Armor	Web Application Firewall
	RDS	SQL Database	Cloud SQL	ATP

DynamoDB	Cosmos DB	Firestore Database	NoSQL Database
Redshift	Synapse Analytics	BigQuery	Autonomous Data Warehouse
Elastic MapReduce	HDInsight	Dataproc	Big Data
Kinesis	Streaming Analytics	Dataflow	Streaming
SageMaker	Machine Learning	Vertex AI	Data Science
Glue	Data Factory	Data Fusion	Data Integration
EventBridge	Event Grid	Eventarc	Events
Simple Queuing Service	Storage Queues	Pub/Sub	Streaming
Simple Notification Service	Service Bus	Firestore Cloud Messaging	Notifications
CloudWatch	Monitor	Cloud Monitoring	Monitoring
CloudFormation	Resource Manager	Deployment Manager	Resource Manager
IAM	Active Directory	Cloud Identity	IAM
KMS	Key Vault	Cloud KMS	Vault

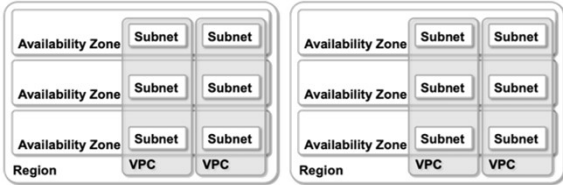
Source: <https://www.facebook.com/groups/cloudcomputinglearn/permalink/2293891134128116/?sfnsn=mo&ref=share&mibextid=VhDh1V>



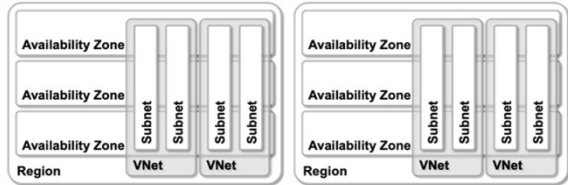
VIRTUAL NETWORKS AND SUBNETS

❖ Virtual Networks and Subnets in AWS, Azure, and GCP

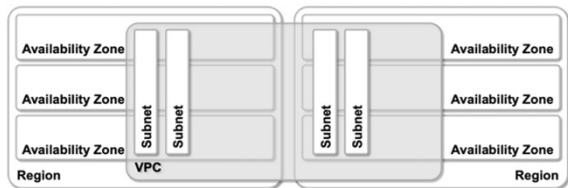
VPCs and subnets in AWS



VNet and subnets in Azure



GCP VPCs and subnets



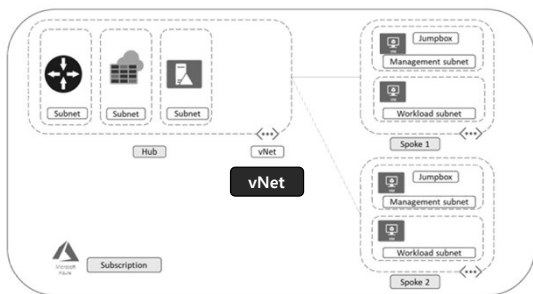
Source: <https://blog.ipSPACE.net/2021/02/vpc-subnets-aws-azure-gcp.html>



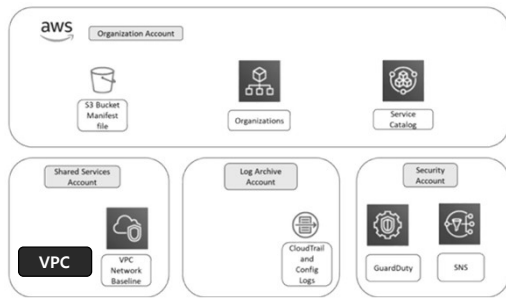
MULTI-CLOUD LANDING ZONE

❖ Creating a multi-cloud landing zone and blueprint

- landing zone: 구현을 위한 클라우드 서비스 세트



Basic setup of Azure landing zone



The AWS Landing Zone solution

Basic setup of a project in GCP, using Compute Engine and Cloud SQL



AWS 랜딩존

❖ IaaS (예): Terraform

Name	서브...	IPv4 CIDR
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 101subnet-1	subnet...	10.0.0.0/23
<input type="checkbox"/> 101subnet-2	subnet...	10.0.2.0/23
<input type="checkbox"/> 101subnet-private-1	subnet...	10.0.4.0/23
<input type="checkbox"/> 101subnet-private-2	subnet...	10.0.6.0/23
<input type="checkbox"/> 101subnet-pri-db1	subnet...	10.0.8.0/23
<input type="checkbox"/> 101subnet-pri-db2	subnet...	10.0.10.0/23

subnet-068809f055800fd9 / 101subnet-1

이제 Reachability Analyzer를 사용하여 네트워크 연결을 확인할 수 있습니다.

라우팅 테이블: rtb-031409dbff2ac9047 / main-default

라우팅 (2)

대상	대상
10.0.0.0/20	local
0.0.0.0/0	igw-0f9e147f62f1f70de

subnet-0514e1123d88f3f14 / 101subnet-private-1

라우팅 테이블: rtb-05b5d4b925665277 / main-private-1

라우팅 (2)

대상: local

subnet-0acca3509503682944 / 101subnet-pri-db1

라우팅 테이블: rtb-08c6ead87d7f3cf4f / main-private-db1

라우팅 (1)

Name	라우팅 테이블 ID	행시계 세부정보
-	rtb-0456a323aff27f94	-
main-default	rtb-031409dbff2ac9047	2 기본값
main-private-1	rtb-05b5d4b925665277	subnet-05e14a12a038f...
main-private-2	rtb-03a2329255a97a718	subnet-06e64e4d8f24f5e...
main-private-db1	rtb-08c6ead87d7f3cf4f	subnet-0acca3509503682...
main-private-db2	rtb-0a8225a4a6a267c18	subnet-09143b9baaf358...

```

terraform {
  required_providers {
    aws = "~> 5.0.0"
  }
}

provider "aws" {
  region = "ap-northeast-2"
}

resource "aws_vpc" "vpc" {
  cidr_block = "10.0.0.0/16"
}

resource "aws_subnet" "subnet-1" {
  vpc_id = aws_vpc.vpc.id
  cidr_block = "10.0.0.0/23"
}

resource "aws_subnet" "subnet-2" {
  vpc_id = aws_vpc.vpc.id
  cidr_block = "10.0.2.0/23"
}

resource "aws_subnet" "subnet-private-1" {
  vpc_id = aws_vpc.vpc.id
  cidr_block = "10.0.4.0/23"
}

resource "aws_subnet" "subnet-private-2" {
  vpc_id = aws_vpc.vpc.id
  cidr_block = "10.0.6.0/23"
}

resource "aws_subnet" "subnet-pri-db1" {
  vpc_id = aws_vpc.vpc.id
  cidr_block = "10.0.8.0/23"
}

resource "aws_subnet" "subnet-pri-db2" {
  vpc_id = aws_vpc.vpc.id
  cidr_block = "10.0.10.0/23"
}

resource "aws_route_table" "main-default" {
  vpc_id = aws_vpc.vpc.id
  routes {
    cidr_block = "10.0.0.0/20"
    destination_prefix_list_id = aws_prefix_list.prefix-list-1.id
  }
  routes {
    cidr_block = "0.0.0.0/0"
    gateway_id = aws_internet_gateway.internet-gateway-1.id
  }
}

resource "aws_route_table" "main-private-1" {
  vpc_id = aws_vpc.vpc.id
  routes {
    cidr_block = "10.0.0.0/20"
    destination_prefix_list_id = aws_prefix_list.prefix-list-1.id
  }
}

resource "aws_route_table" "main-private-2" {
  vpc_id = aws_vpc.vpc.id
  routes {
    cidr_block = "10.0.0.0/20"
    destination_prefix_list_id = aws_prefix_list.prefix-list-1.id
  }
}

resource "aws_route_table" "main-private-db1" {
  vpc_id = aws_vpc.vpc.id
  routes {
    cidr_block = "10.0.0.0/20"
    destination_prefix_list_id = aws_prefix_list.prefix-list-1.id
  }
}

resource "aws_route_table" "main-private-db2" {
  vpc_id = aws_vpc.vpc.id
  routes {
    cidr_block = "10.0.0.0/20"
    destination_prefix_list_id = aws_prefix_list.prefix-list-1.id
  }
}

resource "aws_internet_gateway" "internet-gateway-1" {
  vpc_id = aws_vpc.vpc.id
}

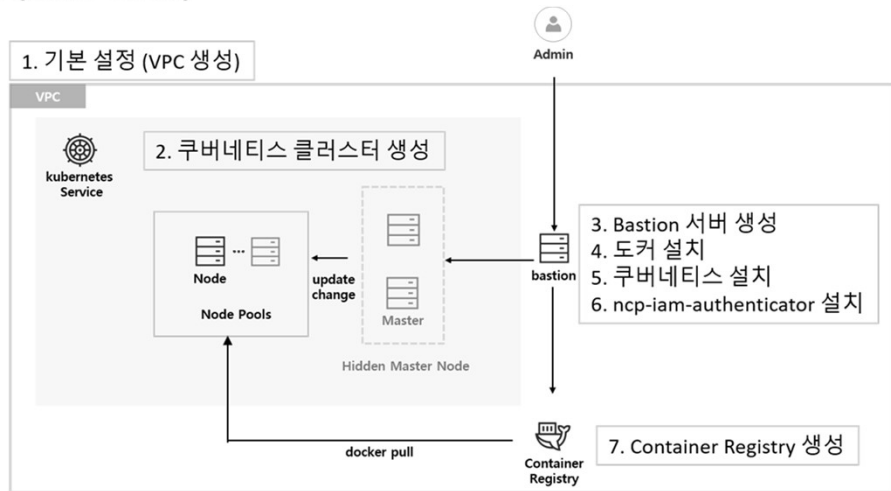
resource "aws_prefix_list" "prefix-list-1" {
  vpc_id = aws_vpc.vpc.id
  cidr_blocks = ["10.0.0.0/20"]
}

```

Source: <https://brunch.co.kr/@topasvga/2797>

MANAGED K8S

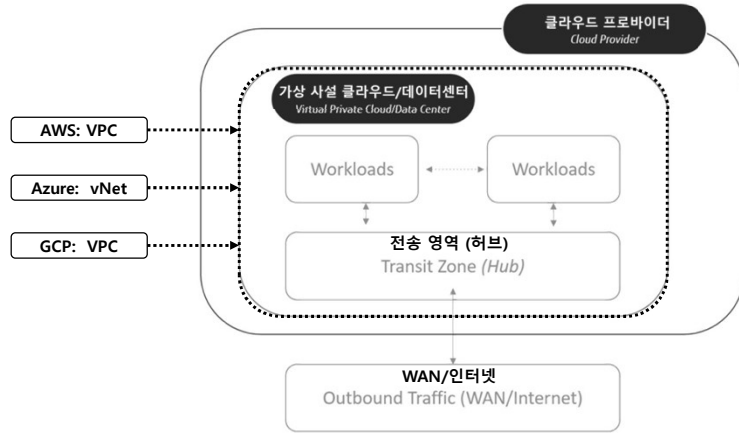
❖ Managed K8s Service (Naver Cloud)



Source: https://hong-jelly.tistory.com/9?fbclid=IwAR3_4a5k1WJ3-UiCiXp68ht6fVH_nSQv9xMvnY7y7VLYUU9xsvZlpBaKJ8

하이레벨 멀티클라우드 가상데이터센터

❖ High-level diagram of a virtual private cloud/data center



Source: Mulder, Jeroen. Multi-Cloud Architecture and Governance: Leverage Azure, AWS, GCP, and VMware vSphere to build effective multi-cloud solutions (p. 74). Packt Publishing. Kindle Edition.



CSP 네트워크 용어

❖ CSP 네트워크 용어 (terminology alignment)

	aws	Azure	Google Cloud
Compute:	EC2 Instance	Virtual Machine (VM)	Compute Engine VMs
Object Storage:	S3	Blob Storage	Cloud Storage
Logical Data Centre:	VPC VPC	vNet VNet	VPC VPC
Private Connectivity (L2):	Direct Connect Direct Connect	ExpressRoute ExpressRoute	Interconnect Interconnect
Gateways:	TGW, VGW, DGW	VNet Gateway	Cloud Router

- Virtual Private Gateway (VGW)
- Direct Connect Gateway (DGW)
- Transit Gateway (TGW)

Source: <https://www.megaport.com/blog/comparing-cloud-providers-private-connectivity/>



CSP의 주요 네트워크 서비스

❖ CSP의 주요 네트워크 서비스 (예): Key network services for AWS, Azure, and GCP

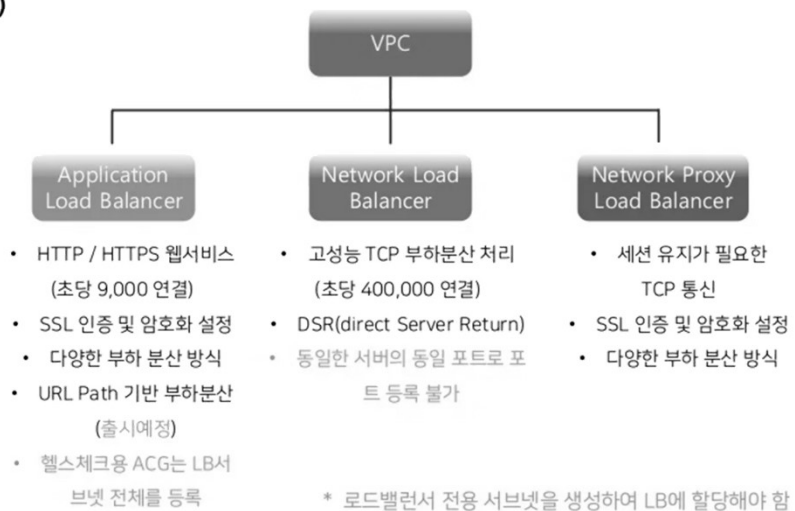
Cloud Platform	Amazon Web Services (AWS)	Microsoft Azure	Google Cloud Platform (GCP)
Virtual Network	Amazon Virtual Private Cloud (VPC)	Virtual Networks (VNETs)	Virtual Private Cloud
Data Center integration	Direct Connect	ExpressRoute	Google Cloud Interconnect
Load Balancer	Elastic Load Balancer	Load Balancer	Google Cloud Load Balancing
DNS	Amazon Route 53	Azure DNS	Google Cloud DNS
Firewall	AWS Firewall / Web Application Firewall	Azure Firewall	Google Cloud firewalls

Source: Infrastructure Architecture Essentials for Data Center and Cloud, Shankar Kambhampaty

로드밸런서

❖ 네이버클라우드플랫폼 (2020)

• 로드밸런서



Source: https://www.slideshare.net/n_cloudplatform/ss-239153998

CSP 의 네트워킹 서비스

❖ Networking services compared: AWS vs Azure vs Google Cloud

- 가상 사설 데이터센터, BGP, VPN, 전용선, 방화벽

SERVICE NAME	aws	Azure	Google Cloud
	Virtual Private Cloud (VPC)	VNet	Virtual Private Cloud (VPC)
	Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)
	AWS Transit Gateway AWS Direct Connect AWS Site-to-Site VPN	VPN Gateway ExpressRoute Gateway Azure Firewall	Shared VPC Cloud VPN Cloud Interconnect

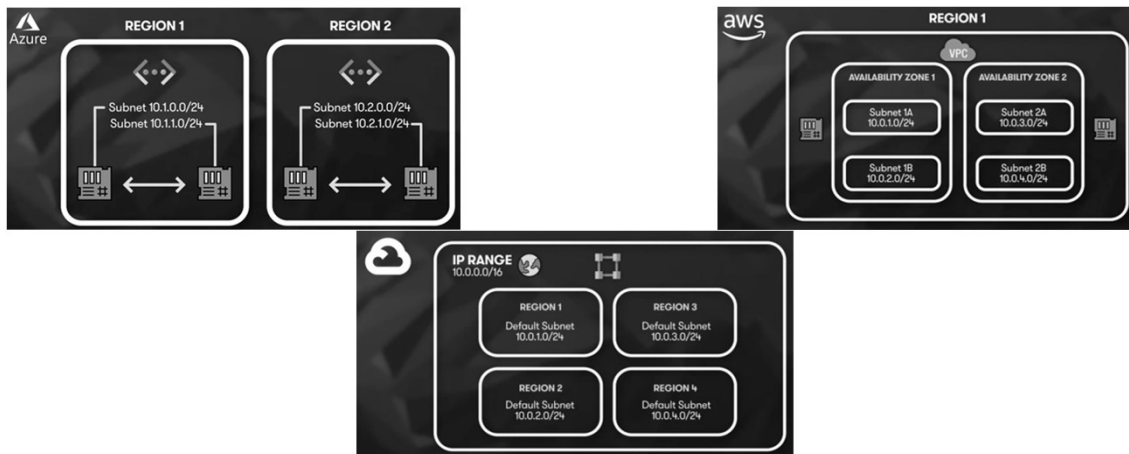
Source: <https://acloudguru.com/blog/engineering/networking-services-compared-aws-vs-azure-vs-google-cloud>



NETWORKING SERVICES

❖ Networking services compared: AWS vs Azure vs Google Cloud

- Networking basics



Source: <https://acloudguru.com/blog/engineering/networking-services-compared-aws-vs-azure-vs-google-cloud>



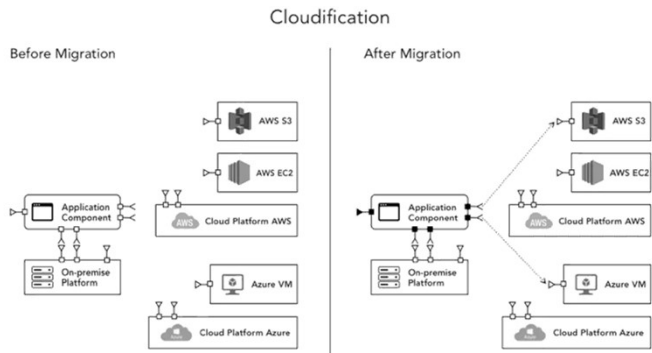
멀티클라우드 아키텍처 설계 (1 OF 7)

- ❖ **Workload Placement:** 지연 시간, 데이터 민감도, 비용과 같은 요소를 기반으로 어떤 워크로드를 어떤 클라우드에서 실행해야 하는지 지연 시간, 데이터 민감도, 비용과 같은 요소를 기반으로 어떤 워크로드를 어떤 클라우드에서 실행해야 하는지 결정지연 시간, 데이터 민감도, 비용과 같은 요소를 기반으로 어떤 워크로드를 어떤 클라우드에서 실행해야 하는지 결정결정
- ❖ **Data Management:** 클라우드 전반에서 데이터 스토리지, 복제 및 백업 전략을 계획, 데이터 주권 및 규제 요건을 고려
- ❖ **Network Design:** 온프레미스 인프라와 여러 클라우드 간의 안정적이고 안전한 연결을 보장하며, 효율적인 데이터 전송을 위한 전략 구현
- ❖ **Security:** 모든 클라우드를 아우르는 암호화, ID 관리, 액세스 제어를 통해 강력한 보안 프레임워크를 설계
- ❖ **Scaling and Performance:** 확장성 및 성능 최적화를 위한 설계. 자동 확장, 로드 밸런싱, 콘텐츠 전송 네트워크를 활용



멀티클라우드 아키텍처 설계 (2 OF 7)

- ❖ Cloudification
- ❖ Multi-Cloud Relocation
- ❖ Multi-Cloud Refactor
- ❖ Multi-Cloud Rebinding
- ❖ Multi-Cloud Rebinding w/Cloud Brokerage
- ❖ Multi-application Modernization

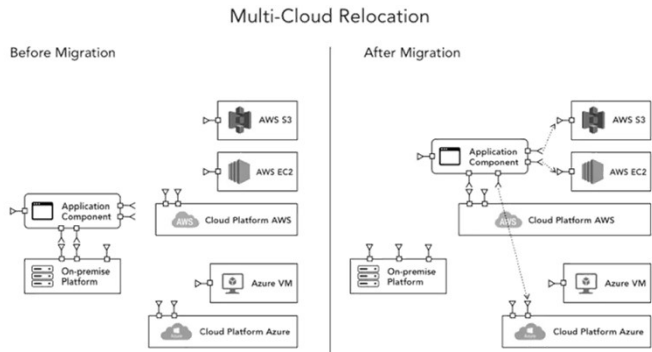


Source: <https://www.simform.com/blog/multi-cloud-architecture/>



멀티클라우드 아키텍처 설계 (3 OF 7)

- ❖ Cloudification
- ❖ Multi-Cloud Relocation
- ❖ Multi-Cloud Refactor
- ❖ Multi-Cloud Rebinding
- ❖ Multi-Cloud Rebinding w/Cloud Brokerage
- ❖ Multi-application Modernization

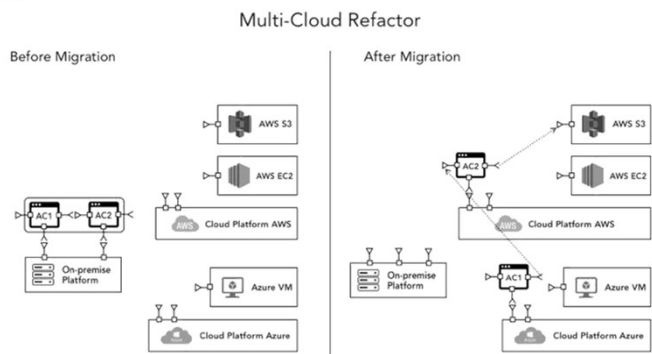


Source: <https://www.simform.com/blog/multi-cloud-architecture/>



멀티클라우드 아키텍처 설계 (4 OF 7)

- ❖ Cloudification
- ❖ Multi-Cloud Relocation
- ❖ Multi-Cloud Refactor
- ❖ Multi-Cloud Rebinding
- ❖ Multi-Cloud Rebinding w/Cloud Brokerage
- ❖ Multi-application Modernization

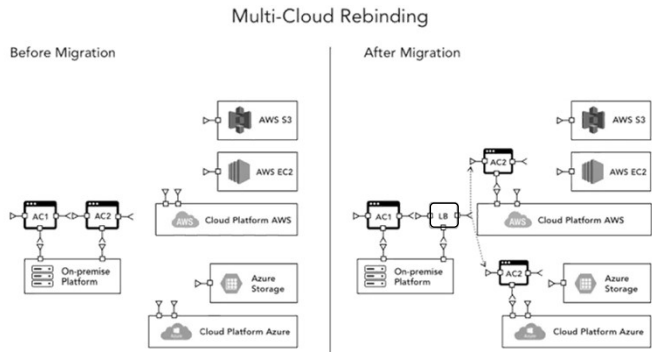


Source: <https://www.simform.com/blog/multi-cloud-architecture/>



멀티클라우드 아키텍처 설계 (5 OF 7)

- ❖ Cloudification
- ❖ Multi-Cloud Relocation
- ❖ Multi-Cloud Refactor
- ❖ Multi-Cloud Rebinding
- ❖ Multi-Cloud Rebinding w/Cloud Brokerage
- ❖ Multi-application Modernization

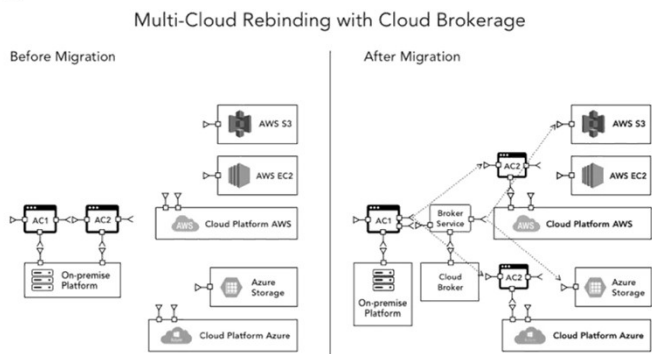


Source: <https://www.simform.com/blog/multi-cloud-architecture/>



멀티클라우드 아키텍처 설계 (6 OF 7)

- ❖ Cloudification
- ❖ Multi-Cloud Relocation
- ❖ Multi-Cloud Refactor
- ❖ Multi-Cloud Rebinding
- ❖ Multi-Cloud Rebinding w/Cloud Brokerage
- ❖ Multi-application Modernization

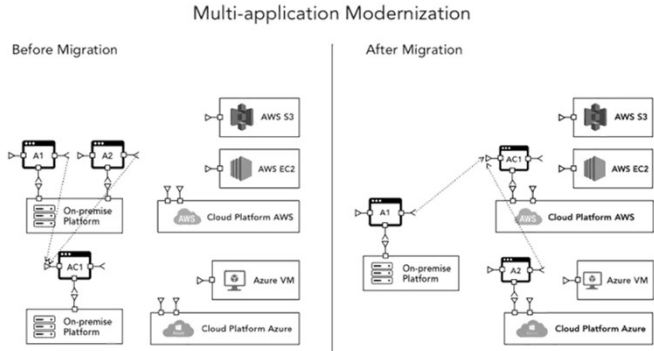


Source: <https://www.simform.com/blog/multi-cloud-architecture/>



멀티클라우드 아키텍처 설계 (7 OF 7)

- ❖ Cloudification
- ❖ Multi-Cloud Relocation
- ❖ Multi-Cloud Refactor
- ❖ Multi-Cloud Rebinding
- ❖ Multi-Cloud Rebinding w/Cloud Brokerage
- ❖ Multi-application Modernization



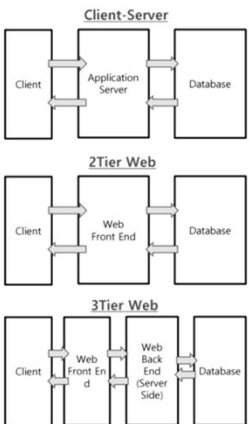
Source: <https://www.simform.com/blog/multi-cloud-architecture/>



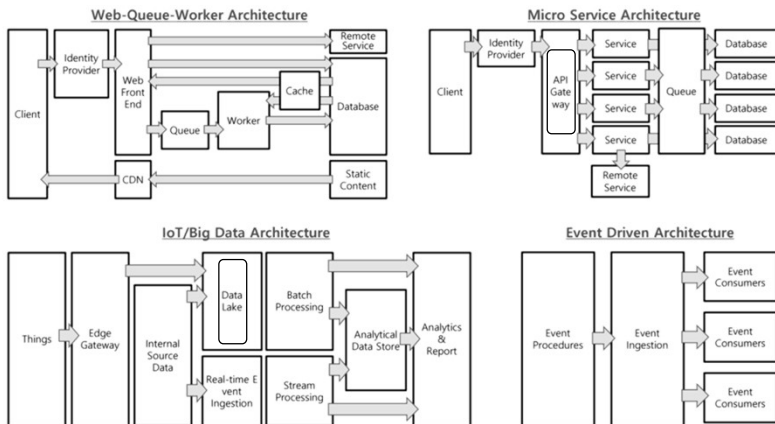
아키텍처 변화

❖ VMware, 굿모닝아이텍(주) (예)

전통적 애플리케이션 아키텍처



Digital 혁신, Cloud 向 애플리케이션 아키텍처

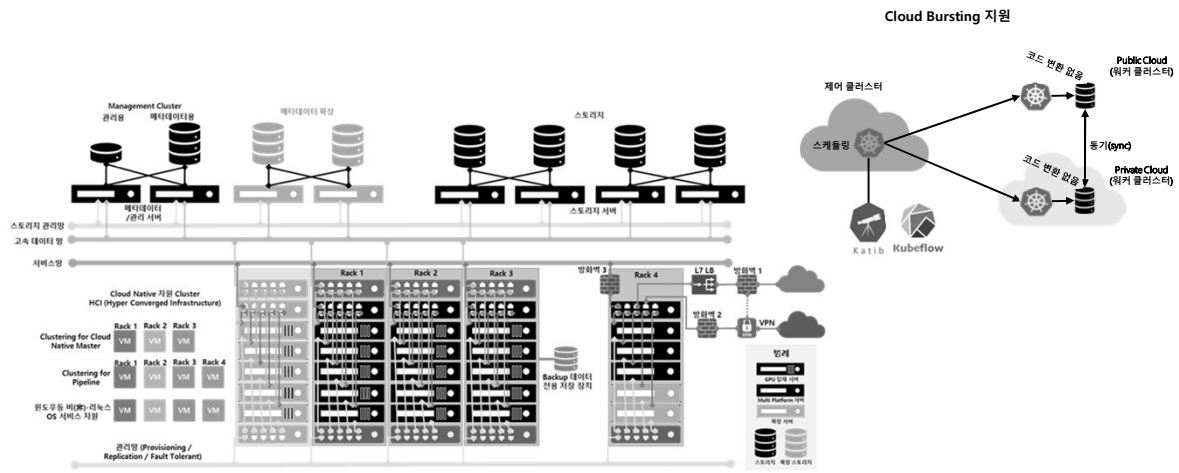


Source: VMware, 굿모닝아이텍(주)



CLOUD BURSTING

❖ Cloud Bursting



LUSTRE의 확장성과 성능

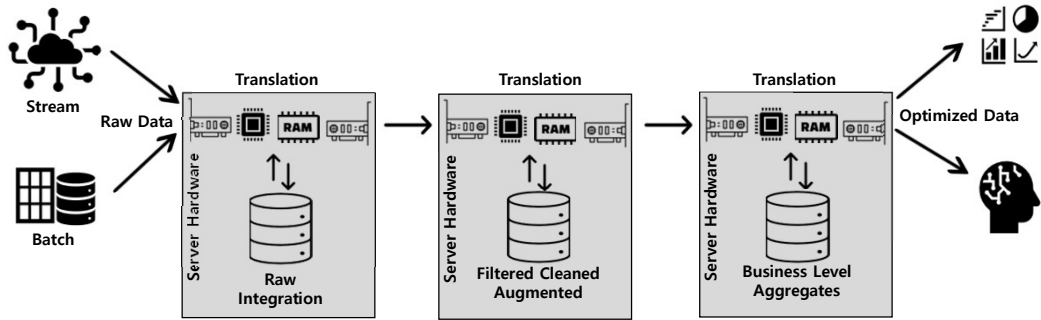
❖ Lustre scalability and performance numbers

Feature	Current Practical Range	Known Production Usage
Client Scalability	100 - 100,000	50,000+ clients, many in the 10,000 to 20,000 range
Client Performance	<i>Single client:</i> 90% of network bandwidth <i>Aggregate:</i> 10 TB/s	<i>Single client:</i> 4.5 GB/s (FDR IB, OPA1), 1000 metadata ops/sec <i>Aggregate:</i> 2.5 TB/s
OSS Scalability	<i>Single OSS:</i> 1-32 OSTs per OSS <i>Single OST (ldiskfs):</i> 300M objects, 256TiB per OST <i>Single OST (ZFS):</i> 500M objects, 256TiB per OST <i>OSS count:</i> 1000 OSSs w/ up to 4000 OSTs	<i>Single OSS (ldiskfs):</i> 32x8TiB OSTs per OSS, 8x32TiB OSTs per OSS <i>Single OSS (ZFS):</i> 1x72TiB OST per OSS <i>OSS count:</i> 450 OSSs w/ 1000 4TiB OSTs, 192 OSSs w/ 1344 8TiB OSTs, 768 OSSs w/ 768 72TiB OSTs
OSS Performance	<i>Single OSS:</i> 15 GB/s <i>Aggregate:</i> 10 TB/s	<i>Single OSS:</i> 10 GB/s <i>Aggregate:</i> 2.5 TB/s
MDS Scalability	<i>Single MDS:</i> 1-4 MDTs per MDS <i>Single MDT (ldiskfs):</i> 4 billion files, 8 TiB per MDT <i>Single MDT (ZFS):</i> 64 billion files, 64 TiB per MDT <i>MDS count:</i> 256 MDSs w/ up to 265 MDTs	<i>Single MDS:</i> 3 billion files <i>MDS count:</i> 7 MDSs w/ 7x 2 TiB MDTs in production (256 MDSs w/ 256 64 GiB MDTs in testing)
MDS Performance	50,000 create ops/sec, 200,000 metadata stat ops/sec	15,000 create ops/sec, 50,000 metadata stat ops/sec
File system Scalability	<i>Single File (max size):</i> 32 PiB (ldiskfs) or 2 ⁶³ bytes (ZFS) <i>Aggregate:</i> 512 PiB total capacity, 1 trillion files	<i>Single File (max size):</i> multi-TiB <i>Aggregate:</i> 55 PiB capacity, 8 billion files

Source: https://wiki.lustre.org/Understanding_Lustre_Internals

❖ Data Pipeline 과 데이터 인프라 (물리 계층/가상화 계층)

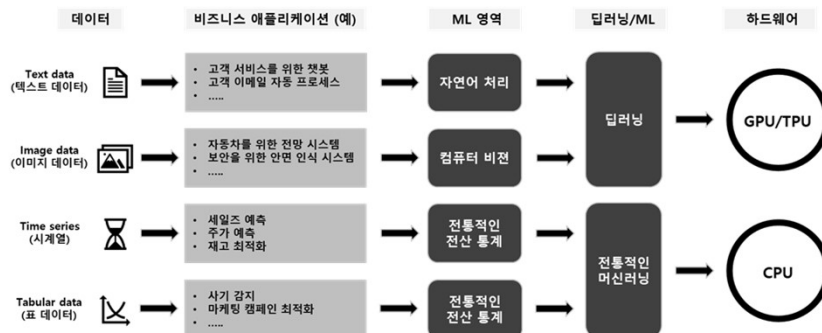
- 오픈소스 Spark의 경우 배치(Batch) 데이터는 물론 스트림(Stream) 데이터 프로세싱이 가능하다.
- 데이터 전처리를 위한 파이프라인 속도는 네트워크와 스토리지의 성능이 영향을 준다



네트워크 가속 기술: 물리적 네트워크 하드웨어 속도와 함께 가상화 네트워크를 위한 오픈소스 기반의 SDN, DPDK, DVR, eBPF 기술 등이 사용 될 수 있다.
 Source: 스토리지 가속 기술: 오프로드 기술이나 NVMe등의 물리적인 장치와 함께 소프트웨어 적인 분산처리 등이 사용 될 수 있다.

❖ From Data to Machine

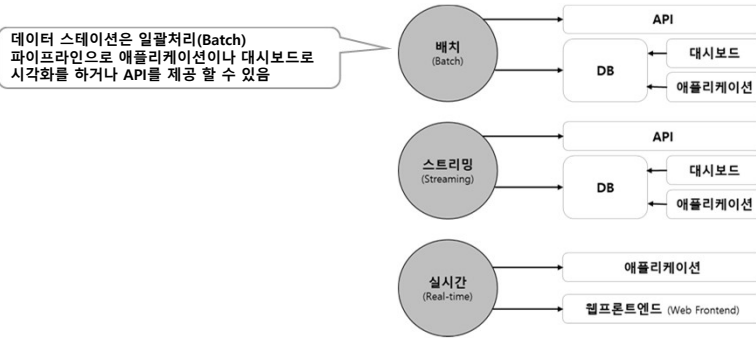
- 소재 데이터는 장기적으로 이미지 데이터 처리와 AI/ML 등의 분석이 증가하여 GPU나 TPU 기반의 처리가 증가하는 것에 대응 할 수 있다.



Source: Data를 저장하는 스토리지의 GPU Direct 기술을 사용하면 Data를 CPU를 오프로드하여 GPU로 직접 전달 할 수 있다.

❖ 데이터 분석 및 시각화

- 데이터 분석은 데이터를 수집하고 정리하여 의미 있는 정보를 추출하는 과정
- 데이터 분석을 통해 데이터의 특징이나 패턴을 파악하고, 이를 바탕으로 의사결정

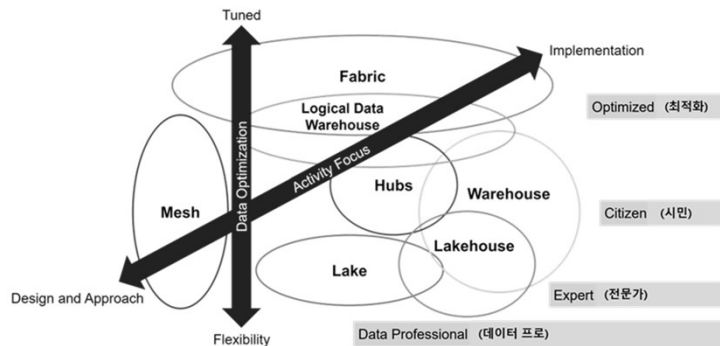


파이썬에서는 matplotlib, Seaborn, Plotly, Bokeh 등 다양한 라이브러리를 활용하여 데이터 시각화를 할 수 있다.
Source: Tuulos, Ville. Effective Data Science Infrastructure: How to make data scientists productive

❖ Data & Analytics Governance Platforms (Gartner 2022)

- 데이터 패브릭 기술은 최적화를 위해 튜닝/구현(Tuned/Implementation) 강화
- 비교 데이터/분석 기술

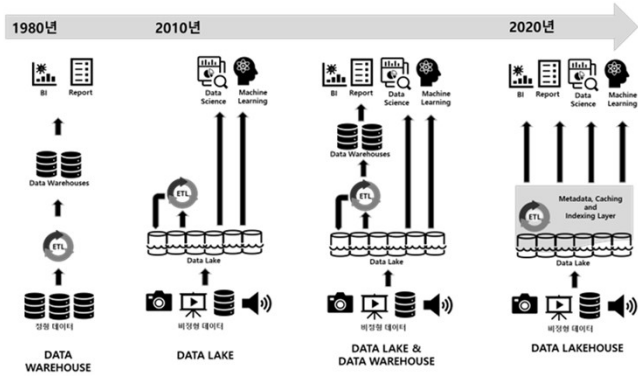
- Lake
- Lakehouse
- Hubs
- Warehouse
- Logical Warehouse
- Mesh
- Fabric



데이터 메시(Data Mesh): 분산된 아키텍처 프레임워크를 사용하는 데이터 관리에 대한 접근 방식
Source: Data & Analytics Governance Platforms (Gartner 2022)

- ❖ Data architecture (데이터 아키텍처) or Data Storage Frameworks
- ❖ 데이터 패브릭 기술은 아래 기술들을 사용

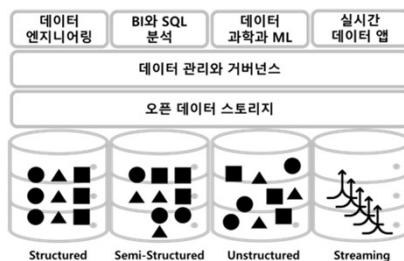
- Data Warehouse
- Data Lake
- Data Lakehouse



ETL: 추출(Extract), 변환(Transform), 로드(Load)
 데이터 레이크하우스(lakehouse): 데이터 웨어하우스의 데이터 구조 및 관리 기능과 데이터 레이크에 사용되는 저비용 스토리지를 결합하는 접근 방식

❖ 레이크 하우스(Lake House)

- 모든 데이터 유형을 지원하며, 원시 데이터를 보관하는 등록 서비스
- 원시데이터의 메타정보와 태그 관리로 원하는 데이터의 빠른 검색 서비스
- 데이터 제공에 적합한 알고리즘과 프레임워크 기반 분석
- 데이터 자동화 처리의 병목 구간 없이 데이터 통합을 지원하는 무한 확장



비즈니스 인텔리전스(BI): 데이터를 분석하고 실행 가능한 정보를 제시하여 경영진, 관리자 및 기타 사용자가 정보에 입각한 비즈니스 의사 결정을 내릴 수 있도록 지원하는 기술 중심 프로세스.
 데이터에 대한 쿼리를 개발/실행, 보고서, 대시보드 및 데이터 시각화로 기업의 의사 결정자와 운영자가 분석 결과를 사용할 수 있는 도구, 애플리케이션 및 방법론을 포괄

❖ 소재 데이터 분석을 위한 시스템 구성

- 서비스 기능 영향
- Data Volume 영향

- 영향 영역 표시 -
 서비스 기능 영향
 Data Volume 영향

정형 데이터 분석은 시스템 인프라의
 • 서비스 기능과
 • Data Volume에 영향이 있다.

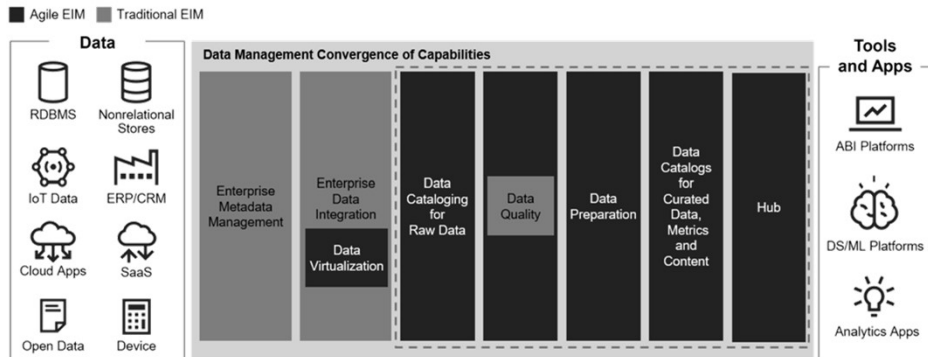
가상화 계층의 가상 머신의 성능 개선을 위한 구성 튜닝 요소
 • vCPU
 • vRAM
 • vNIC
 • vGPU
 • vSAN (or Ceph): VM에서 Ceph 접속 성능 이슈

구분	Use Case (예측 관리)	Use Case (예측 관리)
사용자 인터페이스와 서비스	Security Overlay	Security Overlay
	Workload governance	Workload governance
	Workload management	Workload management
	Workload Provisioning	Workload Provisioning
워크로드	Use cases	Use cases
	머신러닝	머신러닝
	데이터 라이프 사이클	데이터 라이프 사이클
컴퓨팅	CPU	CPU
	GPU	GPU
	Memory	Memory
스토리지	레거시 (HDD 등)	레거시 (HDD 등)
	소프트웨어정의 (HCI)	소프트웨어정의 (HCI)
	NAS	NAS
네트워킹	IP-VPN	IP-VPN
	이더넷/소프트웨어정의(SDN)	이더넷/소프트웨어정의(SDN)
환경	LTE/5G	LTE/5G
	온프레미스	온프레미스
	코로케이션	코로케이션
	하이브리드 클라우드	하이브리드 클라우드
	퍼블릭 클라우드	퍼블릭 클라우드

API: Application Programming Interface, AI/ML/DL: 인공지능(AI), 머신러닝(ML)과 딥러닝(DL)

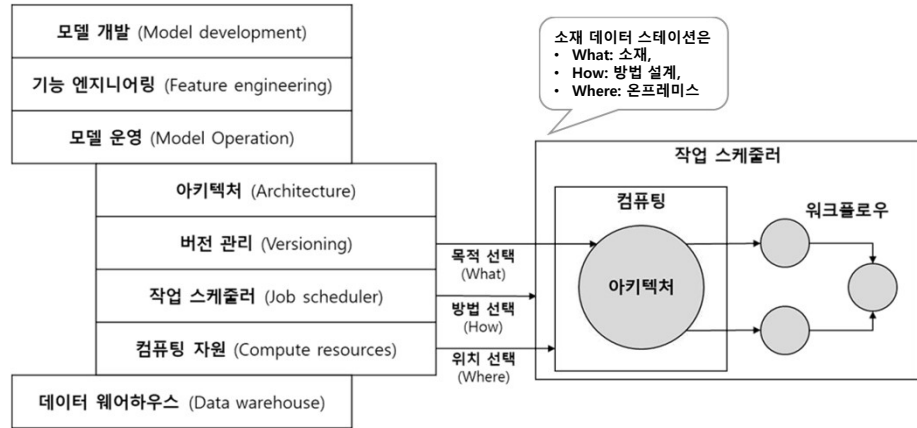
❖ 시장은 데이터 관리의 '기능의 융합(a Convergence of Capabilities)'을 요구 (Gartner 2022)

- Data Catalog
- Data Quality
- Data Preparation
- Hub



데이터 카탈로그(Data Catalog): 기업의 데이터 자산 목록으로 사용자가 필요한 정보를 빠르게 찾을 수 있도록 한다.
 Source: Data & Analytics Governance Platforms (Gartner 2022)

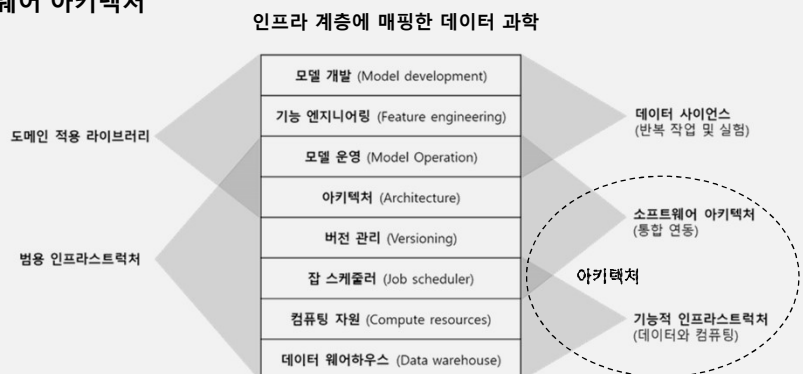
❖ 워크플로우 실행의 세가지 고려 사항: What(데이터), How(방법 설계), Where(온프레미스)



온프레미스 컴퓨팅 자원(Where)과 설계에 사용하는 소프트웨어(How) 등을 고려하여 소재 데이터(What)에 필요한 구성

❖ 인프라 계층에 매핑한 데이터 과학 프로젝트의 구성 요소

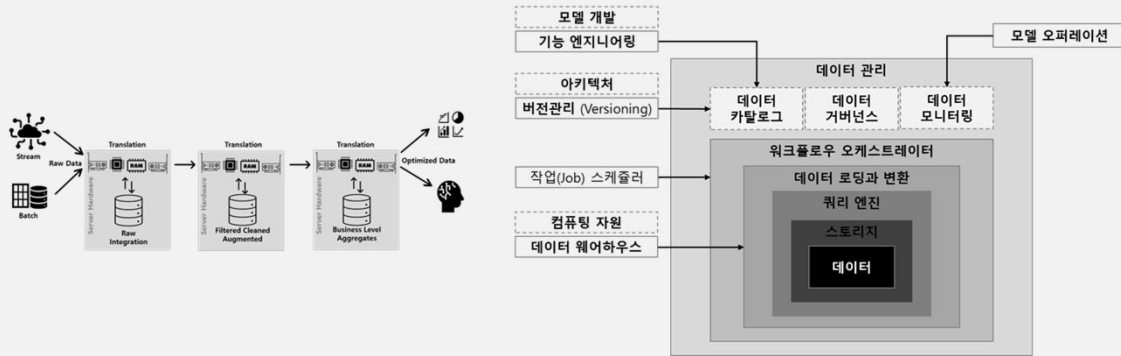
- 반복 작업 및 실험을 하는 '데이터 사이언스'
- 하드웨어를 통합 연동하는 '소프트웨어 아키텍처'
- 데이터와 컴퓨팅의 '기능적 인프라'



범용 인프라스트럭처: 모델 운영, 아키텍처, 버전관리, 잡 스케줄러, 컴퓨팅 자원, 데이터 웨어하우스
 도메인 적용 라이브러리: 모델 개발, 기능 엔지니어링, 모델 운영, 아키텍처

❖ 데이터 과학 스택과 데이터 인프라의 관계

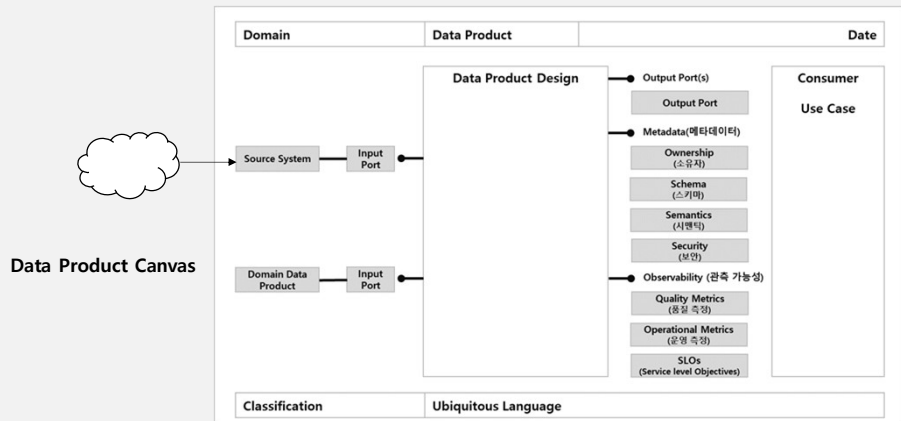
- 데이터 웨어하우스와 컴퓨팅 자원은 데이터 플랫폼 상의 데이터와 스토리지와 관련
- 소프트웨어 아키텍처는 데이터의 전처리를 위한 작업과 버전 관리(Versioning)에 영향



데이터 카탈로그는 모델을 개발하는 기능 엔지니어링과 버전 관리를 위한 아키텍처 등이 연계된다.
워크플로우의 오케스트레이션은 작업들을 스케줄링 한다.

❖ Data Product Canvas에서 고려하는 데이터 플랫폼은 일반적으로 아래의 Canvas 기능을 제공

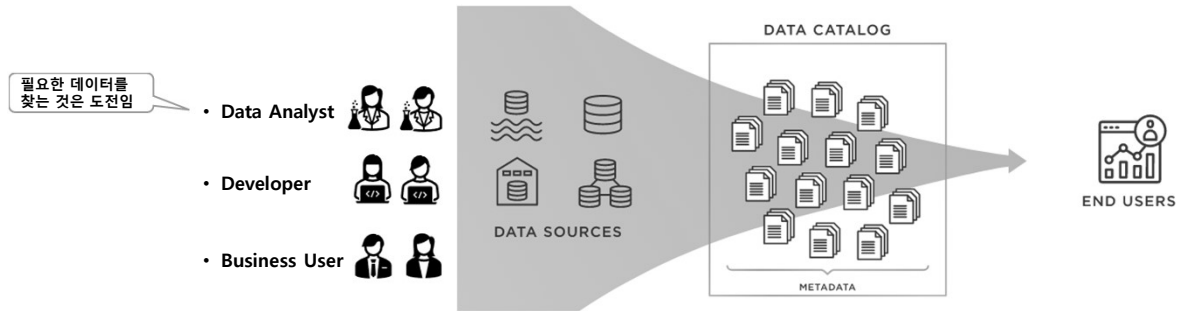
- 검색 바
- 데이터 개요.
- 데이터 시각화
- 머신 러닝 모델
- 데이터 필터
- 데이터 내보내기



Data Product Canvas: 사용자 관점의 데이터 제품 플랫폼 서비스는 편리한 서비스와 데이터의 활용을 위한 체계가 중요하여 사용자 요구를 설계에 반영하기 위한 도구
Source: <https://www.datamesh-architecture.com/data-product-canvas>

❖ 데이터 카탈로그

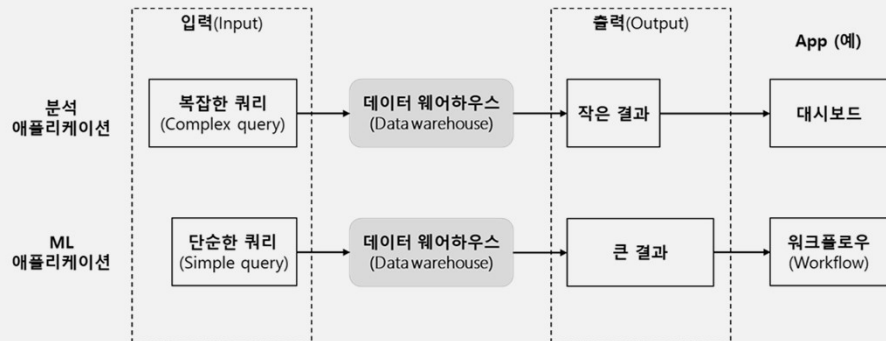
- 사용자가 필요한 정보를 빠르게 찾을 수 있도록 하는 데이터 자산 목록
- 카탈로그는 대부분 다른 데이터에 대한 기본 정보를 제공하고 그것이 무엇인지 설명하는 '메타데이터'
- 사용자는 데이터 관리 및 검색 도구와 결합한 데이터 카탈로그를 가진다



Source: <https://www.tibco.com/ko/reference-center/what-is-a-data-catalog>

❖ 분석과 ML 애플리케이션의 데이터 흐름 비교

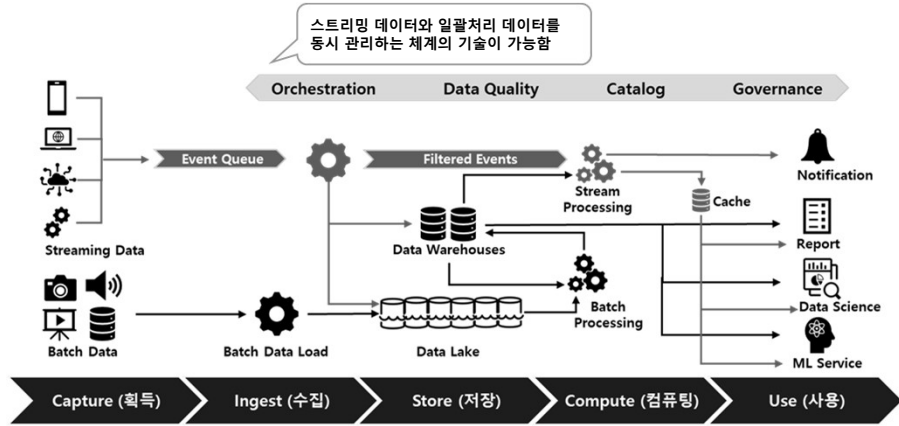
- 분석 애플리케이션은 대시보드로 표시
- ML 애플리케이션은 워크플로우를 사용



Source: 목적에 따라 데이터의 흐름에서 처리하는 방법이 다를 수 있고, 소재 데이터의 일반적인 특성을 대시보드에 표시하여 워크플로우 설계를 위한 서비스를 개선하는데 사용하여 병행

❖ 오픈소스로 구축 가능한 데이터 파이프라인 아키텍처

- Capture (획득)
- Ingest (수집)
- Store (저장)
- Compute (컴퓨팅)
- Use (사용)

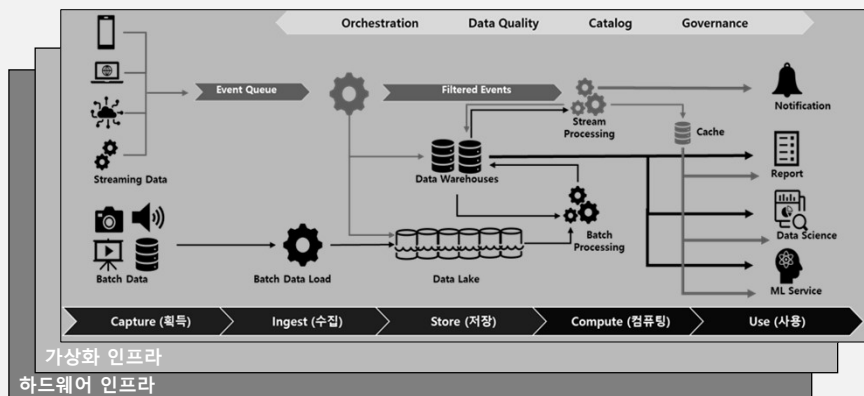


ETL: 추출(Extract), 변환(Transform), 로드(Load)

데이터 레이크하우스(lakehouse): 데이터 웨어하우스의 데이터 구조 및 관리 기능과 데이터 레이크에 사용되는 저비용 스토리지를 결합하는 접근 방식

❖ 인프라 계층화: 계층별 독립적 설계 구축

- 데이터 플랫폼 계층
- 가상화 인프라 계층
- 하드웨어 인프라 계층

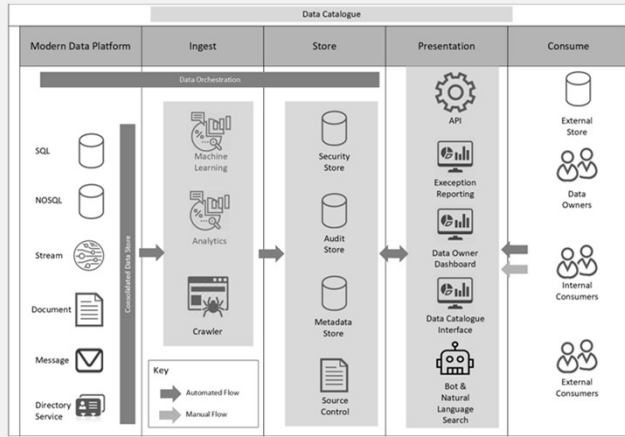


데이터 플랫폼 파이프라인의 최적의 성능을 위해 가상화 인프라와 하드웨어 인프라의 관련 기술을 고려한다.

❖ Architecture for Analytics end-to-end with Azure Synapse

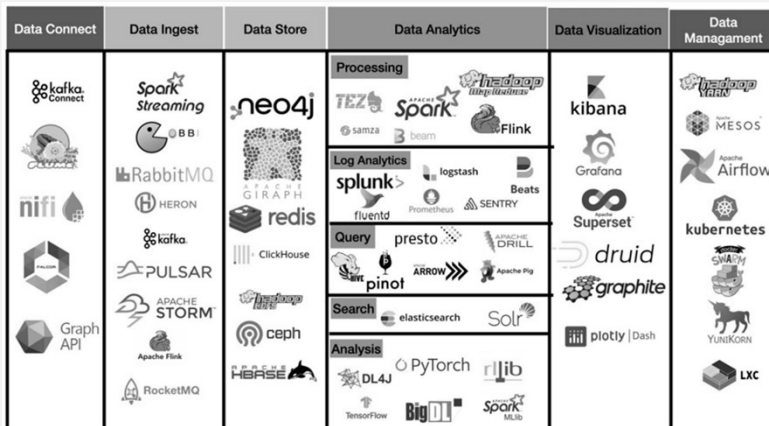
- Data Catalogue Interface
- Bot & Natural Language Search
- Exception Reporting
- Data Owner Dashboard
- RESTful APIs

The metadata store combines with the security store, audit store and source control to deliver all metadata known about any type of data asset. This is surfaced to the user using several different technologies, depending on the audience;



Source: <https://www.risual.com/2019/03/modern-data-platform-data-catalogue/>

❖ 데이터 엔지니어링을 위한 오픈소스 프레임워크



Source: <https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/stamp/stamp.jsp?arnumber=9743922&fbclid=IwAR08OIkAzEeqzXobSwczEKsTII--MLOrvgZfLZIG8JYFaQ5zHgj48Hu4Ns>

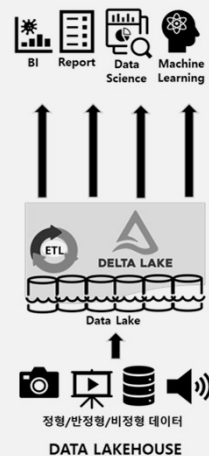
❖ The Modern Data Stack: Open-source Edition

수집	Collection + Integration	rudderstack	JITSU	Airbyte	SNOWFLOW	nifi
웨어하우징	Warehousing	trino (Formerly PrestoSQL)	spark	pinot	druid	ClickHouse
변환	Transformation	dbt	Airflow	PREFECT	beam	Flink, DAGSTER
데이터 카탈로그	Data Cataloging	Amundsen	datahub			
분석	Analysis	Metabase	Lightdash	Superset	juptyer	PostHog
품질 보증	Quality Assurance	redash	Plausible	Querybook		
		great_expectations				

출처: <https://www.datafold.com/blog/the-modern-data-stack-open-source-edition>

❖ Data Lakehouse 플랫폼을 위한 오픈소스 'DELTA LAKE'

- 데이터 레이크 위에 Lakehouse 아키텍처를 구축할 수 있는 오픈 소스 프로젝트
- Delta Lake는 ACID 트랜잭션, 확장 가능한 메타데이터 처리를 제공하고 S3, A인(Azure Data Lake Storage), GCS 및 HDFS와 같은 기존 데이터 레이크 위에 스트리밍 및 일괄 데이터 처리를 통합
- 기존 데이터 레이크에 데이터 안정성을 제공하는 오픈 소스 스토리지 계층
 - 원자성, 일관성, 격리, 내구성(ACID: Atomicity, consistency, isolation, durability) 트랜잭션 ACID 트랜잭션은 여러 데이터 파이프라인이 동일한 테이블에서 데이터를 안정적으로 동시에 읽고 쓸 수 있게 함
 - 확장 가능한 메타데이터 처리
 - 통합 스트리밍 및 일괄 데이터 처리



데이터 파이프라인에 대한 레이크하우스 접근 방식은 신뢰할 수 있는 실시간 분석을 가능하게 하는 스트리밍 데이터를 포함하여 향상된 생산성, 시스템 안정성 및 데이터 신뢰성을 위한 사례 제공

❖ 데이터 가상화란?

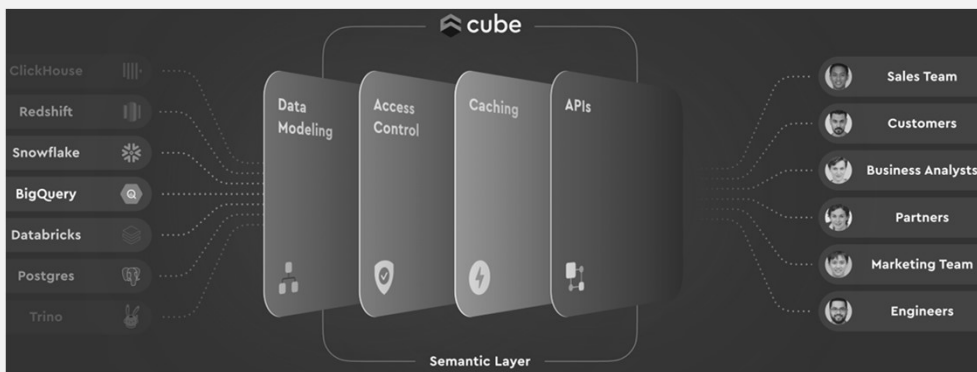
- 데이터 가상화는 응용 프로그램이 마치 단일 위치에 모두 저장된 것처럼 서로 다른 여러 데이터 소스의 데이터에 액세스하고 결합할 수 있도록 하는 기술입니다. 데이터가 다른 위치, 형식 또는 구조로 저장될 수 있더라도 한 위치에 있는 것처럼 보이도록 기본 물리적 스토리지 및 스키마를 추상화하여 여러 소스에서 데이터의 가상 뷰를 생성합니다.
- 데이터 가상화를 통해 조직은 데이터를 이동하거나 복제하지 않고도 데이터베이스, 파일 시스템 및 클라우드 서비스를 비롯한 다양한 소스의 데이터에 액세스하고 사용할 수 있습니다. 이는 물리적 데이터 소스 위에 위치하며 응용 프로그램이 데이터의 물리적 위치나 형식을 몰라도 데이터에 액세스할 수 있도록 하는 가상 데이터 계층을 사용하여 수행할 수 있습니다. 이를 통해 조직은 다음을 수행할 수 있습니다.:
 - 다양한 소스에서 통합된 데이터 보기를 제공하여 데이터 액세스 및 관리를 개선합니다.
 - 데이터 이동 또는 복제 필요성을 제거하여 데이터 통합 및 데이터 품질 향상
 - 여러 데이터 복사본을 만들고 유지 관리할 필요가 없으므로 비용 절감 및 확장성 향상
 - 데이터 액세스 제어 및 관리를 중앙 집중화하여 보안 향상

데이터 가상화는 데이터 웨어하우징, 비즈니스 인텔리전스, 빅 데이터 분석 및 데이터 통합 프로젝트에서 조직이 데이터를 더 잘 활용하고 더 빠르고 쉽게 통찰력을 얻을 수 있도록 하는 데 자주 사용됩니다.



❖ 데이터 가상화를 위한 Cube 구성 (예): 가상화를 위한 Semantic Layer 제안

- 응답 시간이 빠르고 운영 애플리케이션을 많이 실행하지 않는 경우에 도움



Dremio 경우 오픈소스 Apache Arrow 기술을 사용하여 많은 인메모리를 캐시하고 최적화할 뿐만 아니라 빠른 응답 시간을 단축
Source: <https://cube.dev/use-cases/semantic-layer>

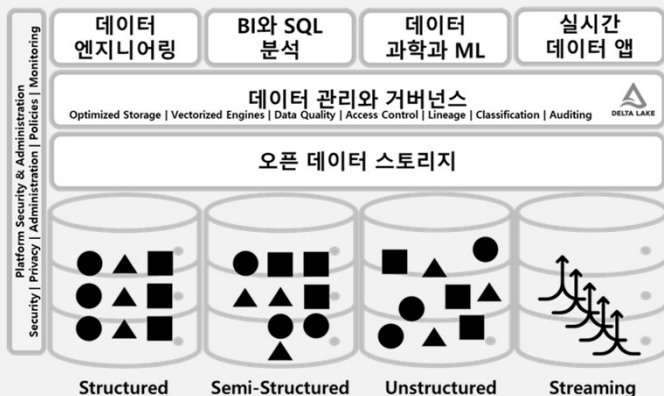


❖ Databricks: Open-Source Data Lakehouse for AI+Data



Source: <https://www.toptehtopic.com/2022/01/databricks-open-source-data-lakehouse.html>

❖ DELTA LAKE를 사용하는 Databricks 사의 Lakehouse Platform (예)



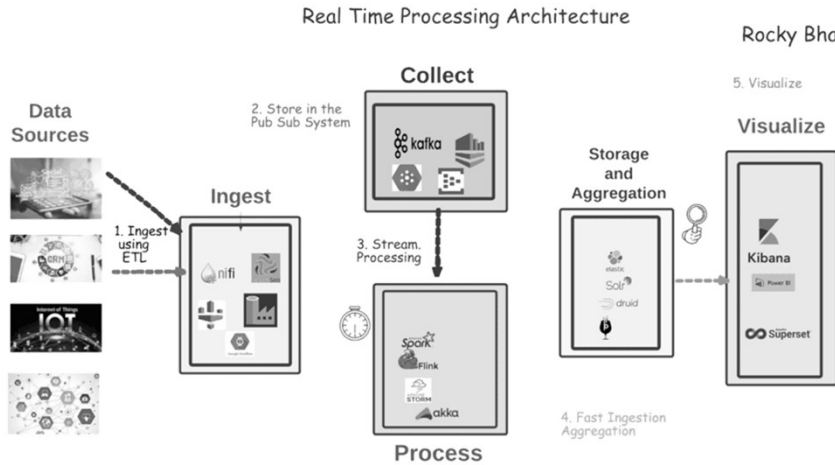
- 결합된 단일 클라우드 데이터 플랫폼 지원
- 데이터 웨어하우징과 기계 학습(ML) 통합
- 데이터 팀 효율성 증가
- 비용 절감
- 데이터 거버넌스 단순화
- 데이터 버전 관리 지원
- ETL 작업 단순화
- 데이터 중복 제거
- 직접 데이터 액세스 가능
- BI 도구에 직접 연결
- 보안 처리

Databricks는 오픈소스 DELTA LAKE 기반으로 사업화
Source: <https://www.databricks.com/wp-content/uploads/2021/11/The-Data-Lakehouse-Platform-For-Dummies-1.pdf>

REAL TIME DATA PROCESSING

❖ Real Time Data Processing

ETL은 다양한 소스에서 데이터를 추출, 변환하고 이를 데이터 웨어하우스 또는 기타 통합 데이터 저장소에 로드하는 프로세스



Rocky Bhatia

5. Visualize

Source: <https://www.linkedin.com/pulse/real-time-processing-architecture-rocky-bhatia>

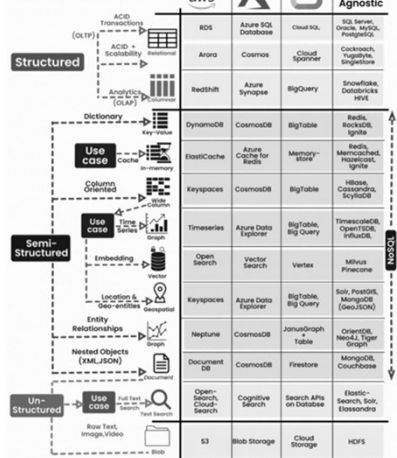
JS Lab

DATABASE LANDSCAPE

❖ Navigating the Database Landscape

- Understand Your Data Requirements
- Identify Your Use Cases
- Scalability Requirements
- Data Consistency
- Query Complexity
- Data Model
- Compatibility with Technology Stack
- Future Growth

How to Choose Database

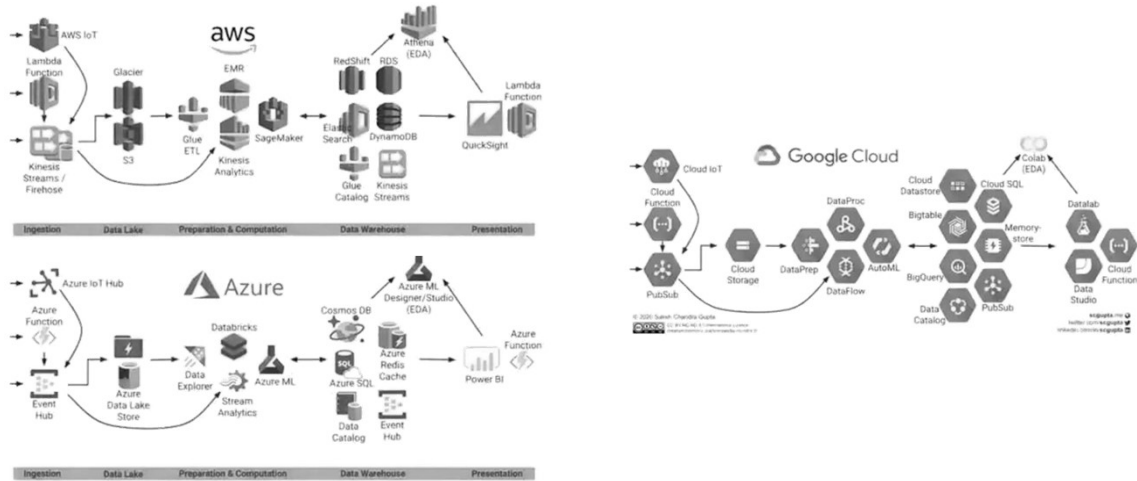


Source: https://www.linkedin.com/posts/rocky-bhatia-4801010_navigating-the-database-landscape-choosing-activity-7114428781020246016-bvfu?utm_source=share&utm_medium=member_android&fbclid=IwAR39ol-0L1F08877M09nrc0wANwwwz8om.cj1NLD8NRCGR5VZHEWES

JS Lab

DATABASE LANDSCAPE

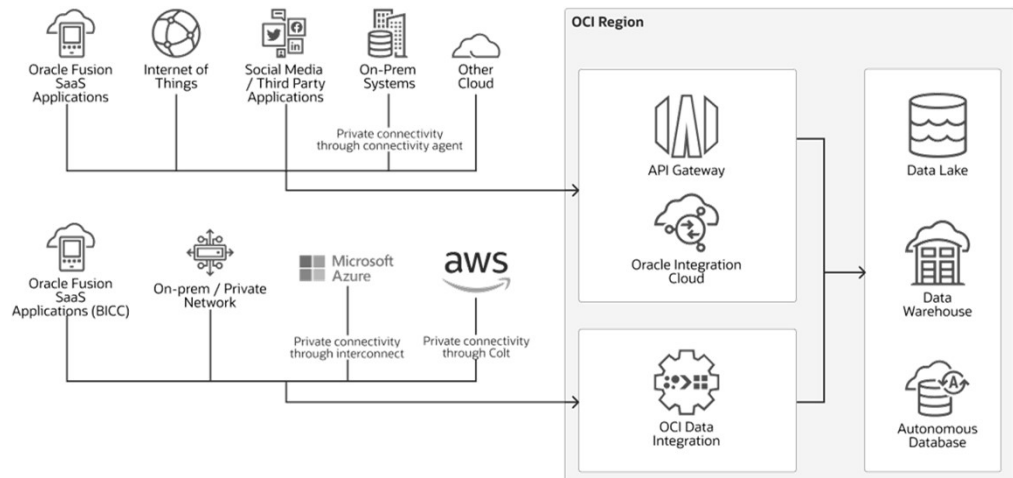
❖ Big Data Pipeline on AWS, MS Azure, and GCP



Source: sfgupta.link/big-data-pipeline

데이터 레이크 통합

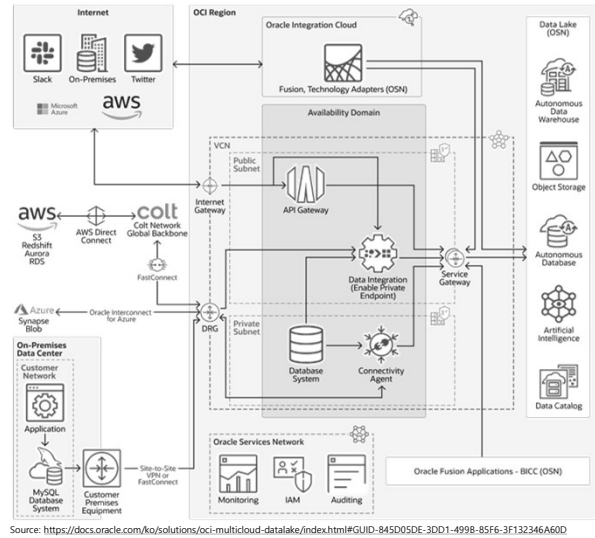
❖ 멀티 클라우드 데이터 레이크 통합 아키텍처의 데이터 플로우 (Oracle)



Source: <https://docs.oracle.com/ko/solutions/oci-multicloud-datalake/index.html#GUID-845D05DE-3DD1-4998-85F6-3F132346A60D>

데이터 레이크 통합 아키텍처

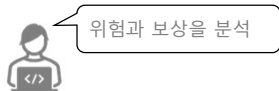
❖ 데이터 레이크 통합 아키텍처 (Oracle)



MULTI-CLOUD 통합 비용 고려

❖ 3 rules to avoid high multi-cloud integration costs

- Rule 1. Don't spread components across clouds
- Rule 2. Don't use data centers or VPNs to funnel traffic between clouds
- Rule 3. Interact with data where it's stored
- Other integration cost issues
 - Provider pricing
 - VPN connectivity
 - Consider application design and tradeoffs



Source: <https://www.techtarget.com/searchcloudcomputing/tip/Rules-to-avoid-high-multi-cloud-integration-costs?fbclid=IwAR3bYUk8PcA3nTHO3i8uxrdfgZjpAh29-gPyfArfins-lidoRK3Xs8pA4pY>



COMPARISON FOR CLOUD BURSTING

❖ Comparison shopping of vision API providers (2021)

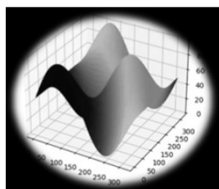
	Algorithmia	Amazon Rekognition	Clarifai	Microsoft Cognitive Services	Google Cloud Vision	IBM Watson Visual Recognition
Image classification	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Image detection	✓	✓		✓	✓	
OCR	✓	✓		✓	✓	
Face recognition	✓	✓		✓		
Emotion	✓		✓	✓	✓	
Logo recognition			✓	✓	✓	
Landmark recognition			✓	✓	✓	
Celebrity	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Multilingual tagging			✓			
Image description				✓		
Handwriting				✓	✓	
Thumbnail generation	✓			✓	✓	
Content moderation	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Custom classification training			✓	✓	✓	✓
Custom detector training				✓	✓	
Mobile custom models			✓	✓	✓	
Free tier	5,000 requests per month	5,000 requests per month	5,000 requests per month	5,000 requests per month	1,000 requests per month	7,500



ATTACK SURFACE의 진화 공식

❖ Attack Surface의 진화 공식

- Complex & Rapidly Evolving
 - Changes in Infrastructure
 - Changes in User Behaviors
 - New Threats and Vulnerabilities
 - Speed of Business



$$as = [(i + u) * t]^s$$

Speed of Business
비즈니스의 속도

Changes in Infrastructure
인프라 변경

Changes in User Behaviors
사용자 행동 변경

New Threats and Vulnerabilities
새로운 위협과 취약점

Source: <https://www.trendmicro.com/>



MULTI-CLOUD SECURITY MARKET

❖ Multi-cloud Security Market (Global Market Insight)



Source: <https://www.gminsights.com/industry-analysis/multi-cloud-security-market>

IAAS NETWORKING SERVICES

❖ IaaS Networking Services across AWS, Azure, GCP

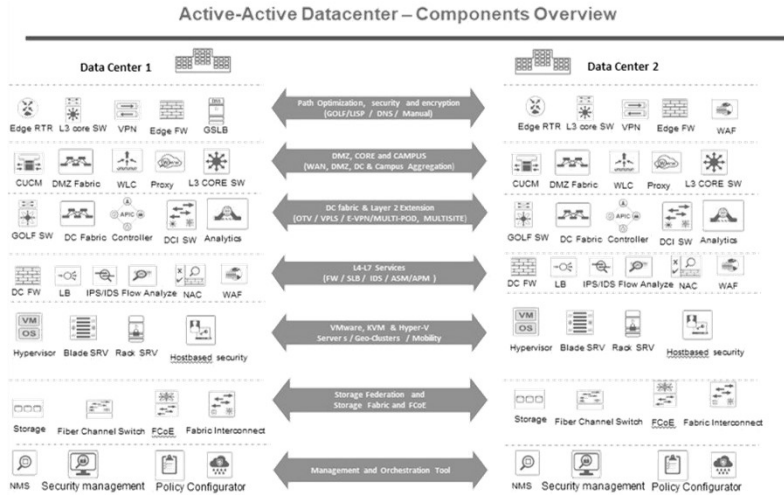
Network Services/Function	AWS	Azure	Google
Network Administration	Account	Subscription	Project
Virtual Network	VPC & Subnets	VNET & Subnet	VPC and Sub-Network
DNS	Route 53	Traffic Manager	Cloud DNS
VPN	VGW	VPN Gateway	VPN Gateway
Peering	AWS Peering or DirectConnect	Azure Peering or ExpressRoute	Google Cloud Interconnect
Load Balancer	ELB	NLB	Cloud Load Balancer
Security	Sec Groups	Network Security Groups	Network ACLs
Storage	S3	Blob Storage	Cloud Storage
Notifications	SNS	Notification hubs	Cloud Messaging
Messaging	SQS	Batch	Pub/Sub
Logging	CloudTrail	Operational Insights	Cloud Logging
Monitoring	CloudWatch	Application Insights	Cloud Monitoring

Source: <https://aviatrix.com/learn-center/answered-multi-cloud/how-to-do-multicloud-networking-abstraction-and-orchestration-across-aws-azure-and-google/>

ACTIVE-ACTIVE 데이터센터 설계

❖ Active-Active Data Center design full stack network components

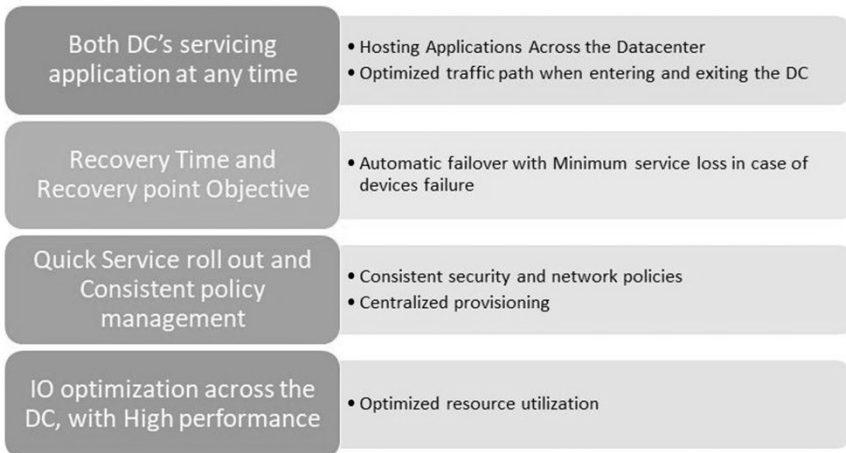
- Building blocks in networks
 - Switch
 - Router
 - Firewall
 - Load balancing
 - Virtual Network Function (VNF)
 - Network Function Virtualization (NFV)
 - 블록간 연결



Source: <https://www.networkbachelor.com/activedc/>

ACTIVE-ACTIVE DATA-CENTER

❖ Active-Active Data Center Technical Requirement



Source: <https://www.networkbachelor.com/activedc/>

MONITORING AND MANAGEMENT

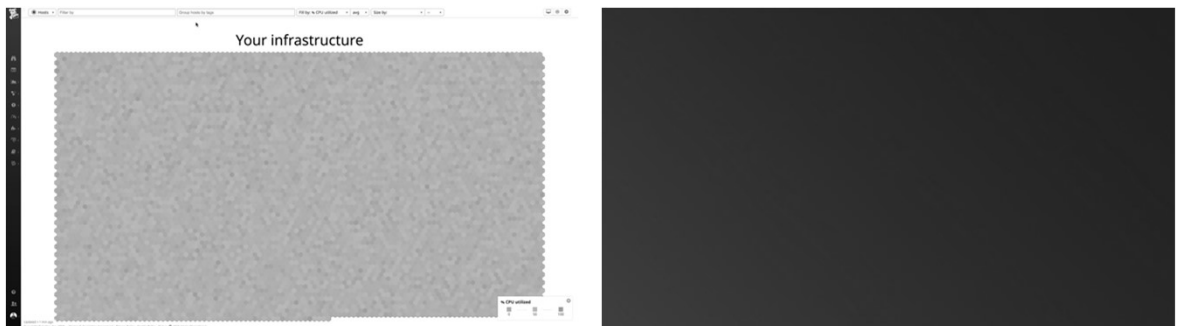
❖ Monitoring and Management:

- **Centralized Monitoring:** Implement monitoring tools to gain insights into performance, availability, and security across all clouds.
- **Management Console:** Use a unified management console or dashboard to simplify the administration of multi-cloud resources.



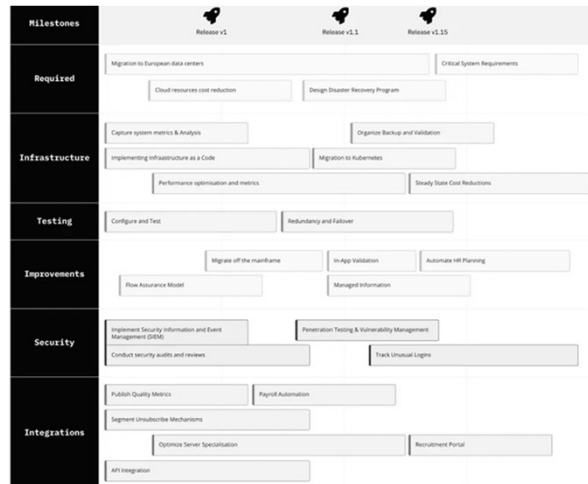
CLOUD MANAGEMENT: DATADOG

❖ Cloud Management: Datadog (Video)



TECHNOLOGY ROADMAP

❖ Example of a Miro board showing a technology roadmap

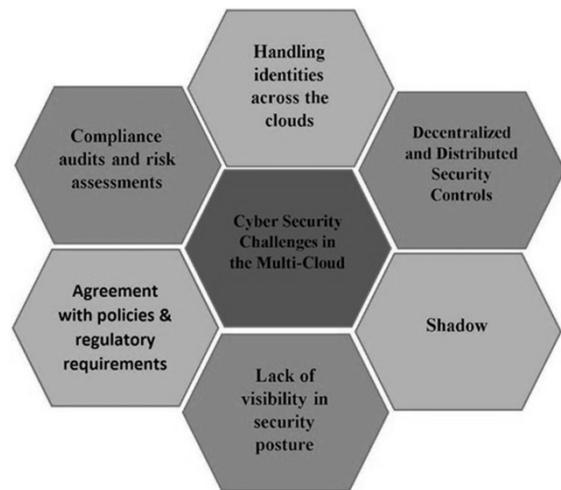


Source: <https://miro.com/templates/technology-roadmap/>

멀티클라우드 사이버보안

❖ 사이버보안 도전 - Cyber security challenges in multi-cloud

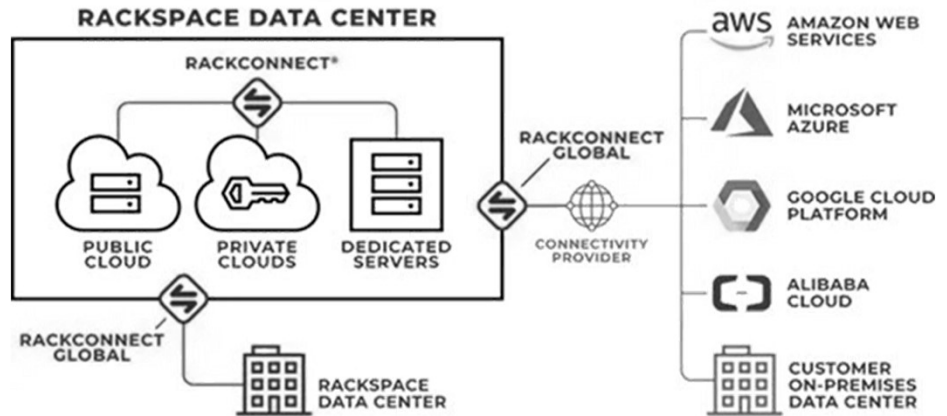
- 준수.. (Compliance..)
- 정책.. (Policy..)
- 가시화.. (Visibility..)
- 음영 (Shadow)
- 탈중앙 제어.. (Decentralized..)
- 클라우드간 ID.. (Identity..)



Source: 'Operationalizing Multi-Cloud Environments', Technologies, Tools and Use Cases, B. S. Rajeshwari, Pethuru Raj, Ramkumar Thirunavukarasu (2022)

MULTI-CLOUD SECURITY 전략(예)

❖ Rackspace Multi-Cloud Security Strategy

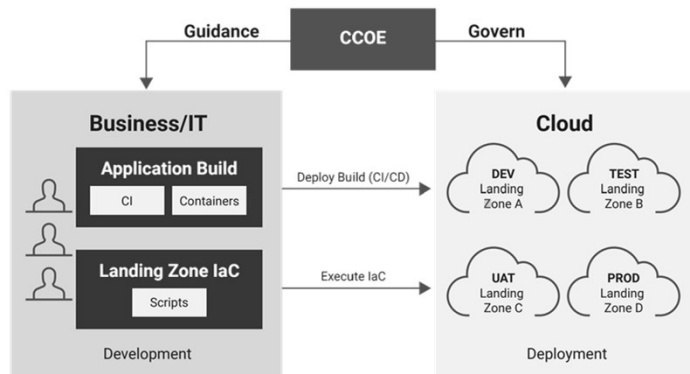


Source: <https://www.sdxcentral.com/cloud/definitions/what-is-multi-cloud/rackspace-cloud-strategy/>

CLOUD DEPLOYMENTS

❖ 클라우드 적용을 위한 애자일 접근 - Agile approach for cloud deployments

- A CCOE (Centralized cloud center of excellence) is a centralized governance function for the organization and acts in a consultative role for central IT, business-unit IT and cloud service consumers in the business. A CCOE is key to driving cloud-enabled IT transformation.

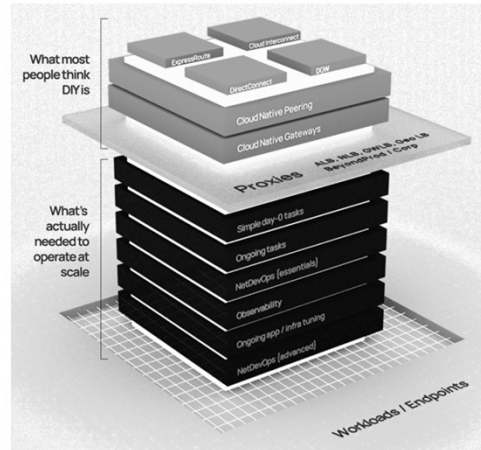


Source: Infrastructure Architecture Essentials for Data Center and Cloud, Shankar Kambhampaty

MCN FOR CLOUD NATIVE

❖ MCN for Cloud Native

- DIY complexities for enterprises to solve cloud networking challenge
- Proxies
 - ALB(Application Load Balancer)
 - NLB(Network Load Balancer)
 - GWLB(Gateway Load Balancer)



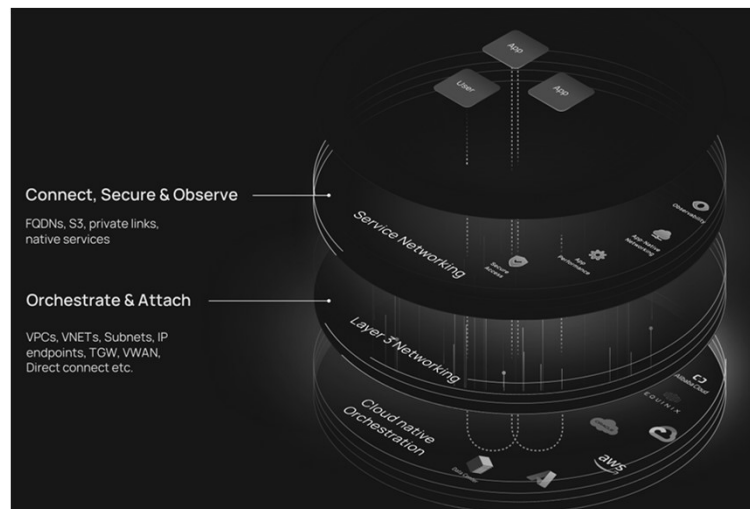
Source: <https://prosimo.io/prosimo-mcn-foundation-why-what-how/>



ONE PLATFORM

❖ One Platform

- Service Networking
- Layer 3 Networking
- Cloud Native Orchestration

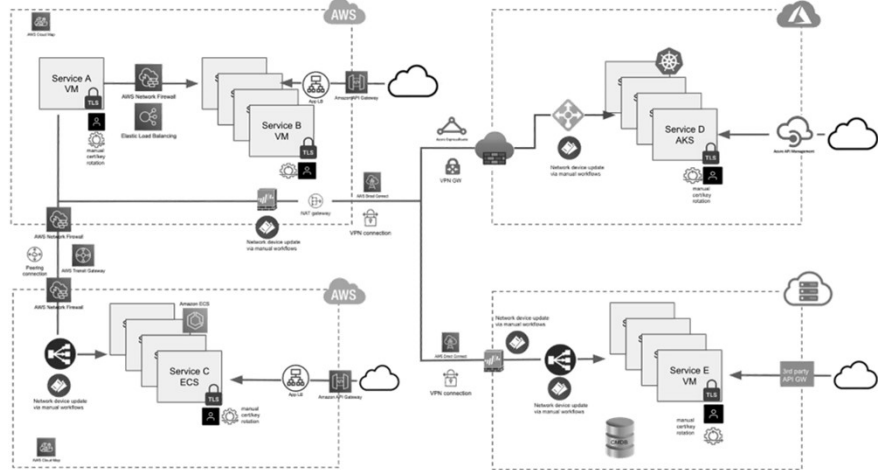


Source: <https://prosimo.io/platform/>



CLOUD-VENDOR-SPECIFIC

❖ A multi-cloud architecture using cloud-vendor-specific networking solutions

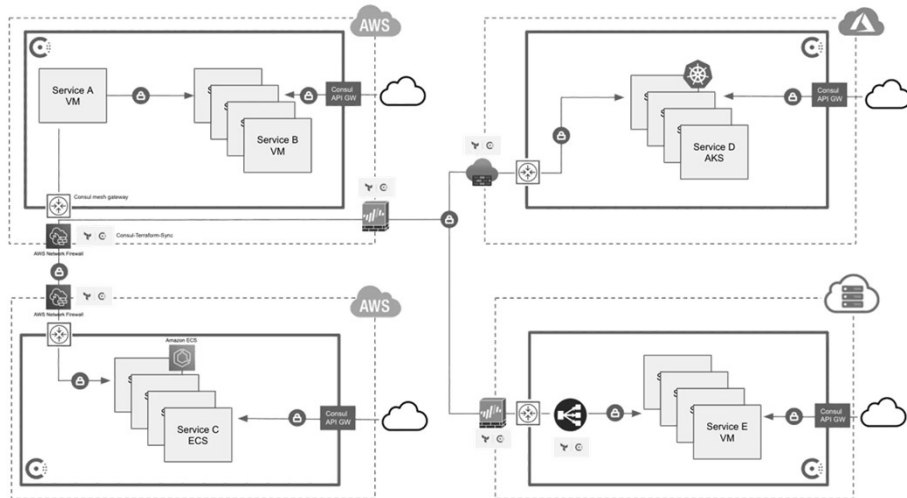


Source: <https://www.hashicorp.com/blog/what-can-a-service-mesh-do>



CLOUD-AGNOSTIC

❖ Using a cloud-agnostic service mesh.

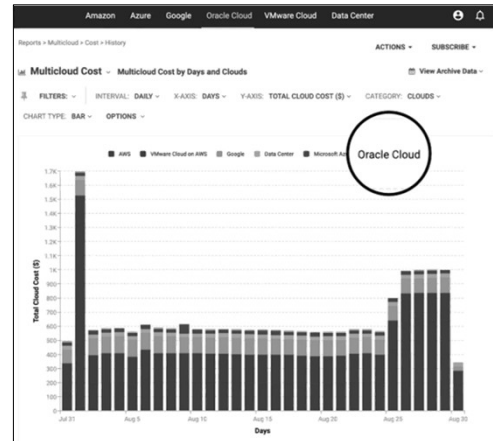


Source: <https://www.hashicorp.com/products/consul/multi-platform-service-mesh>



SINGLE PANE OF GLASS

❖ **CloudHealth(예):** CloudHealth is more robust than AWS Cost Explorer in that it can ingest data from AWS, GCP, Azure, and Oracle Cloud



Source: <https://www.cloudzero.com/blog/single-pane-of-glass>

LOAD BALANCING

❖ **Networking services compared: AWS vs Azure vs Google Cloud**

• Load Balancing

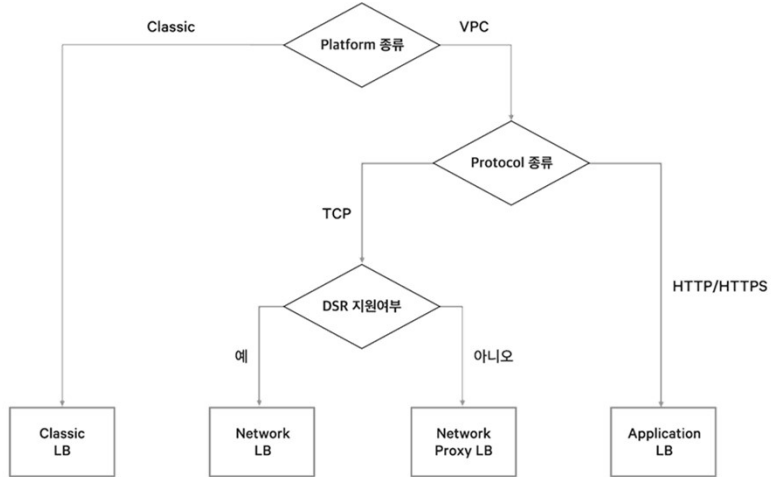
aws		Azure		Google Cloud	
NETWORK LOAD BALANCER	LAYER 4 TCP/SSL	AZURE LOAD BALANCER	LAYER 4 TCP/UDP	INTERNAL	REGIONAL PASS-THROUGH TCP or UDP PROXY HTTP(S)
APPLICATION LOAD BALANCER	APPLICATION LAYER	AZURE APPLICATION GATEWAY	APPLICATION LAYER	EXTERNAL	REGIONAL OR GLOBAL PASS-THROUGH TCP or UDP PROXY TCP, SSL or HTTP(S)
ROUTE 53	DNS	TRAFFIC MANAGER	DNS		
		FRONT DOOR	GLOBAL LOAD BALANCING		

Source: <https://acloudguru.com/blog/engineering/networking-services-compared-aws-vs-azure-vs-google-cloud>

네이버클라우드플랫폼 (로드밸런서)

❖ 네이버클라우드플랫폼 (2023)

- 로드밸런서



Source: <https://www.ncloud.com/product/networking/loadBalancer>



AWS EKS ANYWHERE

❖ eBPF 사용 (예): AWS EKS Anywhere

- Cilium (eBPF)
- MetalLB or LoxiLB (eBPF)



Source: <https://cilium.io/> , <https://www.loxilb.io/>



기업의 거버넌스 모델

❖ Simplified enterprise governance model

- Strategic: Ambition and Goal
- Tactical: Contract, Service Level Agreement
- Operational: Build, Test, Deploy, Operate, Monitor



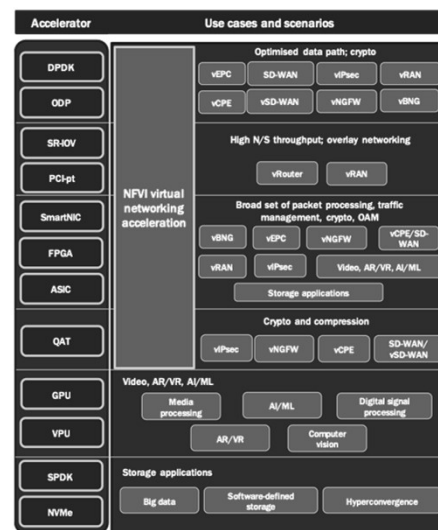
Source: Mulder, Jeroen. Multi-Cloud Strategy for Cloud Architects: Learn how to adopt and manage public clouds by leveraging BaseOps, FinOps, and DevSecOps, Packt Publishing.



ACCELERATION TECHNOLOGIES

❖ Acceleration technologies and use cases

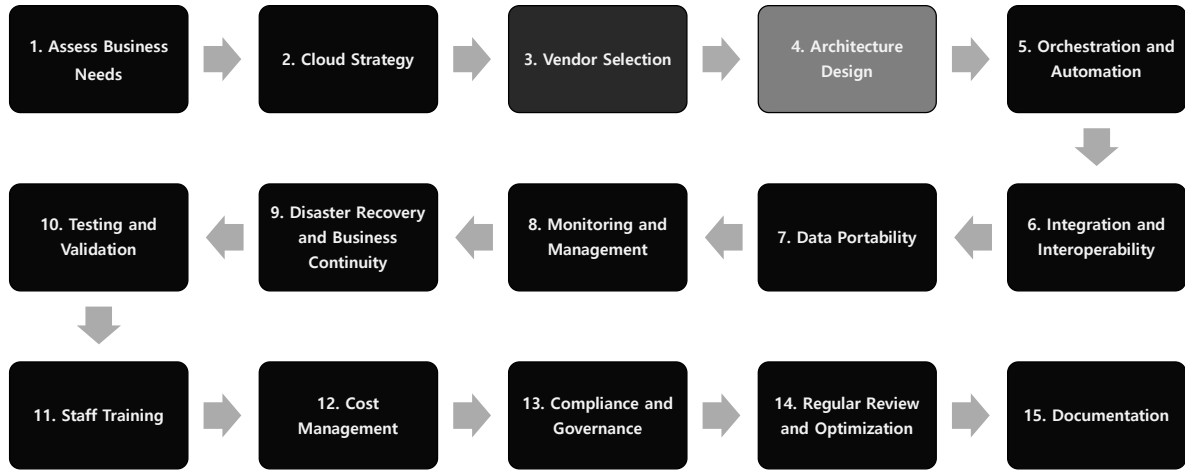
- 가상화를 위한 가속 기술
 - DPDK
 - SR-IOV
 - SmartNIC
 - FPGA
 - ASIC
 - QAT
- GPU
- DPU
- IPU
- NVMe
- 소프트웨어 가속 eBPF → DPU 배포가능



Source: 5GPPP Architecture Working Group, 5G Architecture White Paper



멀티클라우드 데이터센터 설계하기



기업의 멀티클라우드 데이터센터 가이드

❖ Guide on how an enterprise can successfully operate its multi-cloud datacenter

- Centralized Management
- Automation and Orchestration
- Resource Allocation and Optimization
- Cost Management:
- Security and Compliance
- Data Management
- Performance Monitoring
- Disaster Recovery Planning
- Vendor Relationships
- Staff Training
- Incident Response
- Governance and Policies
- Change Management
- Documentation
- Continuous Improvement



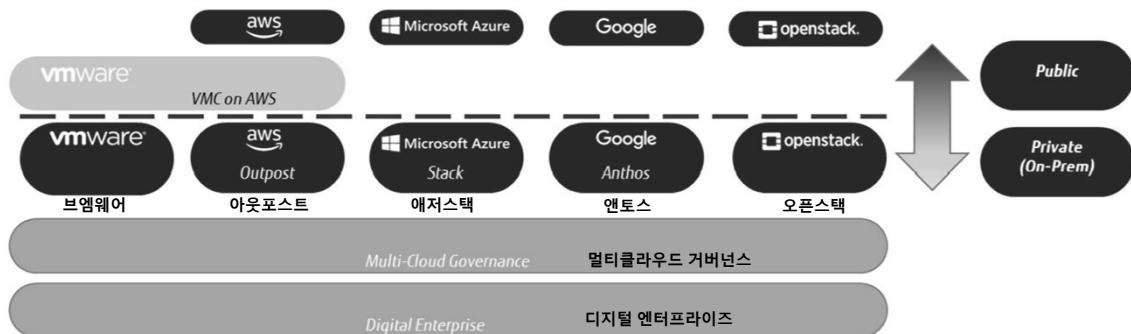
II. CSP/제조사의 멀티 클라우드 솔루션



멀티클라우드 플레이어

❖ 주요 멀티클라우드 플레이어 (Main players in the field)

- Public: AWS, Azure, Google, OpenStack, (VMware)
- Private(On-Prem): VMware, Outpost(AWS), Azure Stack, Anthos(Google), OpenStack



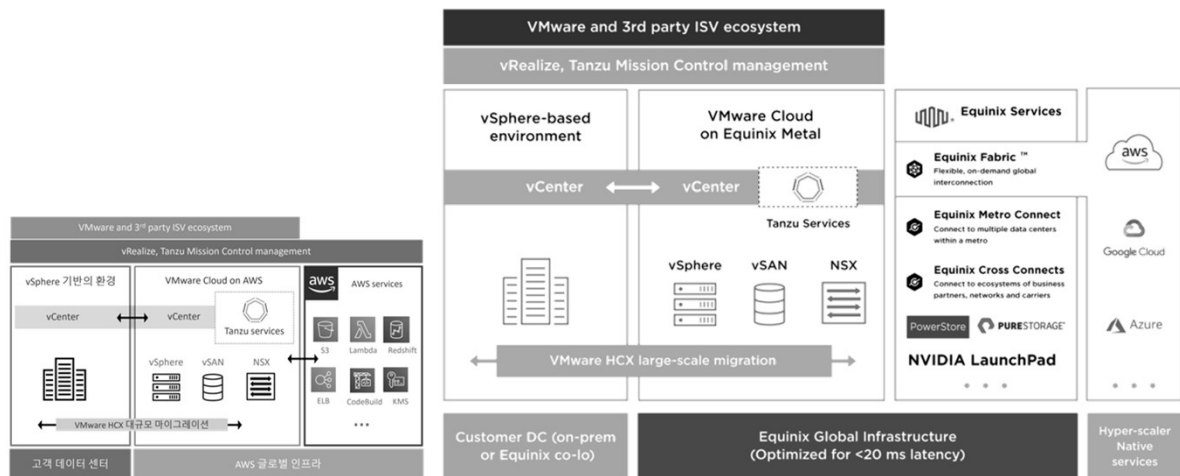
Source: Mulder, Jeroen. Multi-Cloud Architecture and Governance: Leverage Azure, AWS, GCP, and VMware vSphere to build effective multi-cloud solutions (p. 48). Packt Publishing. Kindle Edition.

❖ MCNS (Multicloud Networking Software) 제조사

제조사	제품/서비스 또는 플랫폼
Alkira	Cloud Networking
Arrcus	Arrcus Multi-Cloud Networking (MCN)
Arista Networks	Any Cloud Platform
Aviatrix	Aviatrix Cloud Network Platform
Cohesive Networks	VNS3
Cisco	Cisco Cloud Services Router 1000V (CSR1kv), Cisco Catalyst 8000V Edge Software, Cisco Cloud APIC
F5	F5 Distributed Cloud Platform
Prosimo	AXI Platform
VMware	NSX Cloud

Source: <https://www.gartner.com/doc/reprints?id=1-2954R0C1&ct=220419&st=sb>

❖ Intercloud (예): VMware Cloud on Equinix Metal



Source: <https://www.cloud13.ch/2023/04/05/vmware-cloud-on-equinix-metal-the-new-intercloud/>

❖ Dell APEX 클라우드 플랫폼 (예):

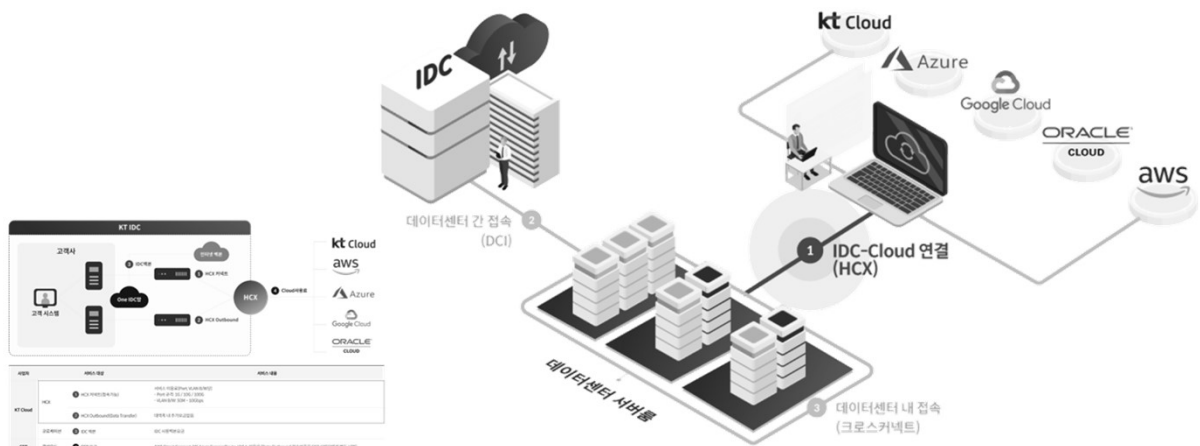
- 퍼블릭클라우드에서 사용하는 에코시스템을 온프레미스로 확장, 최적화
- 공통 플랫폼 및 자동화로 운영 효율화
- 익숙한 운영/개발자 환경으로 생산성 가속
- 멀티클라우드 데이터 및 앱 유연한 확장
- 클라우드 거버넌스/규정 일관된 준수 시행



Source: Dell



❖ kt cloud의 Hybrid/Multi Cloud

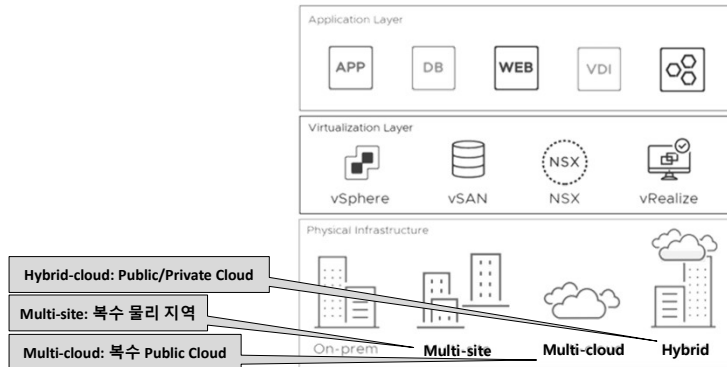


Source: https://www.kt-idc.com/colocation/viewcolocation_1Page



❖ 제조사의 멀티클라우드 (예): VMware

- VMware의 Multi-cloud
- NSX over Any Fabric Underlay, Site, Cloud



NSX Features and Values

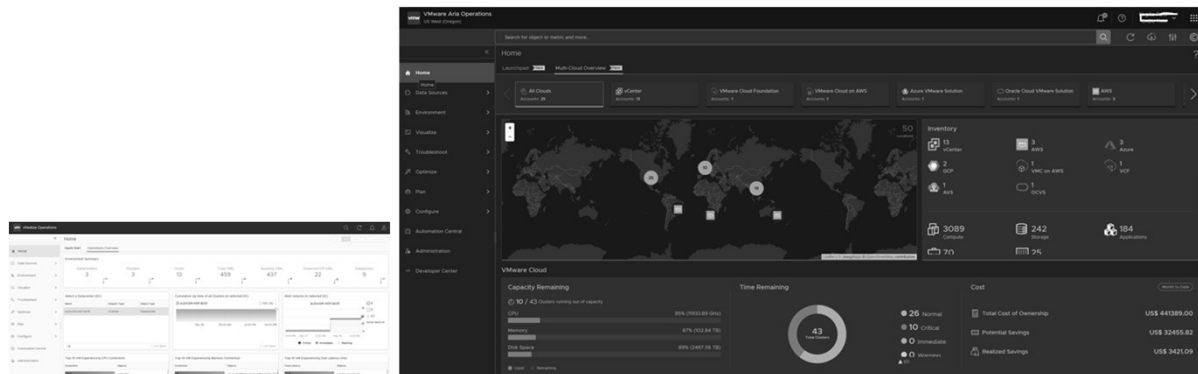
- Hybrid Cloud Automation
- Service-defined Firewall
- Purpose built software
- Inherent extensible services: LB, DDI, NAT, VPN
- 3rd party service chaining
- Physical switching fabric choice
- Improves simplicity, resilience, stability
- Cloud ready, hardware independent SDN
- Easier to troubleshoot, problem scope minimized

Source: DEPLOYING VMWARE NSX WITH CISCO ACI UNDERLAY DESIGN GUIDE (VERSION: 2021)



❖ Multi-Cloud Overview in VMware Aria Operations

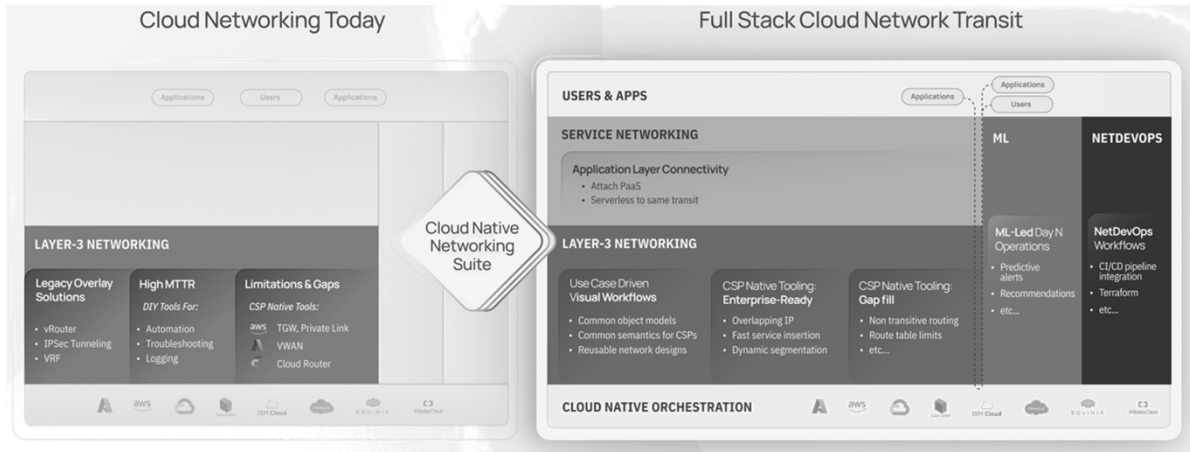
- **Private clouds:** vCenter, VMware Cloud Foundation
- **VMware Clouds:** VMC, VMC-D, Azure VMware Solution, Oracle Cloud VMware Solution, Google Cloud VMware Engine
- **Public Clouds:** AWS, Azure, GCP



Source: <https://blogs.vmware.com/management/2023/04/multi-cloud-overview-in-vmware-aria-operations.html>

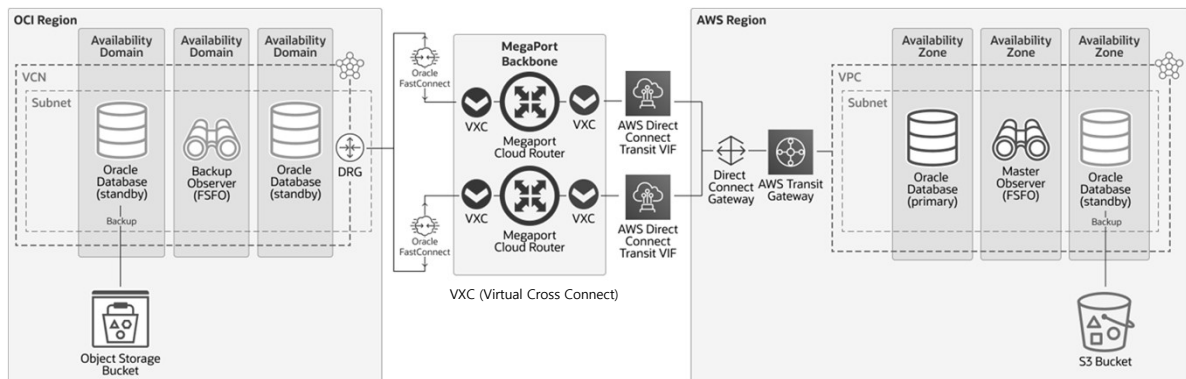


❖ MCN for Cloud Native



Source: <https://prosimo.io/prosimo-mcn-foundation-why-what-how/>

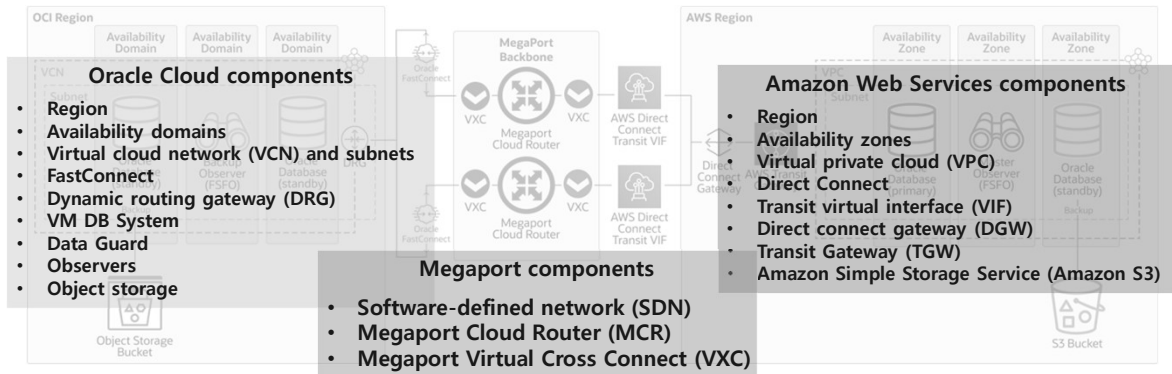
❖ Multi-Cloud high availability and data protection across OCI and AWS with Megaport



Source: <https://docs.oracle.com/en/solutions/multicloud-failover-oci-aws/index.html#GUID-A7E1BF80-4489-4DD5-8D6F-B4DE38F88BE2>

OCI AND AWS WITH MEGAPORT

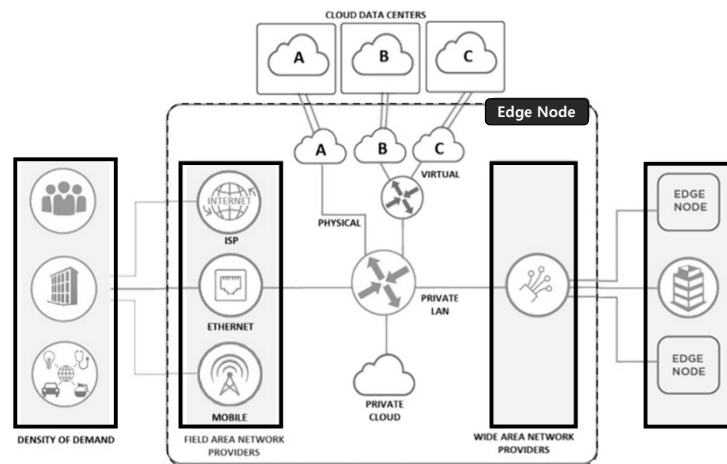
❖ Multi-Cloud high availability and data protection across OCI and AWS with Megaport



Source: <https://docs.oracle.com/en/solutions/multicloud-failover-oci-aws/index.html#GUID-A7E1BF80-4489-4DD5-8D6F-B4DE38F88BE2>

MULTIPLE CLOUDS AT THE DIGITAL EDGE

❖ Connect to Multiple Clouds at the Digital Edge

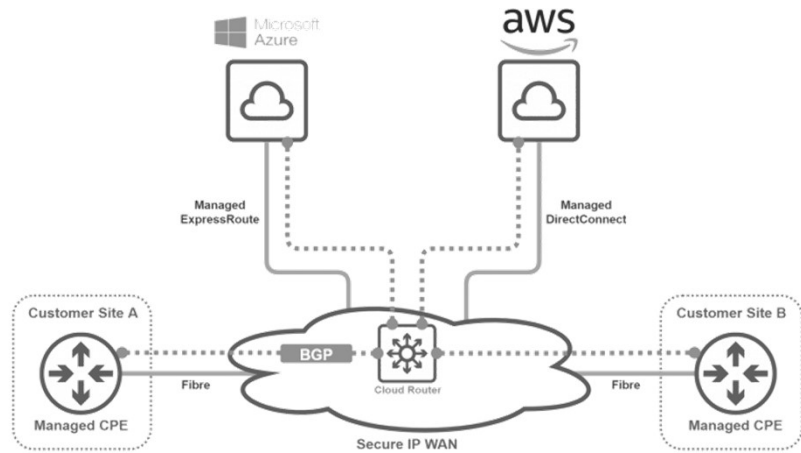


Source: <https://blog.equinix.com/blog/2017/05/24/optimizing-multicloud-interconnection-at-the-digital-edge/>

CLOUD AND DC INTERCONNECT

❖ Cloud and DC Interconnect (Network Solution Group)

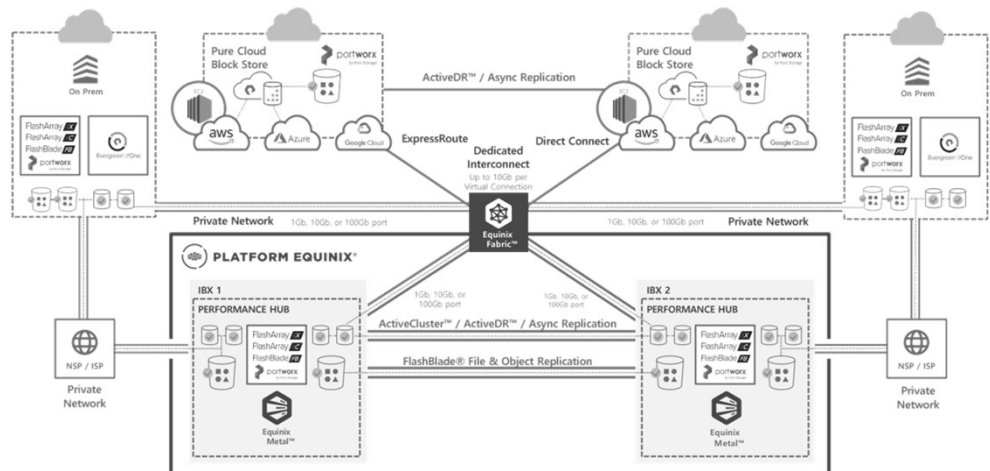
- Services
- Datacenter & Cloud
- Network Design & Engineering
- Network Management



Source: <https://www.netsg.co/dc-cloud/cloud-and-dc-interconnect/>

PURE STORAGE ON EQUINIX METAL

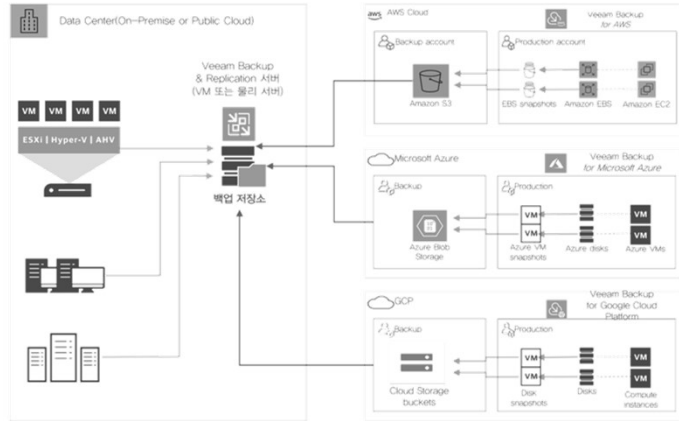
❖ Pure Storage on Equinix Metal



Source: Equinix

❖ 멀티/하이브리드 클라우드 백업 alc 재해복구(예): VEEAM

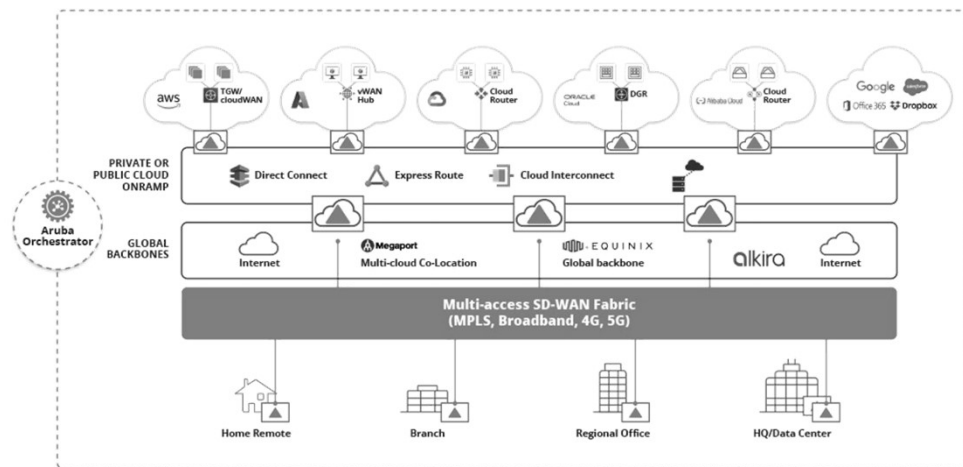
- 단일 플랫폼으로 다양한 환경의 보호



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JS Lab

❖ MCN with Aruba EdgeConnect for flexible, secure, SD-WAN cloud connectivity



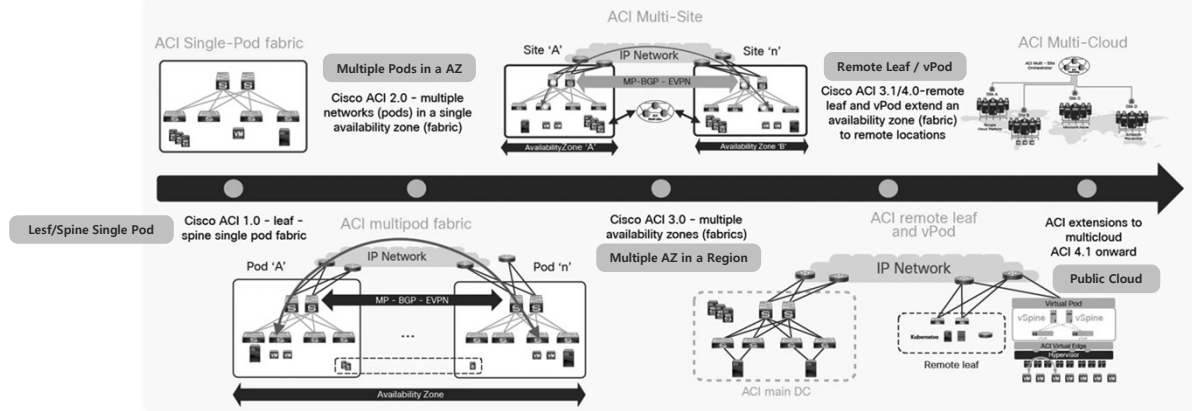
Source: <https://www.arubanetworks.com/faq/what-is-multi-cloud-networking/>

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JS Lab

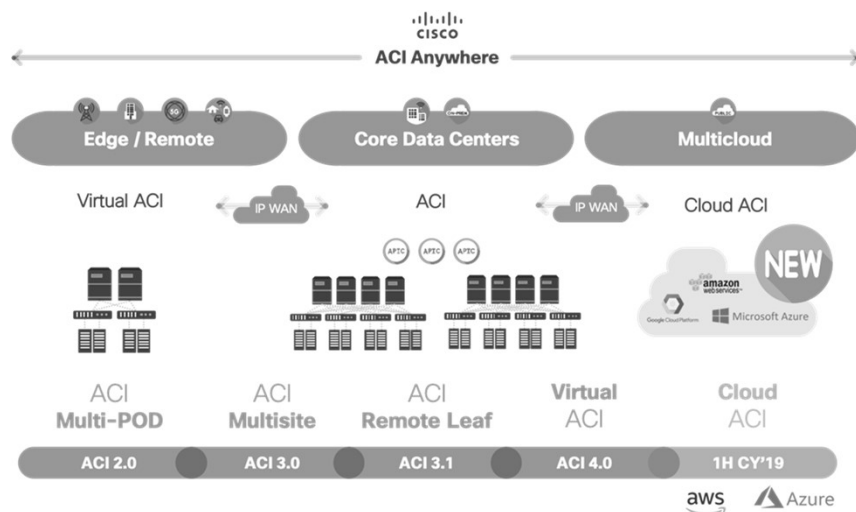
❖ 언더레이 SDN 제조사(예): Cisco ACI

- ACI extensions to public clouds
- Extending Virtual ACI



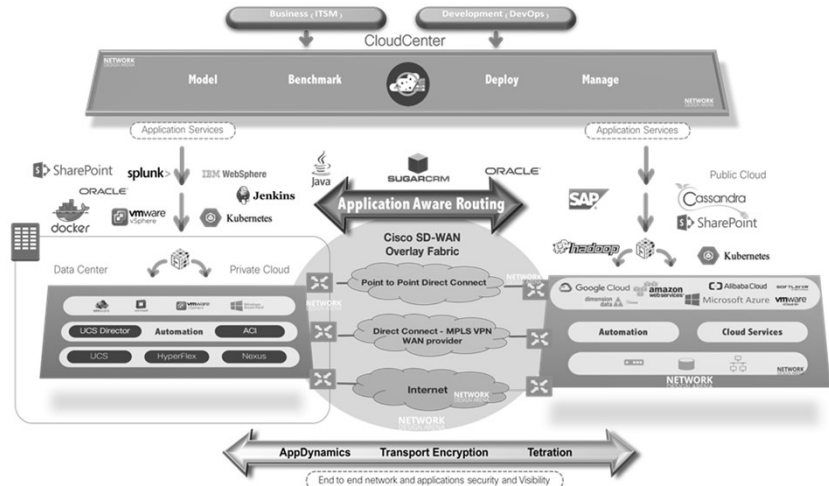
Source: <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/solutions/colateral/data-center-virtualization/application-centric-infrastructure/white-paper-c11-740861.html>

❖ Cisco ACI Anywhere



Source: <https://blogs.cisco.com/datacenter/cisco-fulfills-vision-for-aci-anywhere>

❖ Multi-Cloud (예) – 시스코 Cloud Architect Perspective



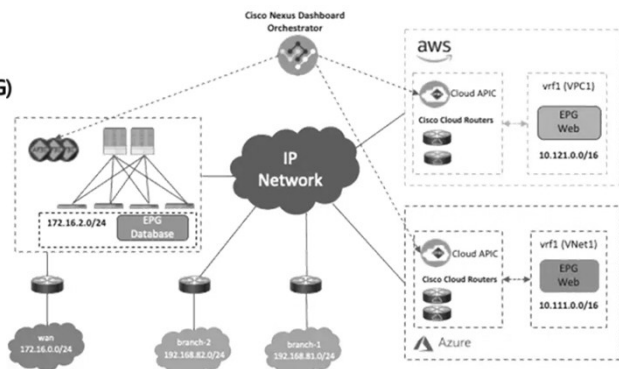
Source: Cisco, <https://www.netdesignarena.com/index.php/2018/05/30/why-cisco-multi-cloud-a-cloud-architect-perspective/>

❖ Cisco ACI and Cisco Multi-Cloud Networking:

- Cisco Cloud Network Controller (formerly called Cisco Cloud Application Policy Infrastructure Controller: Cisco Cloud APIC)
- Nexus Dashboard Orchestrator (NDO)
- Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF)
- Bridge Domain (BD)
- Endpoint Group (EPG)
- Layer 3 Out or external routed network (L3Out)
- Subnet-based EPG in Layer 3 Out (L3Out External EPG)
- Service Graph

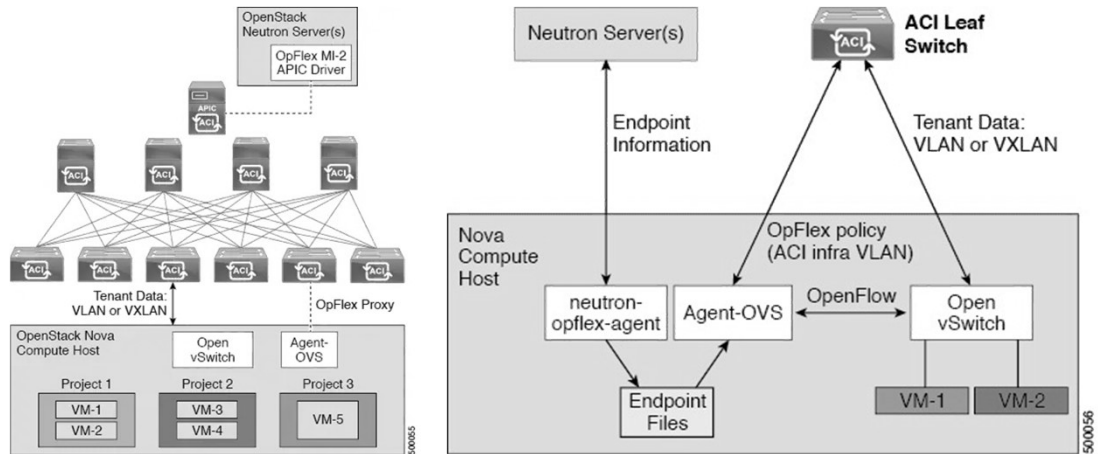
End-Point Group(EPG):

ACI 정책 모델에 엔드포인트 그룹(EPG) 개념 도입 EPG는 다른 네트워크 구성과 무관하게 애플리케이션 또는 애플리케이션 구성 요소를 나타내는 엔드포인트의 그룹

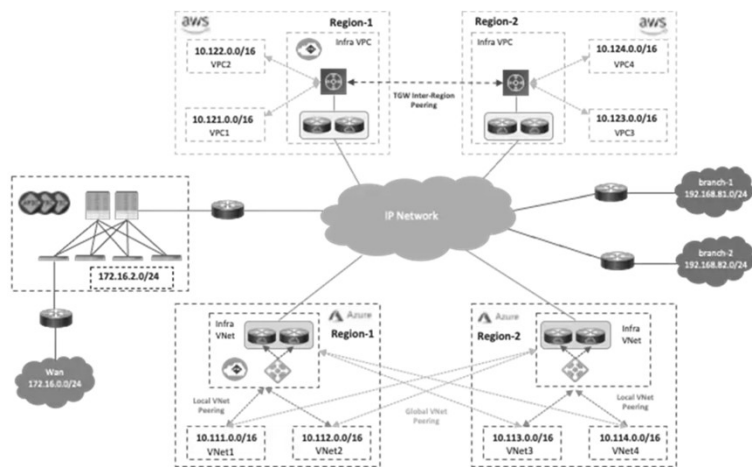


Source: <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/dcn/whitepapers/cisco-hybrid-multicloud-networking-design-guide.html>

❖ Cisco ACI with OpenStack OpFlex



❖ Cisco Multi-Cloud Networking with Multiple Regions



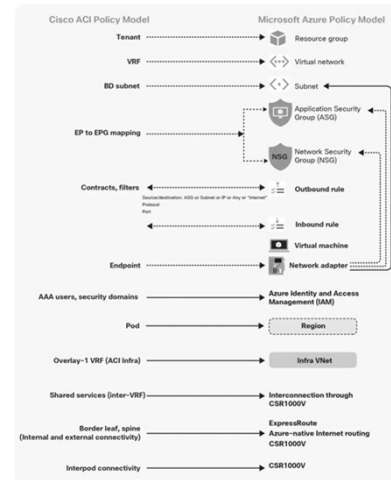
❖ 제조사의 멀티클라우드 (예): Multi-Cloud Network (Cisco Cloud Network Controller)

- **Intra-cloud connectivity:** Extend segments across regions, Automate route propagation across virtual networks, Automate L4-L7 service insertion
- **Inter-cloud connectivity:** Automate route propagation across clouds, Extend routing domains and segments across Clouds, Automate L4-L7 service insertion
- **Hybrid cloud connectivity:** Automate Overlay connectivity for different types of Underlays, Extend routing domains and segments between On Premises and Cloud sites, Enable consistent networking and visibility between On Premises and Cloud
- **External network connectivity:** Standards-based IP connectivity to any network, Secure connectivity to external network spanning datacenters and branches.
- **L4-L7 service insertion:** Automate firewall and load balancer insertion, Automatically update routing and security policy to insert L4-L7 services, Integrate with third-party L4-L7 services and cloud native L4-L7 services
- **Brownfield VPC onboarding:** Safe and fast migration and rollback, Ability to use Cloud Network Controller with brownfield environments

Source: <https://blogs.cisco.com/datacenter/modernize-your-multi-cloud-network-with-cisco-cloud-network-controller>



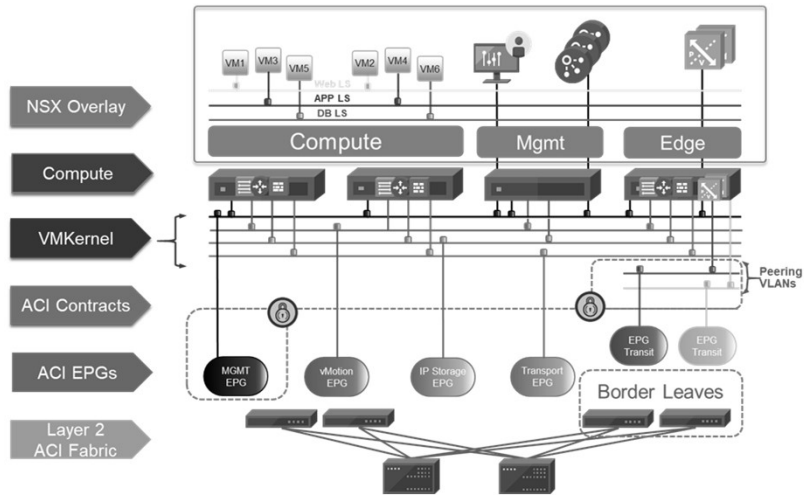
❖ Cisco ACI Policy Model to Microsoft Azure Policy Model Mapping (NSG Per Subnet)



Source: <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/dcn/whitepapers/cisco-hybrid-multicloud-networking-design-guide.html>

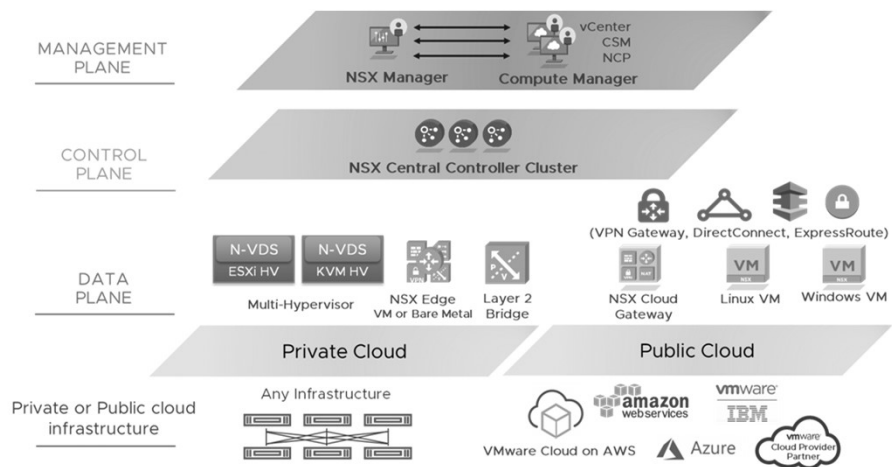


❖ NSX Data Center Deployed on an ACI Underlay



Endpoint Security Groups (ESGs)
Source: <https://nsx.techzone.vmware.com/resource/deploying-nsx-data-center-cisco-aci-underlay-design-guide-20#sec4-sub1>

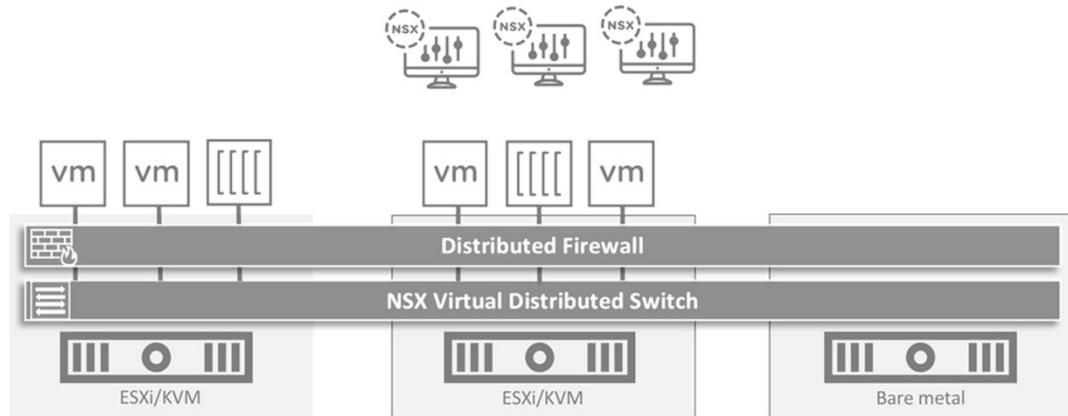
❖ NSX Data Center Architecture for Private Cloud, Public Cloud



Source: <https://nsx.techzone.vmware.com/resource/deploying-nsx-data-center-cisco-aci-underlay-design-guide-20#section3>

VMWARE NSX 분산 방화벽(DFW)

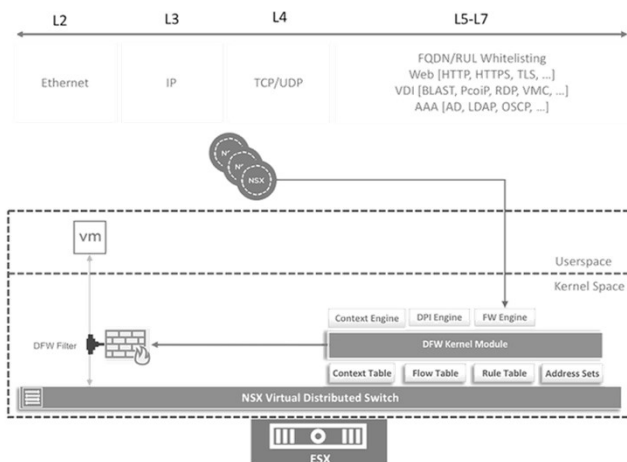
❖ VMware NSX: DFW Enforcement at the Hypervisor Level



Source: <https://www.ramyafifi.com/post/micro-segmentation-with-nsx-data-center>

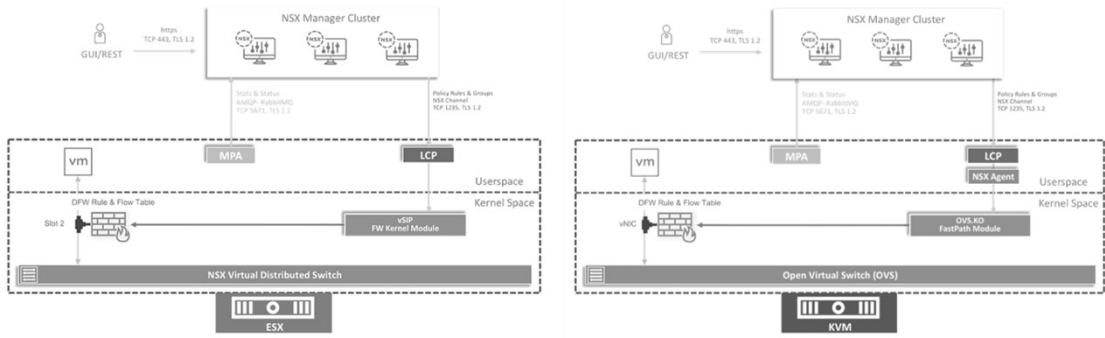
VMWARE NSX-T DFW

❖ VMware NSX: NSX-T DFW with Layer 7 Context Profiles



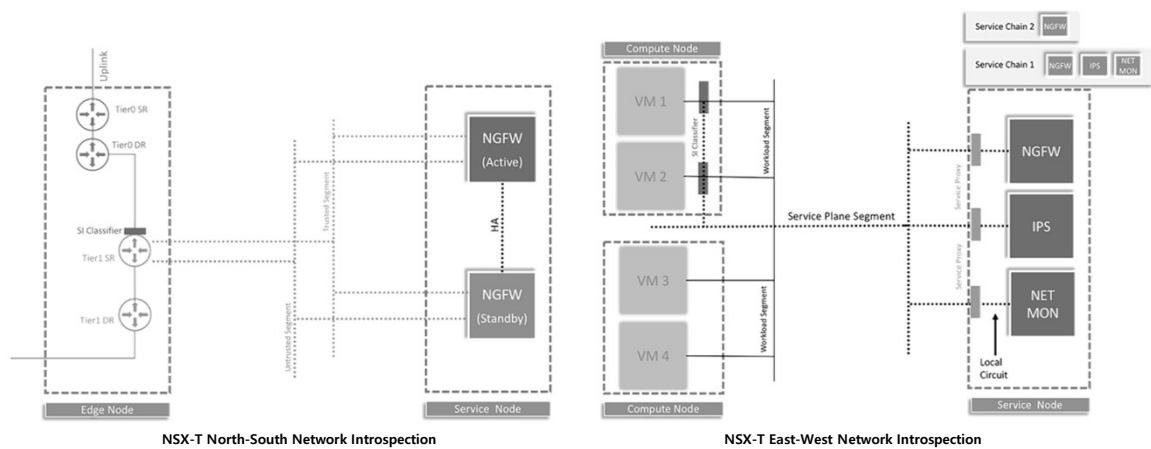
Source: <https://www.ramyafifi.com/post/micro-segmentation-with-nsx-data-center>

❖ ESXi Host / KVM Host - Data Plane Implementation



Source: <https://www.ramyafifi.com/post/micro-segmentation-with-nsx-data-center>

- ❖ NSX-T North-South Network Introspection
- ❖ NSX-T East-West Network Introspection

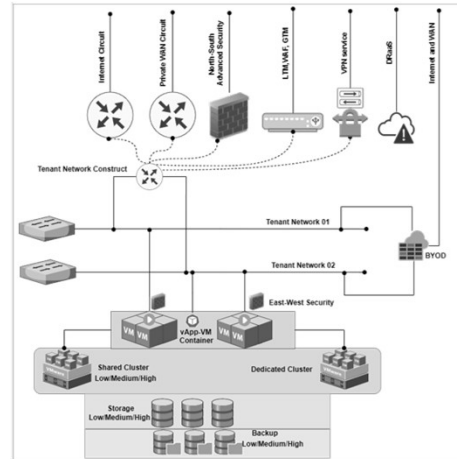


Source: <https://www.ramyafifi.com/post/micro-segmentation-with-nsx-data-center>

NSX-T DESIGN OPTIONS (VMWARE)

❖ NSX-T design options (VMware)

1. No. of VM's/Containers in a network (That could define the no. of Network)
2. VM Microsegmentation (East-West Traffic protection)
3. NAT Service
4. IPsec Service
5. Internet Gateway
6. Private WAN Circuit(MPLS)
7. North-South Security
8. Remote Connection
9. Load Balancer (LTM, WAF, Global Load Balancer)
10. DRaaS (Active-Active or Active-Standby Service hosting)
11. Monitoring and Logging Service and etc

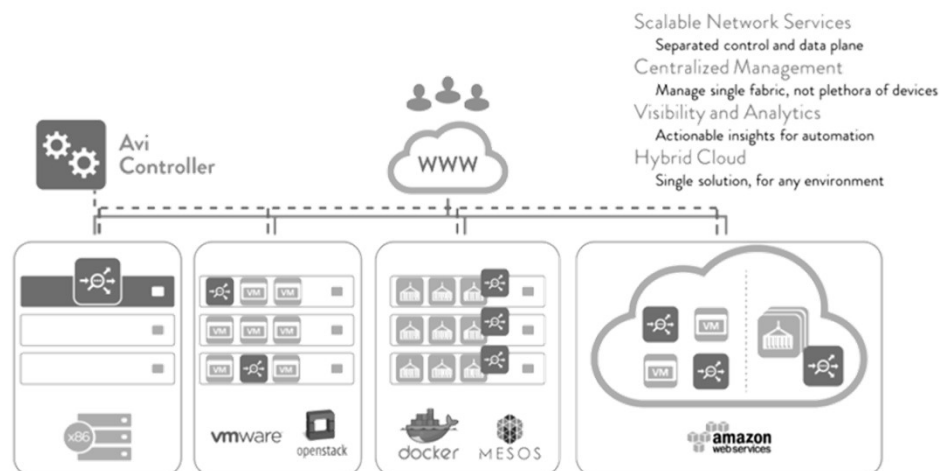


Source: <https://www.networkbachelor.com/vcloud-director-nsx-v-to-nsx-t-migration-part-2/>



ALB (VMWARE)

❖ NSX advanced Load Balancer (Formerly called AVI Vantage)

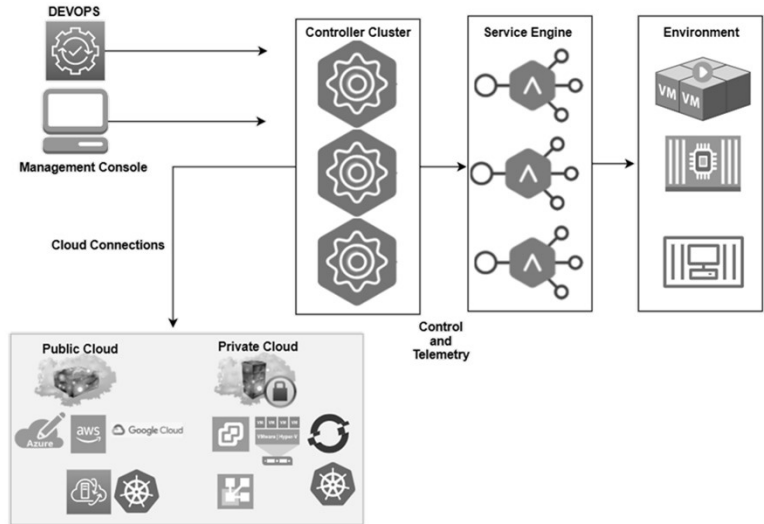


Source: <https://www.networkbachelor.com/nsx-t-alb-avi-series-part01/>



AVI ARCHITECTURE

❖ AVI Architecture



Source: <https://www.networkbachelor.com/nsx-t-alb-avi-series-part01/>

VERSA NETWORKS

❖ Security Capability Software Stack

❖ 제조사(예): SD-Branch, SD-WAN, SD-Security (VERSA Networks)

Market Leading Security Functions					
Stateful Firewall	CGNAT	URL Feeds and Filtering	Lateral Movement Protection	Malware Protection	File Filtering
DOS Protection	NG-Firewall (NGFW)	IP Feeds and Filtering	Captive Portal	Network DLP (*)	NG-IPS
IPSec	User & Group Authentication	Device Fingerprinting	HTTP / SSL Proxy	DNS Feeds and Security (*)	Anti-Virus



- **Visibility & access control**
 - Application, domain & URL
 - User, device & location
- **Layer 7 & content security**
 - SSL decryption
 - App / URL / IP Feeds and filtering
 - File filtering
 - Anti-virus
 - IPS
 - DNS Security (*)

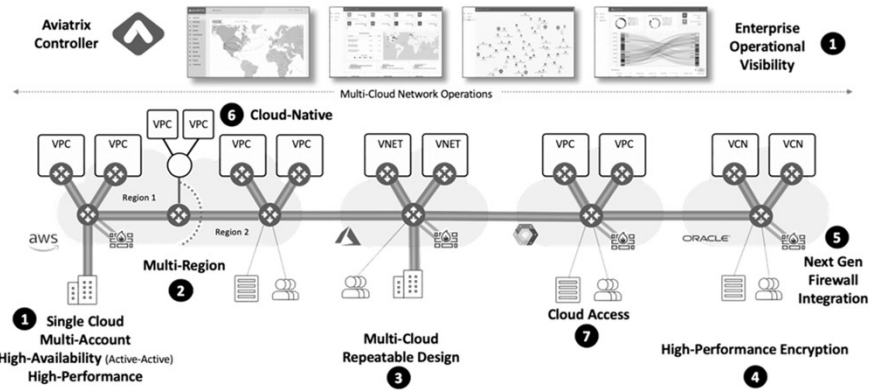
- **Layer 4**
 - Reconnaissance
 - DoS protection (ICMP, UDP, TCP flood)
 - Rate limiting
- **Layer 3**
 - ARP, IP ICMP protocol defence
 - IP spoofing
 - Strict source routing checks
 - Fragment overlaps



Source: Versa Networks, SDxCentral

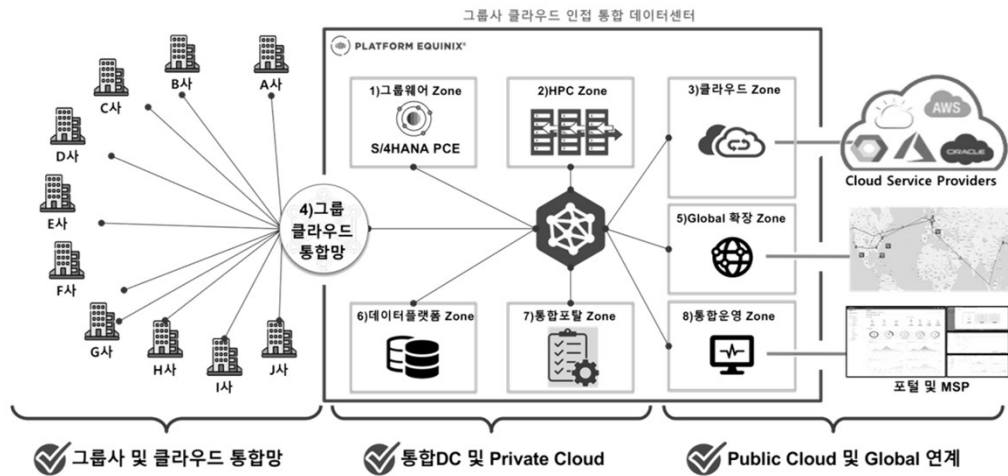
❖ Cloud Network Platform – Data Plane

- HA
- Multi-Region
- Multi-Cloud
- Encryption
- Firewall
- Cloud-Native
- Cloud Access



Source: <https://aviatrix.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/07/Multi-Cloud-Networking-by-Futurium-July2020.pdf>

❖ 데이터센터 통합



Source: Equinix

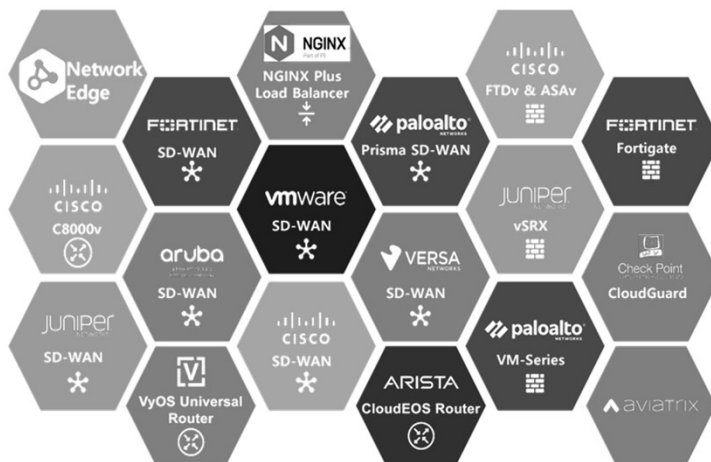
- ❖ 포트폴리오
 - Digital Service
 - Interconnect Service
 - Datacenter Service

Storage	BCDR	Virtualization	Containers / Kubernetes	DevOps Integrations	HCI	AI
고객 요구 사항을 충족하는 고성능의 유연한 스트리지 솔루션 프로비저닝	고성능 소프트웨어 정의 백업 및 복구	대부분의 가상화 플랫폼을 지원	Kubernetes 클러스터 배포 및 관리 도구	IaC (Infrastructure as Code, 코드형 인프라) 툴을 사용하여 Equinix Metal 프로비저닝을 자동화 및 CI/CD 파이프라인 속도 향상	상호연결을 통해 원하는 위치에 자동 배포되는 HCI 어플라이언스 및 SDDC (SW Defined Data Center)	Equinix Metal은 AI 모델링 및 추론을 지원하기 위해 GPU 인프라를 제공합니다.
						<p><small>* LaunchPad는 Equinix의 프라이빗 가용 컴퓨팅 인프라에서 NVIDIA의 AI 기능을 세 개월 자동이 단기간에 즉시 이용할 수 있도록 설계된 NVIDIA와 Equinix 간의 협업 솔루션입니다.</small></p>

Source: Equinix

JS Lab

❖ NFV at Network Edge



Virtual Router Devices

- Cisco Catalyst 8000V Edge Router
- Arista CloudEOS Router
- VyOS Universal Router

Virtual Firewall Devices

- Check Point CloudGuard Network Security
- Cisco Adaptive Security Appliance (ASA v)
- Cisco Firepower Threat Defense (FTD v)
- Fortinet Fortigate VM Firewall
- Juniper vSRX Virtual Firewall
- Palo Alto VM-Series NGFW Firewall

SD-WAN Devices

- Aruba Unity Edge Connect SDWAN (formerly Silver Peak)
- Cisco CSR SD-WAN (formerly Viptela/cEdge)
- Fortinet Fortigate Secure SDWAN
- Juniper vSRX SD-WAN
- Palo Alto Networks Prisma SD-WAN (formerly CloudGenix)
- Versa FlexVNF
- VMware SD-WAN Edge (formerly VeloCloud)

Load Balancer

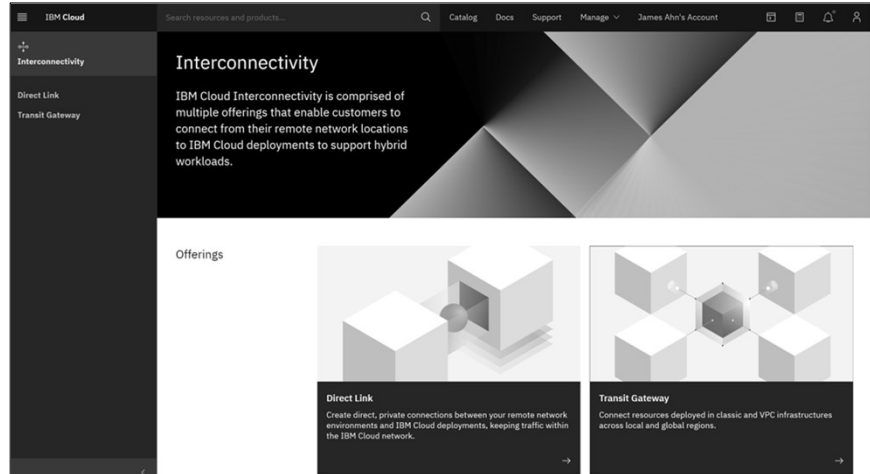
- F5 Networks NGINX Plus Load Balancer

Source: Equinix

JS Lab

❖ CSP 포털 (예): IBM Cloud – Interconnectivity

- Direct Link
- Transit Gateway

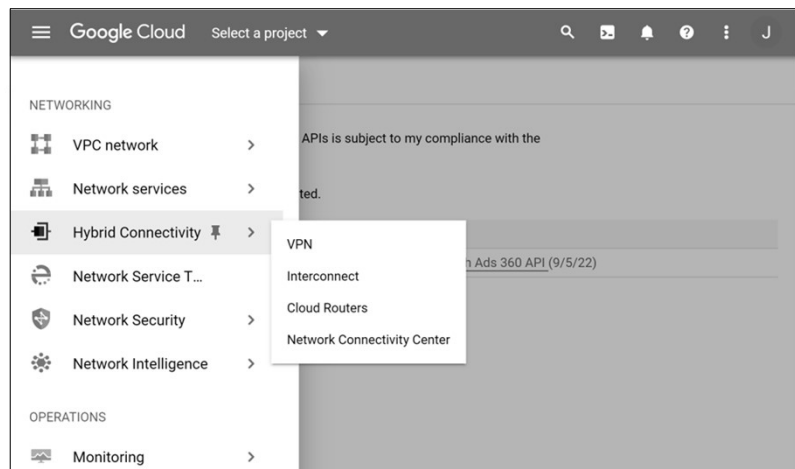


Source: <https://cloud.ibm.com/catalog?category=network>



❖ CSP 포털 (예): Google Cloud Networking – Hybrid Connectivity

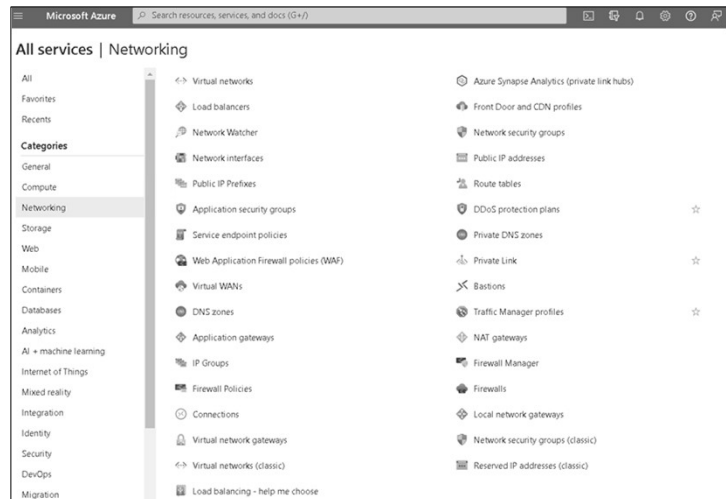
- VPN
- Interconnect
- Cloud Routers
- Network Connectivity Center



Source: <https://console.cloud.google.com/products#networking>



❖ CSP 포털 (예): Azure Networking

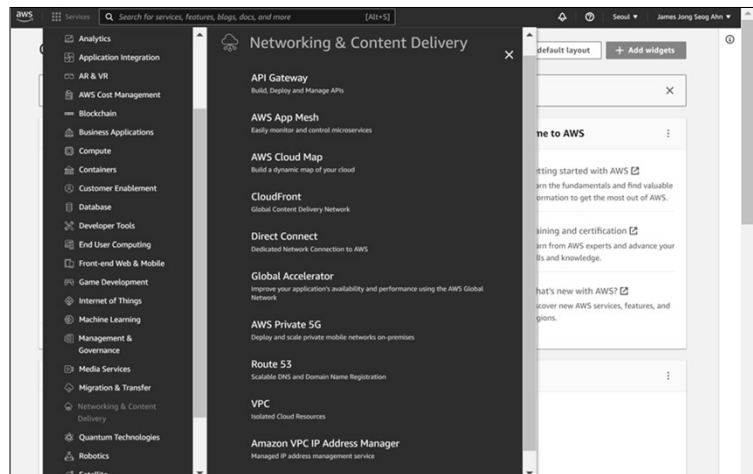


Source: <https://portal.azure.com/#allservices/category/Networking>

JS Lab

❖ CSP 포털 (예): Amazon AWS – Networking & Contents Delivery

- API Gateway
- AWS App Mesh
- AWS Cloud Map
- CloudFront
- Direct Connect
- Global Accelerator
- AWS Private 5G
- Route 53
- VPC
- Amazon VPC IP Address Manager



Source: <https://ap-northeast-2.console.aws.amazon.com/console/home?region=ap-northeast-2#>

JS Lab

❖ CSP 포털 (예): Naver Cloud – Networking

- VPC
- Global DNS
- SSL VPN
- Load Balancer
- IPsec VPN
- Global Route Manager
- Cloud Connect
- NAT Gateway
- DNS

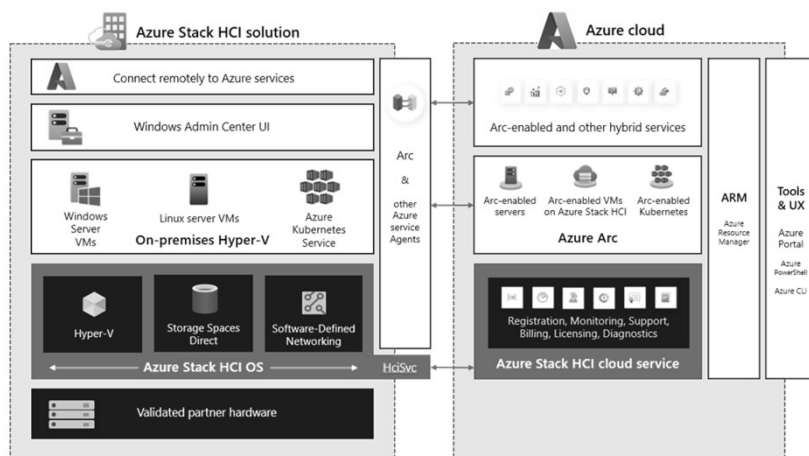
Services | Reference Architecture

Compute*
Containers*
Storage
Networking*
Database*
Security*

	Networking	
Featured*	Networking	
Compute*		
Containers	VPC (Virtual Private Cloud) 퍼블릭 클라우드 상에서 제공되는 고객 전용 사설 네트워크 공간	Load Balancer 서버 성능과 부하량을 고려하여 네트워크 트래픽을 다수의 서버로 분산해 주는 서비스
Storage		Cloud Connect 온 프레미스와 네이버 클라우드 플랫폼을 전용 사설 네트워크로 연결하는 서비스
Networking		
Database*	Global DNS 서비스 운영에 필요한 도메인을 간편하게 설정하고 관리할 수 있는 서비스	IPsec VPN 외부에 있는 고객의 네트워크와의 연결을 암호화하여 보호하는 서비스
Security*		NAT Gateway 다수의 IP를 하나의 IP로 변환하는데 필요한 서비스
AI Services*		
Application Services*	DNS (deprecated) 서비스 운영에 필요한 도메인을 쉽고 간편하게 설정하고 관리할 수 있는 서비스	Global Traffic Manager DNS를 기반으로 네트워크 트래픽을 다수의 서버로 분산(로드밸런싱)해 주는 서비스
Big Data & Analytics*		
Blockchain		

Source: <https://www.ncloud.com/>

❖ Azure Stack HCI hybrid capabilities with Azure services



Source: <https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/azure-stack/hci/hybrid-capabilities-with-azure-services>

❖ Azure Stack Edge pricing



Pro 2



Pro



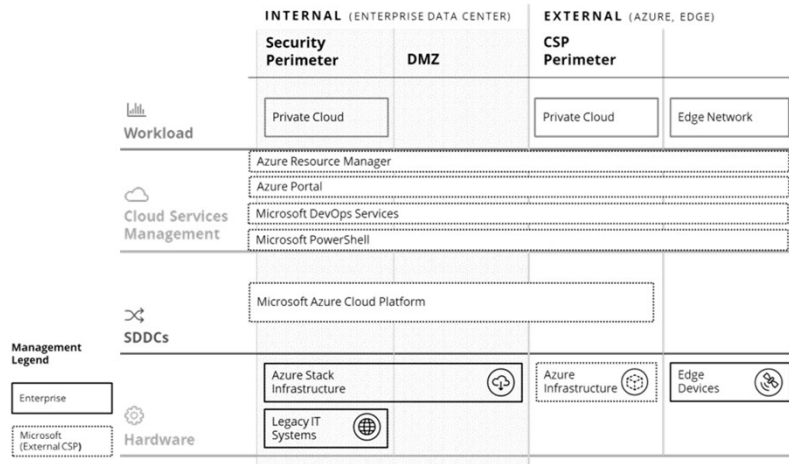
Pro R

	Azure Stack Edge Pro 2	Azure Stack Edge Pro	Azure Stack Edge Pro R	Azure Stack Edge Mini R
Service	Unit			Price
Monthly subscription fee	Model: 64G2T 32 vCPUs, 51 GB RAM, 720 GB			₩573,936
Monthly subscription fee	Model: 128G4T1GPU 32 vCPUs, 102 GB RAM, 1.6 TB, 1 x NVIDIA A2 GPU			₩748,429
Monthly subscription fee	Model: 256G6T2GPU 32 vCPUs, 204 GB RAM, 2.5 TB, 2 x NVIDIA A2 GPUs			₩885,080
Shipping	1 unit			₩503,983

Source: <https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/pricing/details/azure-stack/edge/#pricing>



❖ MICROSOFT HYBRID CLOUD REFERENCE ARCHITECTURE



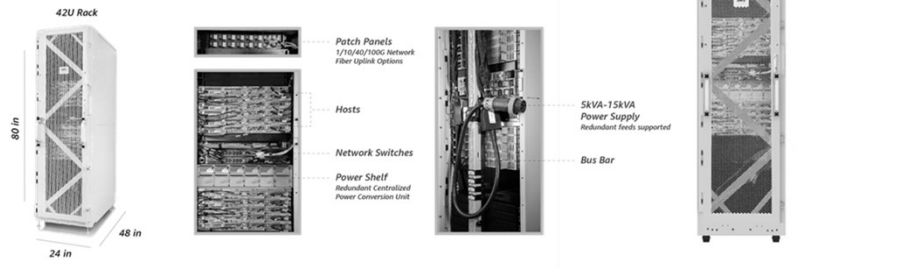
Source: <https://www2.deloitte.com/content/dam/Deloitte/us/Documents/process-and-operations/us-designing-hybrid-cloud-architecture-for-the-future.pdf>



AWS OUTPOSTS

❖ Outposts 실행 가능 AWS 서비스 (AWS Native 또는 VMware 모드 제공)

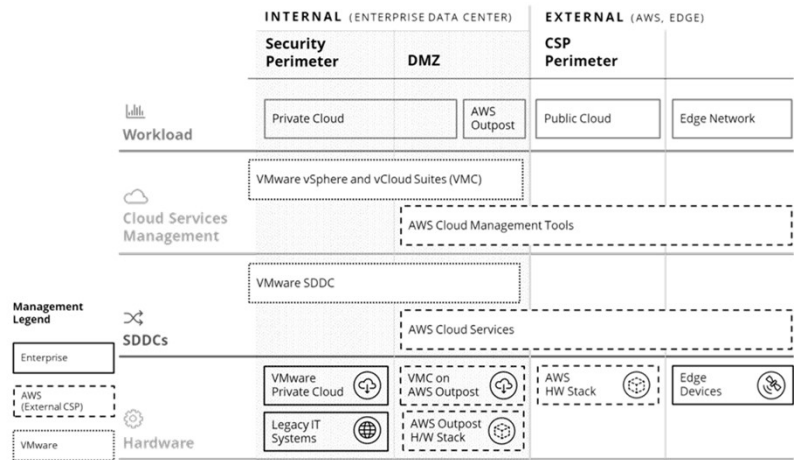
- 컴퓨터: Amazon EC2, Amazon ECS, Amazon EKS
- 스토리지: Amazon EBS
- 데이터베이스: Amazon RDS (Preview)
- 분석: Amazon EMR



Source: <https://aws.amazon.com/ko/outposts/specs/>

AWS REFERENCE

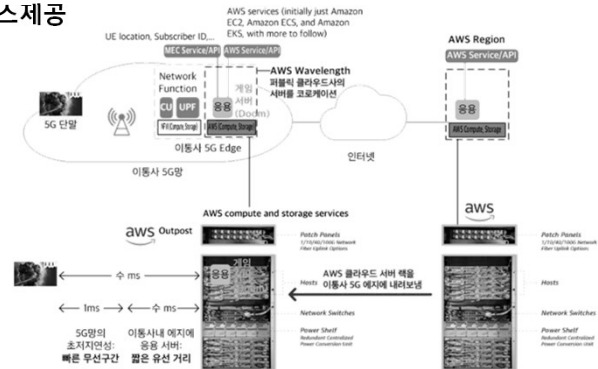
❖ AWS Outposts rack AWS OUTPOSTS REFERENCE ARCHITECTURE



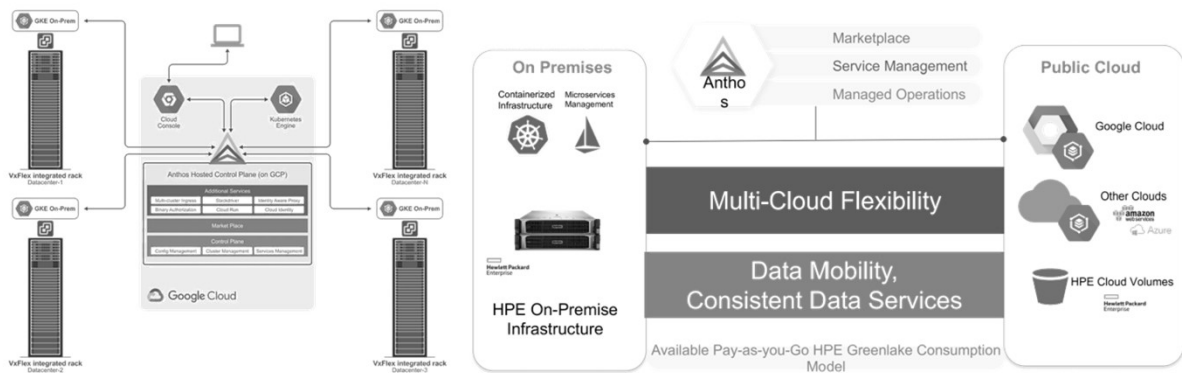
Source: <https://www2.deloitte.com/content/dam/Deloitte/us/Documents/process-and-operations/us-designing-hybrid-cloud-architecture-for-the-future.pdf>

❖ Use Case: Amazon AWS Wavelength

- 5G 네트워크 에지에서 AWS 컴퓨팅 및 스토리지를 사용하여, 5G 기반 모바일 기기 및 사용자에게 초저지연 서비스를 제공하는 애플리케이션 제공 가능 (AWS Outposts 기반)
- AWS 리전과 통신사 5G 망을 직접연결
- 로컬 컴퓨팅, 스토리지, 데이터베이스 및 기타 서비스제공
- 5G 기반 새로운 모바일 앱 제공



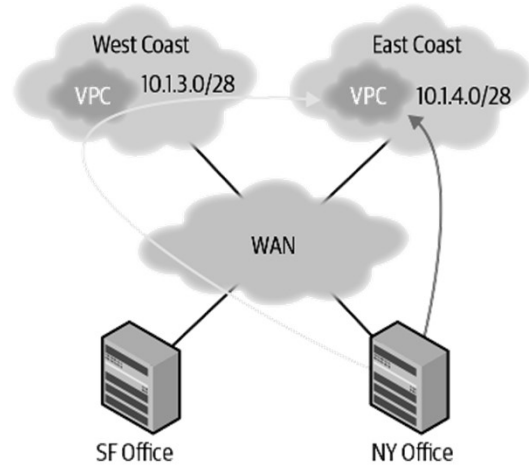
❖ 소프트웨어 기반 Anthos 는 구글에서 Dell EMC나 HPE등의 하드웨어 파트너와 협력 멀티클라우드 솔루션으로 확대 중



Source: <https://cloud.google.com/anthos/docs/concepts/overview>

DIRECT-CONNECT MODEL

❖ Nonoptimal routing scenario with direct-connect model



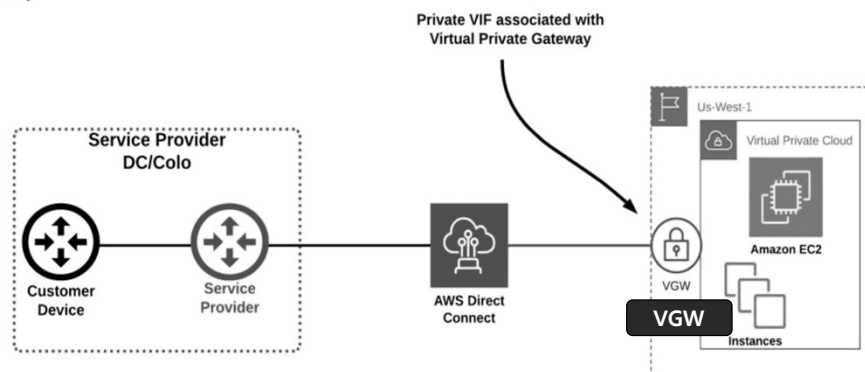
Source: Cloud Native Data Center Networking (Architecture, Protocols, and Tools), Dinesh G. Dutt, O'REILLY



VIRTUAL PRIVATE GATEWAY (VGW)

❖ AWS

- Virtual Private Gateway (VGW)
- Direct Connect Gateway (DGW)
- Transit Gateway (TGW)



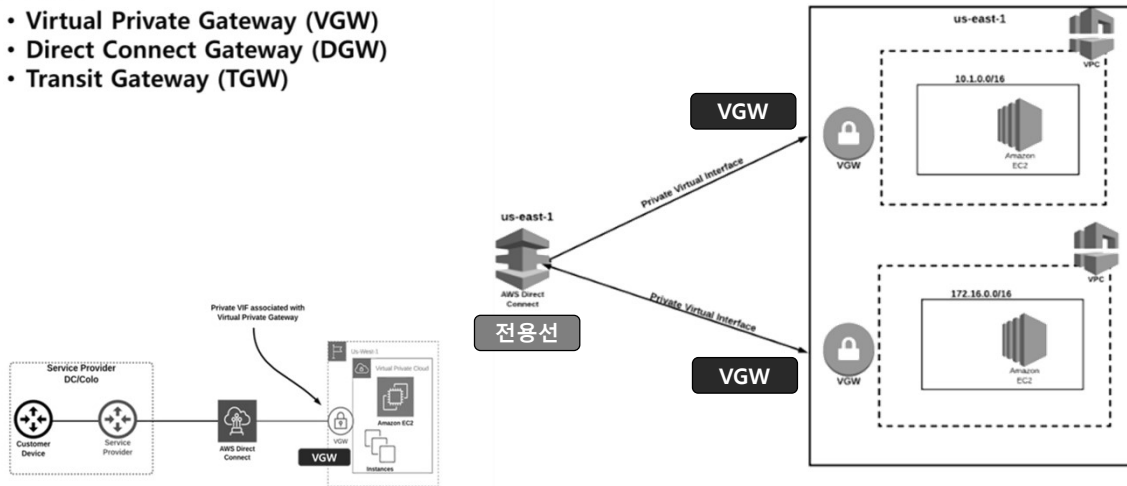
Source: <https://www.megaport.com/blog/aws-vgw-vs-dgw-vs-tgw/>



VIRTUAL PRIVATE GATEWAY (VGW)

❖ AWS

- Virtual Private Gateway (VGW)
- Direct Connect Gateway (DGW)
- Transit Gateway (TGW)

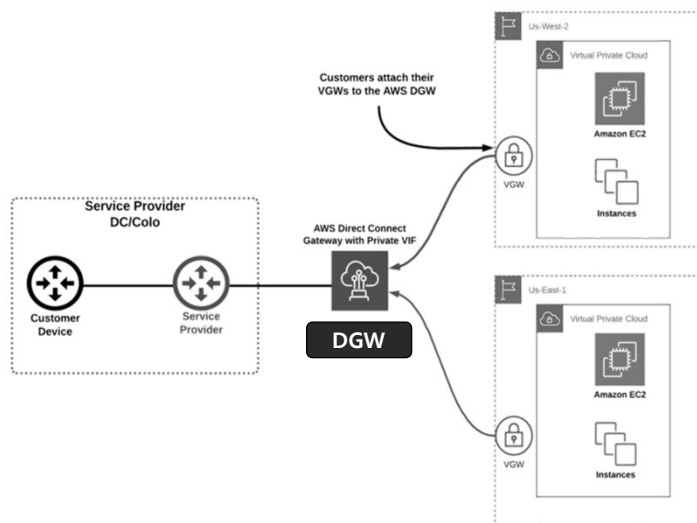


Source: <https://www.megaport.com/blog/aws-vgw-vs-dgw-vs-tgw/>

DIRECT CONNECT GATEWAY (DGW)

❖ AWS

- Virtual Private Gateway (VGW)
- Direct Connect Gateway (DGW)
- Transit Gateway (TGW)

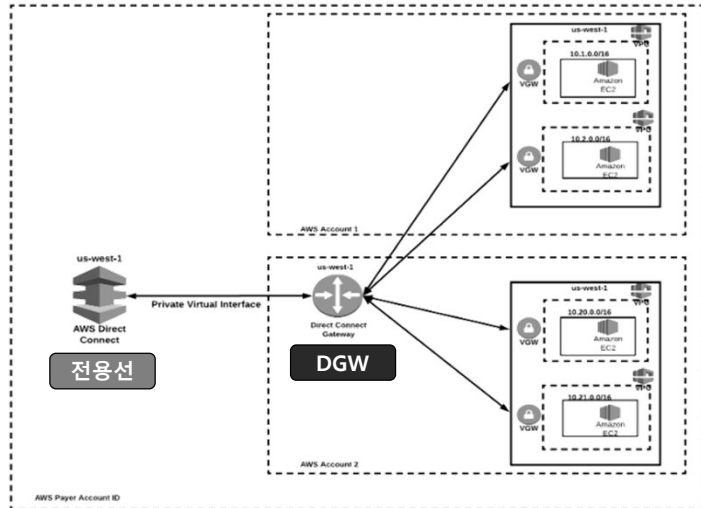
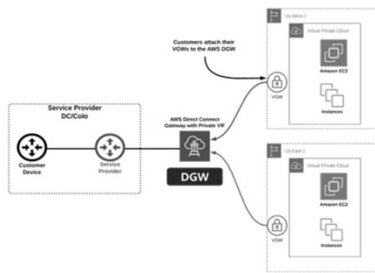


Source: <https://www.megaport.com/blog/aws-vgw-vs-dgw-vs-tgw/>

DIRECT CONNECT GATEWAY (DGW)

❖ AWS

- Virtual Private Gateway (VGW)
- Direct Connect Gateway (DGW)
- Transit Gateway (TGW)



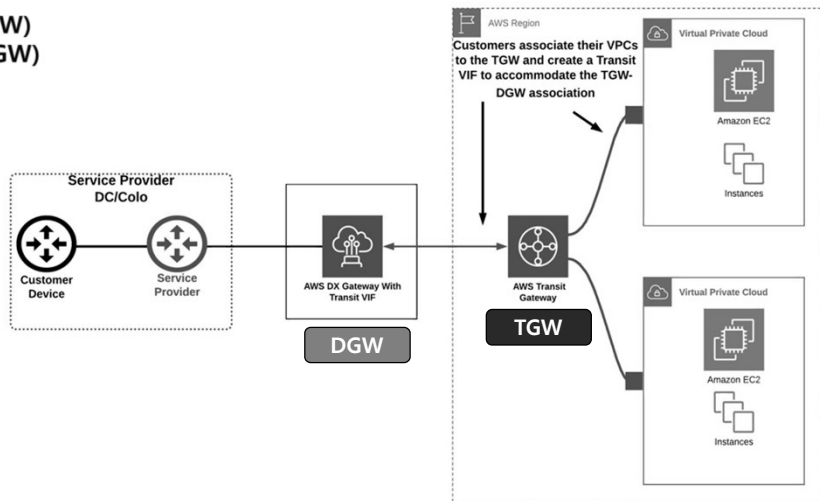
Source: <https://www.megaport.com/blog/aws-vgw-vs-dgw-vs-tgw/>



TRANSIT GATEWAY (TGW)

❖ AWS

- Virtual Private Gateway (VGW)
- Direct Connect Gateway (DGW)
- Transit Gateway (TGW)



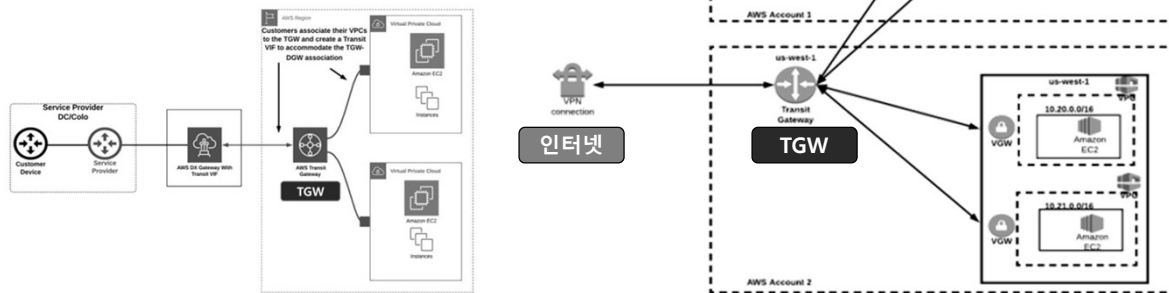
Source: <https://www.megaport.com/blog/comparing-cloud-providers-private-connectivity/>



TRANSIT GATEWAY (TGW)

❖ AWS

- Virtual Private Gateway (VGW)
- Direct Connect Gateway (DGW)
- Transit Gateway (TGW)



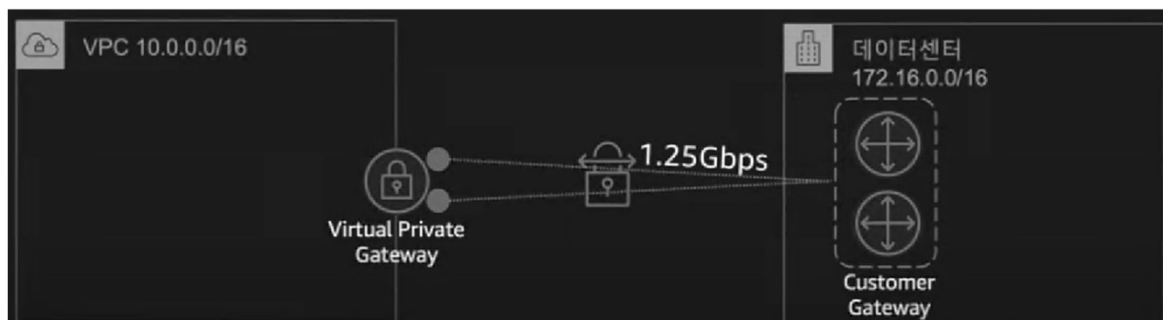
Source: <https://www.megaport.com/blog/comparing-cloud-providers-private-connectivity/>



VPN: SITE-TO-SITE VPN

❖ 데이터센터 연결

- VPN: Site-to-Site VPN
- Direct Connect

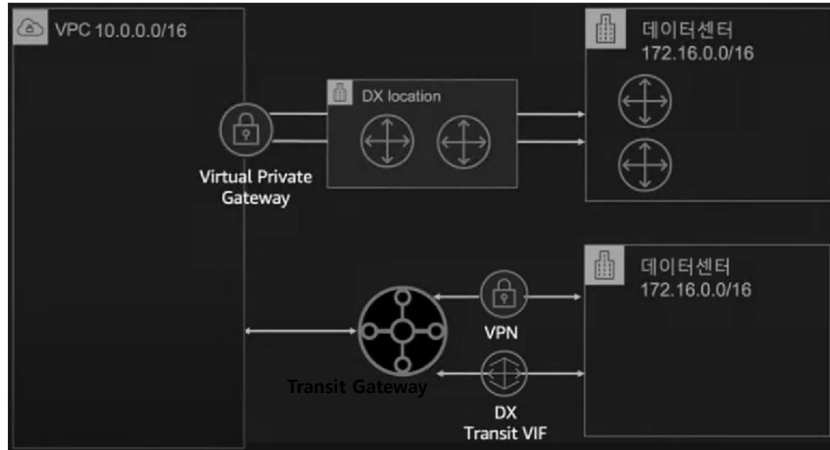


Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vCNexbgYmQ8>



❖ 데이터센터 연결

- VPN: Site-to-Site VPN
- Direct Connect: DX



Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vCNexbgYmQ8>

❖ AWS VGW vs DGW vs TGW

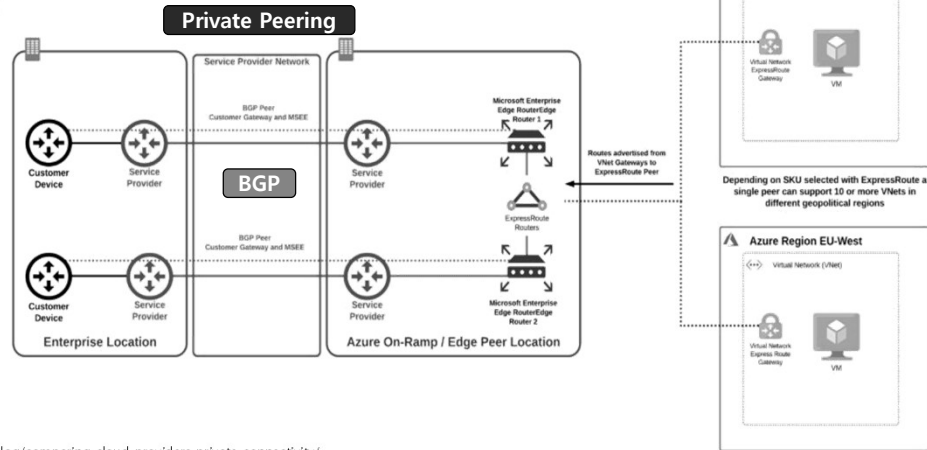
	Multiple Region	Multiple Account	S2S VPN	Direct Connect	Transitive Routing	Globally Available	Route Segmentation
VGW	✗	✗	☑	☑	✗	☑	✗
DGW	☑	☑	✗	☑	✗	☑	✗
TGW	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	✗	☑

Source: <https://www.megaport.com/blog/aws-vgw-vs-dgw-vs-tgw/>

PRIVATE PEERING

❖ Azure

- Private Peering
- Microsoft Peering

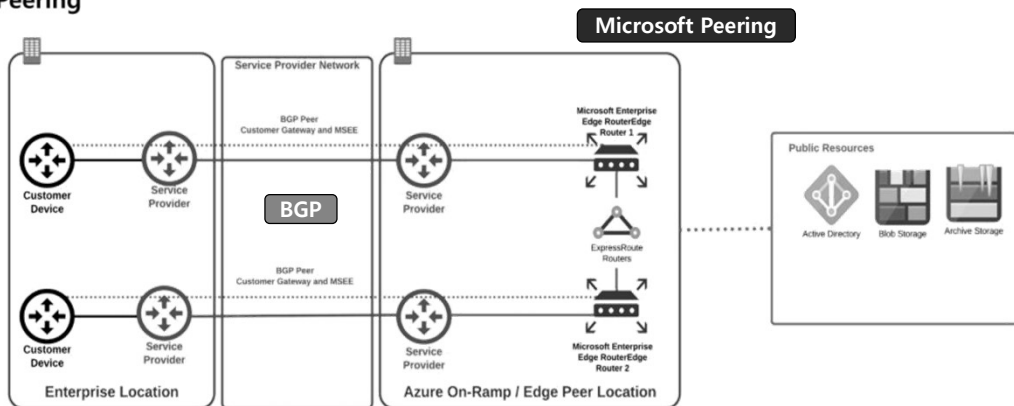


Source: <https://www.megaport.com/blog/comparing-cloud-providers-private-connectivity/>

MICROSOFT PEERING

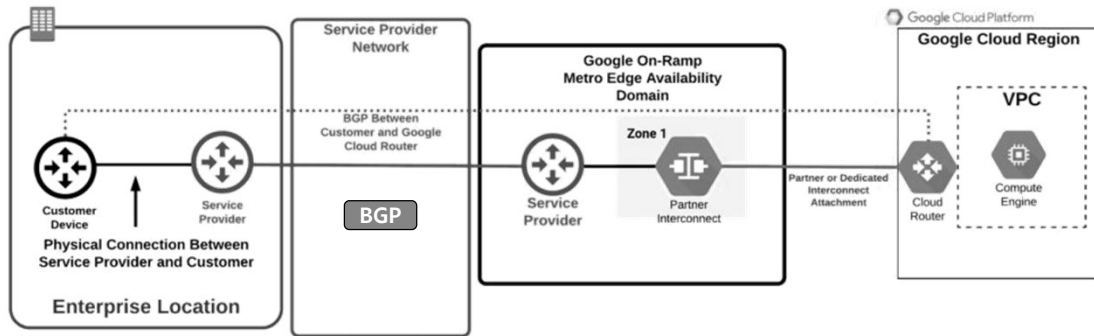
❖ Azure

- Private Peering
- Microsoft Peering



Source: <https://www.megaport.com/blog/comparing-cloud-providers-private-connectivity/>

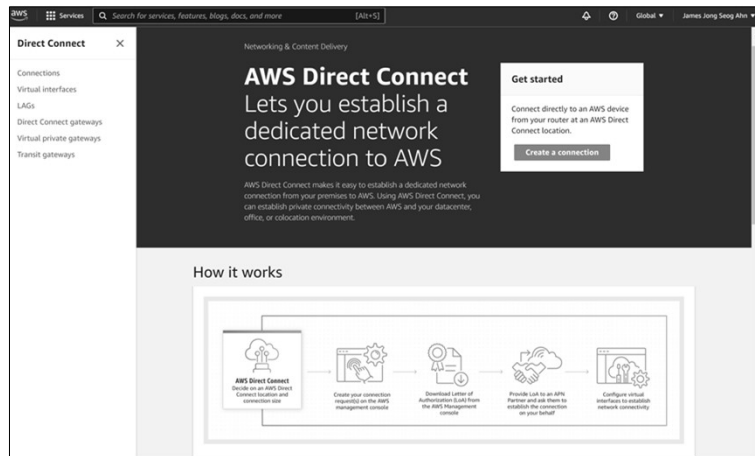
❖ Google Cloud Interconnect



Source: <https://www.megaport.com/blog/comparing-cloud-providers-private-connectivity/>

❖ Amazon AWS – Direct Connect

- Connections
- Virtual interfaces
- LAGs
- Direct Connect gateways
- Virtual private gateways
- Transit gateways



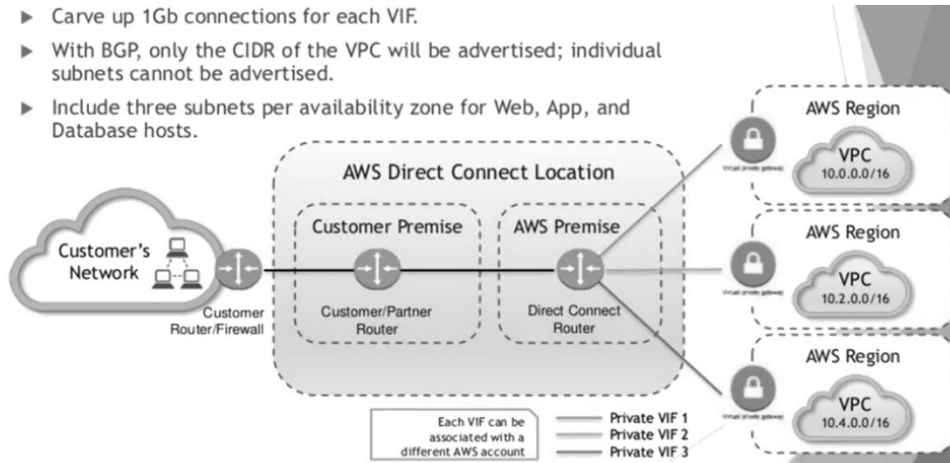
Link aggregation (LAG)

Source: <https://us-east-1.console.aws.amazon.com/directconnect/v2/home?region=ap-northeast-2#/>

DIRECT CONNECT ARCHITECTURE (AWS)

❖ Direct Connect Architecture (AWS)

- ▶ Carve up 1Gb connections for each VIF.
- ▶ With BGP, only the CIDR of the VPC will be advertised; individual subnets cannot be advertised.
- ▶ Include three subnets per availability zone for Web, App, and Database hosts.

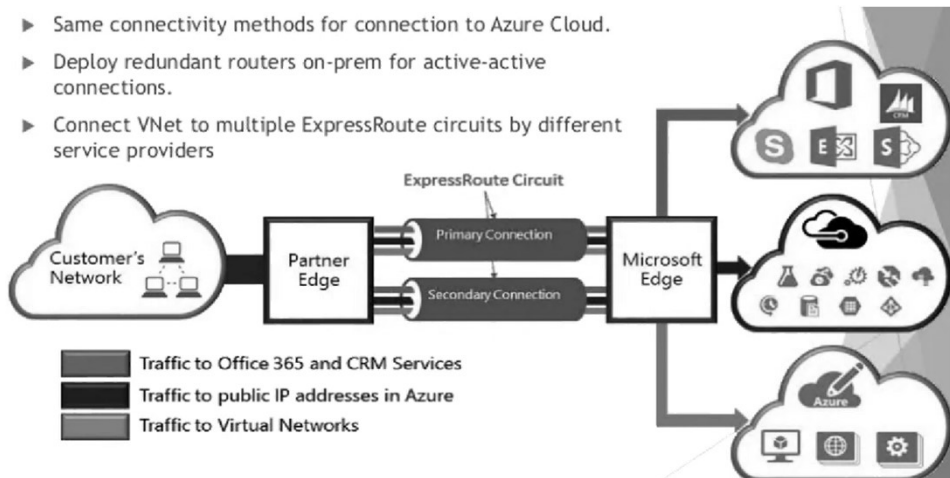


Virtual Network Interface (VIF)
Source: Joseph Primicerio

EXPRESSROUTE (AZURE)

❖ ExpressRoute (Azure)

- ▶ Same connectivity methods for connection to Azure Cloud.
- ▶ Deploy redundant routers on-prem for active-active connections.
- ▶ Connect VNet to multiple ExpressRoute circuits by different service providers



Source: Joseph Primicerio

❖ Public interconnect and points of presence(PoP)

- Microsoft is the second-largest network provider on the globe, and this is also reflected in their PoPs.
- For public peering, Microsoft currently offers over 160 locations, and for private peering, they are available in more than 50 locations. Public and private peering is all handled via ASN 8075.

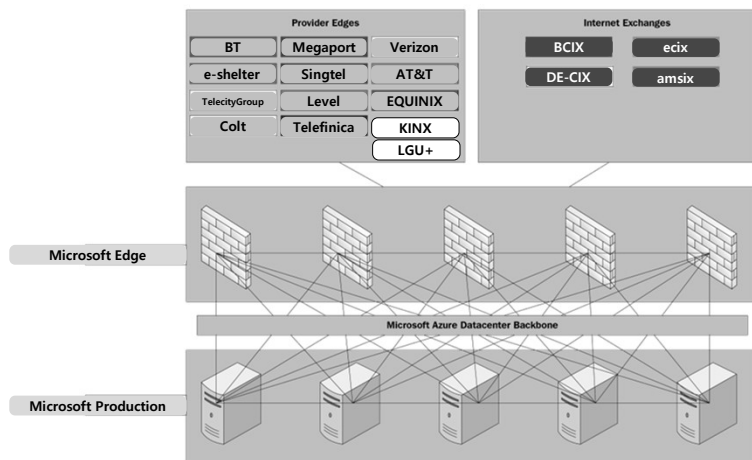
<https://www.peeringdb.com/net/694>

The screenshot shows the PeeringDB interface. On the left, there are two tables: 'Public Peering Exchange Points' and 'Private Peering Facilities'. The 'Public Peering Exchange Points' table lists various exchange points like JPNAP_Tokyo, KINX, and KIX, along with their ASNs, IP ranges, speeds, and RS Peer status. The 'Private Peering Facilities' table lists facilities like KDDI Otomachi and KINX Gassan, along with their ASNs, countries, and cities. On the right, there is a detailed view of the 'Public Peering Exchange Points' for ASN 8075, showing a list of exchange points and their details.

Source: Multi-Cloud for Architects (Published by Packt Publishing Ltd) Florian Klaffenbach, Markus Klein, Suresh Sundaresan



❖ Schematic view of the structure behind a Microsoft PoP or Edge site

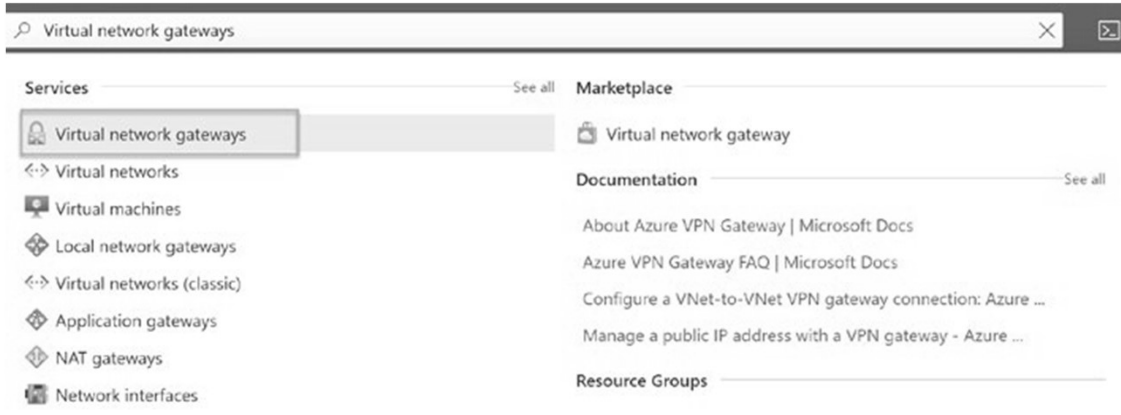


Source: Multi-Cloud for Architects (Published by Packt Publishing Ltd) Florian Klaffenbach, Markus Klein, Suresh Sundaresan



❖ Azure VPN Gateways

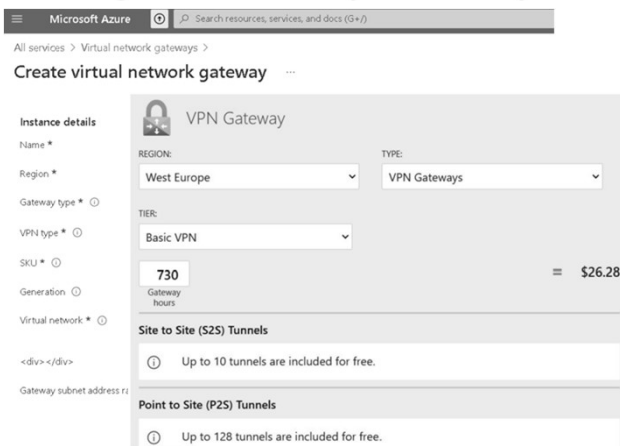
• Virtual network gateways



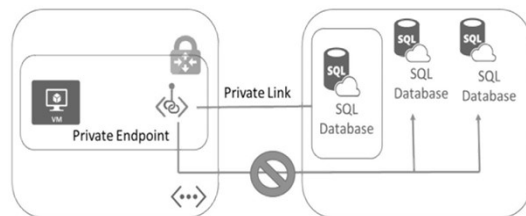
Source: <https://portal.azure.com/>

❖ Technology strategy following business innovation

❖ Ordering the VPN Gateway functionality in the Azure cost model



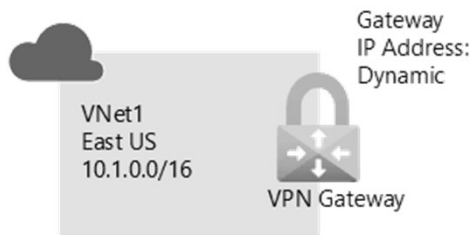
Private Link uses a private endpoint so that gateways with NAT translating from public to private addresses—are no longer required:



Source: Mulder, Jeroen. Multi-Cloud Architecture and Governance: Leverage Azure, AWS, GCP, and VMware vSphere to build effective multi-cloud solutions (p. 112). Packt Publishing. Kindle Edition.

❖ Create and manage a VPN gateway using the Azure portal

- Create a virtual network
- Create a VPN gateway
- View the gateway public IP address
- Resize a VPN gateway (resize SKU)
- Reset a VPN gateway



Source: https://learn.microsoft.com/en-gb/azure/vpn-gateway/tutorial-create-gateway-portal?WT.mc_id=APC-Virtualnetworkgateways



❖ Azure VPN Gateways

- Create a virtual network
 - ✓ Resource group: TestRG1
 - ✓ Name: VNet1
 - ✓ Region: (US) East US
 - ✓ IPv4 address space: 10.1.0.0/16
 - ✓ Subnet name: FrontEnd
 - ✓ Subnet address space: 10.1.0.0/24



Source: https://learn.microsoft.com/en-gb/azure/vpn-gateway/tutorial-create-gateway-portal?WT.mc_id=APC-Virtualnetworkgateways



❖ Azure VPN Gateways

- Create a virtual network

Create virtual network

Basics IP Addresses Security Tags Review + create

Azure Virtual Network (VNet) is the fundamental building block for your private network in Azure. VNet enables many types of Azure resources, such as Azure Virtual Machines (VM), to securely communicate with each other, the internet, and on-premises networks. VNet is similar to a traditional network that you'd operate in your own data center, but brings with it additional benefits of Azure's infrastructure such as scale, availability, and isolation. Learn more about virtual network

Project details

Subscription *

Resource group * [Create new](#)

Instance details

Name *

Region *

Source: https://learn.microsoft.com/en-gb/azure/vpn-gateway/tutorial-create-gateway-portal?WT.mc_id=APC-Virtualnetworkgateways



❖ Azure VPN Gateways

- Select IP Addresses to advance to the IP Addresses tab

IP Addresses

Basics IP Addresses Security Tags Review + create

The virtual network's address space, specified as one or more address prefixes in CIDR notation (e.g. 192.168.1.0/24).

IPv4 address space

Add IPv6 address space

The subnet's address range in CIDR notation (e.g. 192.168.1.0/24). It must be contained by the address space of the virtual network.

Subnets

Subnet name	Subnet address range	NAT gateway
<input type="checkbox"/> FrontEnd	10.1.0.0/24	-

Info Use of a NAT gateway is recommended for outbound internet access from a subnet. You can deploy a NAT gateway and assign it to a subnet after you create the virtual network. [Learn more](#)

Source: https://learn.microsoft.com/en-gb/azure/vpn-gateway/tutorial-create-gateway-portal?WT.mc_id=APC-Virtualnetworkgateways



❖ Azure VPN Gateways

• Creating virtual network gateway

- ✓ Name: VNet1GW
- ✓ Region: East US
- ✓ Gateway type: VPN
- ✓ VPN type: Route-based
- ✓ SKU: VpnGw2
- ✓ Generation: Generation 2
- ✓ Virtual network: VNet1
- ✓ Gateway subnet address range: 10.1.255.0/27
- ✓ Public IP address: Create new
- ✓ Public IP address name: VNet1GWpip



Source: https://learn.microsoft.com/en-gb/azure/vpn-gateway/tutorial-create-gateway-portal?WT.mc_id=APC-Virtualnetworkgateways

JS Lab

❖ Azure VPN Gateways

• Creating virtual network gateway

- ✓ Name: VNet1GW
- ✓ Region: East US
- ✓ Gateway type: VPN
- ✓ VPN type: Route-based
- ✓ SKU: VpnGw2
- ✓ Generation: Generation 2
- ✓ Virtual network: VNet1
- ✓ Gateway subnet address range: 10.1.255.0/27
- ✓ Public IP address: Create new
- ✓ Public IP address name: VNet1GWpip

• Creating virtual network gateway

- ✓ On the Basics tab, fill in the values for Project details and Instance details.

Create virtual network gateway

Basics Tags Review + create

Azure has provided a planning and design guide to help you configure the various VPN gateway options. [Learn more.](#)

Project details
Select the subscription to manage deployed resources and costs. Use resource groups like folders to organize and manage all your resources.

Subscription *

Resource group

Instance details

Name *

Region *

Gateway type * VPN ExpressRoute

VPN type * Route-based Policy-based

SKU *

Generation

Virtual network *

Create virtual network

Only virtual networks in the currently selected subscription and region are listed.

Gateway subnet address range *

10.1.255.0 - 10.1.255.31 (32 addresses)

Source: https://learn.microsoft.com/en-gb/azure/vpn-gateway/tutorial-create-gateway-portal?WT.mc_id=APC-Virtualnetworkgateways

JS Lab

❖ Azure VPN Gateways

- Creating virtual network gateway
- Specify in the values for Public IP address

Public IP Address Type * Basic Standard

Public IP address

Public IP address * Create new Use existing

Public IP address name *

Public IP address SKU Basic

Assignment Dynamic Static

Enable active-active mode * Enabled Disabled

Configure BGP * Enabled Disabled

Azure recommends using a validated VPN device with your virtual network gateway. To view a list of validated devices and instructions for configuration, refer to Azure's documentation regarding validated VPN devices.

[Review + create](#) [Previous](#) [Next: Tags >](#) [Download a template for automation](#)

Source: https://learn.microsoft.com/en-gb/azure/vpn-gateway/tutorial-create-gateway-portal?WT.mc_id=APC-Virtualnetworkgateways



❖ Azure VPN Gateways

- Creating virtual network gateway
 - ✓ View the public IP address

Home >

VNet1GW Virtual network gateway

Search (Ctrl+/) Refresh Move Delete

Overview

Activity log

Access control (IAM)

Tags

Diagnose and solve problems

Settings

Essentials

Resource group (move) : [TestRG1](#)

Location : East US

Subscription (move) : [Content Development](#)

Subscription ID :

Tags (edit) : [Click here to add tags](#)

SKU : VpnGw2

Gateway type : VPN

VPN type : Route-based

Virtual network : [VNet1](#)

Public IP address : [20.231.231.174 \(VNet1GWIP\)](#)

Source: https://learn.microsoft.com/en-gb/azure/vpn-gateway/tutorial-create-gateway-portal?WT.mc_id=APC-Virtualnetworkgateways



❖ Azure VPN Gateways

• Creating virtual network gateway

- ✓ Resize a gateway SKU

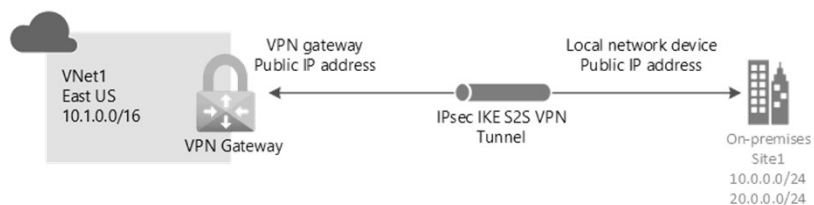
VPN Gateway Generation	SKU	S2S/VNet-to-VNet Tunnel	P2S SSTP Connections	P2S IKEv2/OpenVPN Connections	Aggregate Throughput Benchmark	BGP	Zone-redundant
Generation1	Basic	Max. 10	Max. 128	Not Supported	100 Mbps	Not Supported	No
Generation1	VpnGw1	Max. 30	Max. 128	Max. 250	650 Mbps	Supported	No
Generation1	VpnGw2	Max. 30	Max. 128	Max. 500	1 Gbps	Supported	No
Generation1	VpnGw3	Max. 30	Max. 128	Max. 1000	1.25 Gbps	Supported	No
Generation1	VpnGw1AZ	Max. 30	Max. 128	Max. 250	650 Mbps	Supported	Yes
Generation1	VpnGw2AZ	Max. 30	Max. 128	Max. 500	1 Gbps	Supported	Yes
Generation1	VpnGw3AZ	Max. 30	Max. 128	Max. 1000	1.25 Gbps	Supported	Yes
Generation2	VpnGw2	Max. 30	Max. 128	Max. 500	1.25 Gbps	Supported	No
Generation2	VpnGw3	Max. 30	Max. 128	Max. 1000	2.5 Gbps	Supported	No
Generation2	VpnGw4	Max. 100*	Max. 128	Max. 5000	5 Gbps	Supported	No
Generation2	VpnGw5	Max. 100*	Max. 128	Max. 10000	10 Gbps	Supported	No
Generation2	VpnGw2AZ	Max. 30	Max. 128	Max. 500	1.25 Gbps	Supported	Yes
Generation2	VpnGw3AZ	Max. 30	Max. 128	Max. 1000	2.5 Gbps	Supported	Yes
Generation2	VpnGw4AZ	Max. 100*	Max. 128	Max. 5000	5 Gbps	Supported	Yes
Generation2	VpnGw5AZ	Max. 100*	Max. 128	Max. 10000	10 Gbps	Supported	Yes

Source: <https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/vpn-gateway/vpn-gateway-about-vpngateways>
 Source: https://learn.microsoft.com/en-gb/azure/vpn-gateway/tutorial-create-gateway-portal?WT.mc_id=APC-Virtualnetworkgateways

❖ Create a site-to-site VPN connection in the Azure portal

• Create a site-to-site VPN connection in the Azure portal

- ✓ Create a virtual network
- ✓ Create a VPN gateway
- ✓ Create a local network gateway
- ✓ Create a VPN connection
- ✓ Verify the connection
- ✓ Connect to a virtual machine



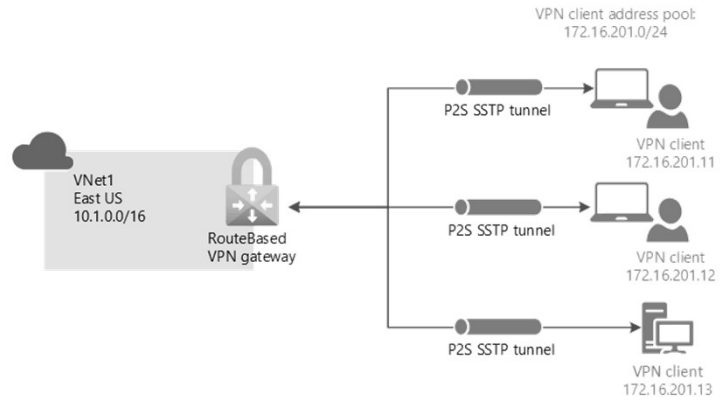
Source: <https://learn.microsoft.com/en-gb/azure/vpn-gateway/tutorial-site-to-site-portal>

POINT-TO-SITE VPN CONNECTION

❖ Configure a point-to-site VPN connection using Azure certificate authentication

• Creating virtual network gateway

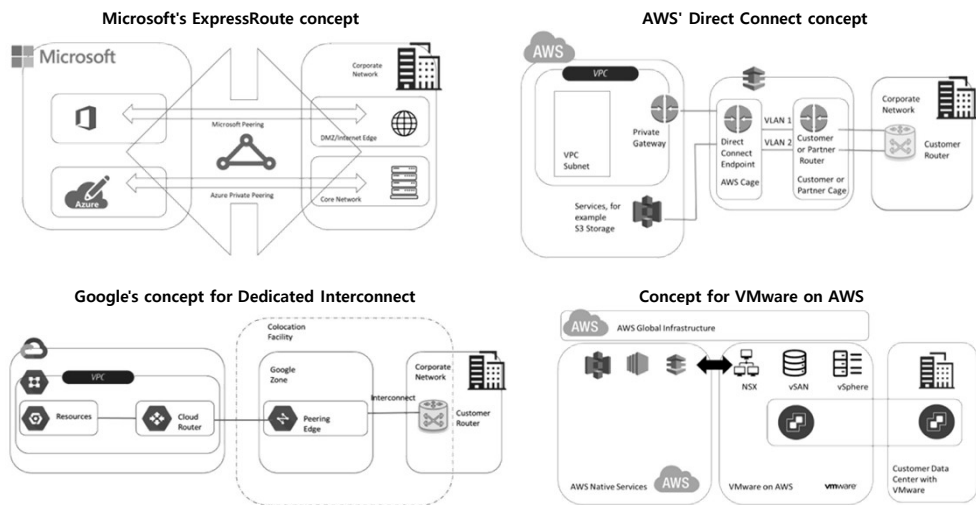
✓ View the public IP address



Source: <https://learn.microsoft.com/en-gb/azure/vpn-gateway/vpn-gateway-howto-point-to-site-resource-manager-portal>

전용선 서비스 연계

❖ 전용선 서비스 연계



❖ Unlimited Data plan(Azure ExpressRoute 예)

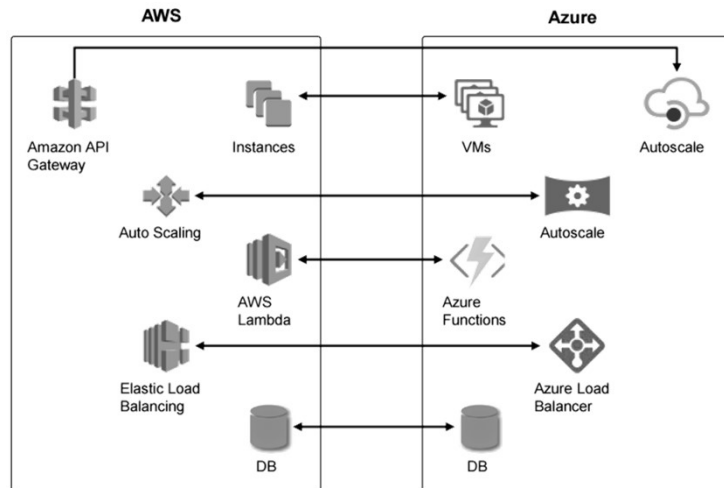
Circuit bandwidth	Local Circuit Price per Month	Standard circuit price per month	Premium circuit price per month	Inbound data transfer included	Outbound data transfer included
50 Mbps	N/A	\$300	\$375	Unlimited	Unlimited
100 Mbps	N/A	\$575	\$675	Unlimited	Unlimited
200 Mbps	N/A	\$1,150	\$1,300	Unlimited	Unlimited
500 Mbps	N/A	\$2,750	\$3,150	Unlimited	Unlimited
1 Gbps	\$1,200	\$5,700	\$6,450	Unlimited	Unlimited
2 Gbps	\$2,200	\$11,400	\$12,900	Unlimited	Unlimited
5 Gbps	\$3,600	\$25,650	\$28,650	Unlimited	Unlimited
10 Gbps	\$5,500	\$51,300	\$54,300	Unlimited	Unlimited



III. 멀티 클라우드의 연동



❖ 동일 서비스 고려하는 Multi-Cloud Architecture



❖ Cloud Computing AWS, GCP, Azure

Cloud Comparison Cheat Sheet blog.bytebytego.com

	aws	Azure	Google Cloud	ORACLE CLOUD
VM	Elastic Compute Cloud (EC2)	Virtual Machine	Compute Engine	Virtual Machine
Managed K8s	Elastic Kubernetes Service (EKS)	Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS)	Google Kubernetes Engine (GKE)	Oracle Container Engine
Serverless (Function)	Lambda	Azure Functions	Cloud Functions	OCI Functions
Storage	Simple Storage Service (S3)	Blob Storage	Cloud Storage	Object Storage
	Elastic Block Store	Managed Disk	Persistent Disk	Persistent Volume
	Elastic File System	File Storage	File Store	File Storage
VPC	Virtual Private Cloud	Virtual Network	Virtual Private Cloud	Virtual Cloud Network
DNS	Route 53	DNS	Cloud DNS	DNS
LB	Elastic Load Balancing	Load Balancer	Cloud Load Balancing	Load Balancer
WAF	Web Application Firewall	Web Application Firewall	Cloud Armor	Web Application Firewall
	RDS	SQL Database	Cloud SQL	ATP

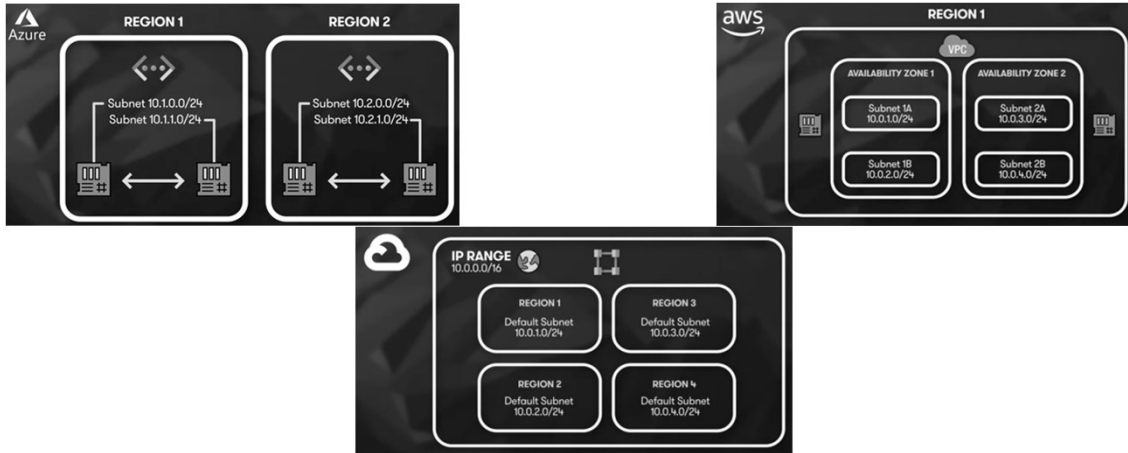
DynamoDB	Cosmos DB	Firestore Realtime Database	NoSQL Database
Redshift	Synapse Analytics	BigQuery	Autonomous Data Warehouse
Elastic MapReduce	HDInsight	Dataproc	Big Data
Kinesis	Streaming Analytics	Dataflow	Streaming
SageMaker	Machine Learning	Vertex AI	Data Science
Glue	Data Factory	Data Fusion	Data Integration
EventBridge	Event Grid	Eventarc	Events
Simple Queuing Service	Storage Queues	Pub/Sub	Streaming
Simple Notification Service	Service Bus	Firestore Cloud Messaging	Notifications
CloudWatch	Monitor	Cloud Monitoring	Monitoring
CloudFormation	Resource Manager	Deployment Manager	Resource Manager
IAM	Active Directory	Cloud Identity	IAM
KMS	Key Vault	Cloud KMS	Vault

Source: <https://www.facebook.com/groups/cloudcomputinglearn/permalink/2293891134128116/?sfnsn=mo&ref=share&mbextid=VhDh1V>



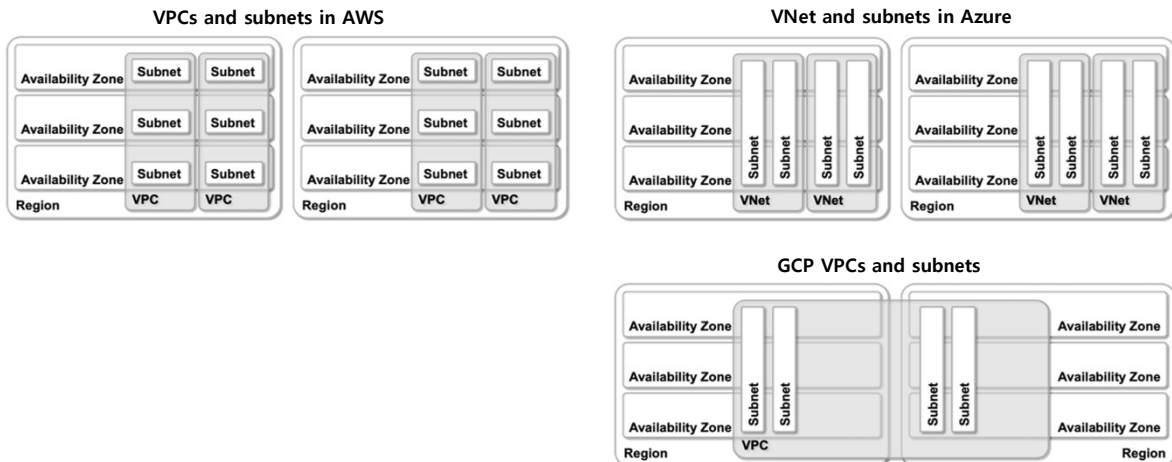
❖ Networking services compared: AWS vs Azure vs Google Cloud

• Networking basics



Source: <https://acloudguru.com/blog/engineering/networking-services-compared-aws-vs-azure-vs-google-cloud>

❖ Virtual Networks and Subnets in AWS, Azure, and GCP



Source: <https://blog.ip-space.net/2021/02/vpc-subnets-aws-azure-gcp.html>

CSP의 주요 네트워크 서비스

❖ CSP의 주요 네트워크 서비스 (예): Key network services for AWS, Azure, and GCP

Cloud Platform	Amazon Web Services (AWS)	Microsoft Azure	Google Cloud Platform (GCP)
Virtual Network	Amazon Virtual Private Cloud (VPC)	Virtual Networks (VNETs)	Virtual Private Cloud
Data Center integration	Direct Connect	ExpressRoute	Google Cloud Interconnect
Load Balancer	Elastic Load Balancer	Load Balancer	Google Cloud Load Balancing
DNS	Amazon Route 53	Azure DNS	Google Cloud DNS
Firewall	AWS Firewall / Web Application Firewall	Azure Firewall	Google Cloud firewalls

Source: Infrastructure Architecture Essentials for Data Center and Cloud, Shankar Kambhampaty



IAAS NETWORKING SERVICES

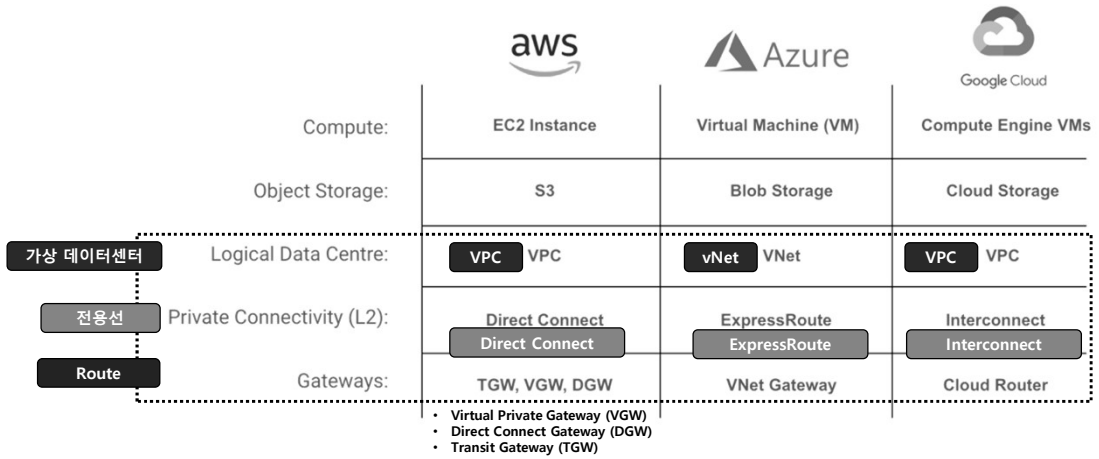
❖ IaaS Networking Services across AWS, Azure, GCP

Network Services/Function	AWS	Azure	Google
Network Administration	Account	Subscription	Project
Virtual Network	VPC & Subnets	VNET & Subnet	VPC and Sub-Network
DNS	Route 53	Traffic Manager	Cloud DNS
VPN	VGW	VPN Gateway	VPN Gateway
Peering	AWS Peering or DirectConnect	Azure Peering or ExpressRoute	Google Cloud Interconnect
Load Balancer	ELB	NLB	Cloud Load Balancer
Security	Sec Groups	Network Security Groups	Network ACLs
Storage	S3	Blob Storage	Cloud Storage
Notifications	SNS	Notification hubs	Cloud Messaging
Messaging	SQS	Batch	Pub/Sub
Logging	CloudTrail	Operational Insights	Cloud Logging
Monitoring	CloudWatch	Application Insights	Cloud Monitoring

Source: <https://aviatrix.com/learn-center/answered-multi-cloud/how-to-do-multicloud-networking-abstraction-and-orchestration-across-aws-azure-and-google/>

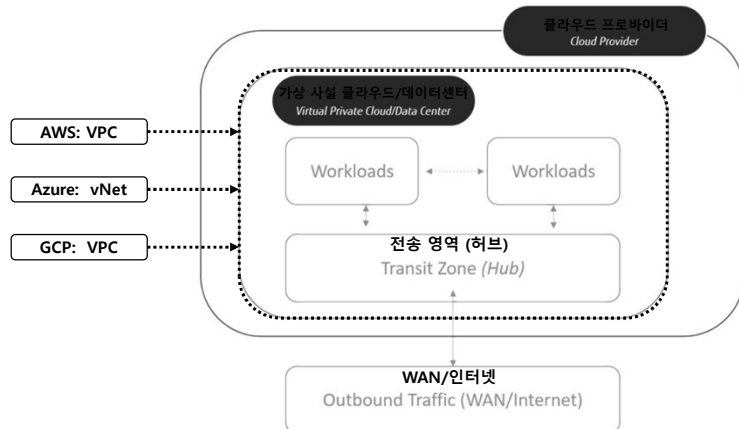


❖ CSP 네트워크 용어 (terminology alignment)



Source: <https://www.megaport.com/blog/comparing-cloud-providers-private-connectivity/>

❖ High-level diagram of a virtual private cloud/data center



Source: Mulder, Jeroen. Multi-Cloud Architecture and Governance: Leverage Azure, AWS, GCP, and VMware vSphere to build effective multi-cloud solutions (p. 74). Packt Publishing. Kindle Edition.

❖ Networking services compared: AWS vs Azure vs Google Cloud

- 가상 사설 데이터센터, BGP, VPN, 전용선, 방화벽

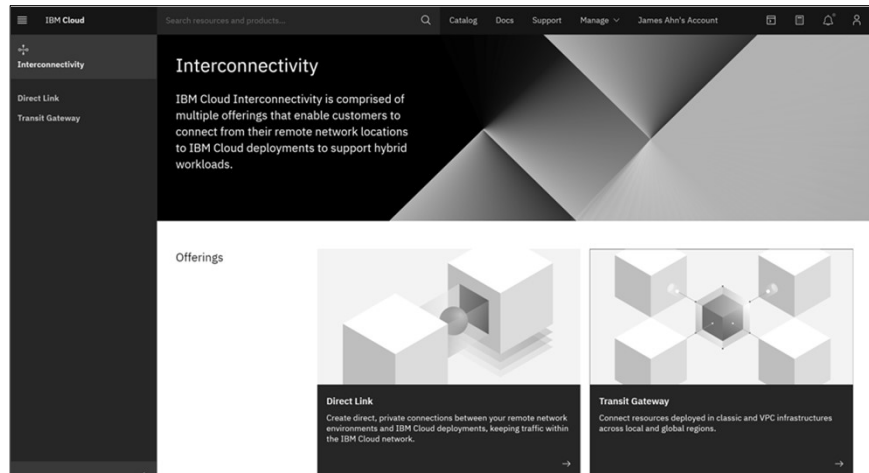
SERVICE NAME	aws	Azure	Google Cloud
	Virtual Private Cloud (VPC)	VNet	Virtual Private Cloud (VPC)
	Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)
	AWS Transit Gateway AWS Direct Connect AWS Site-to-Site VPN	VPN Gateway ExpressRoute Gateway Azure Firewall	Shared VPC Cloud VPN Cloud Interconnect

Source: <https://acloudguru.com/blog/engineering/networking-services-compared-aws-vs-azure-vs-google-cloud>



❖ CSP 포털 (예): IBM Cloud – Interconnectivity

- Direct Link
- Transit Gateway

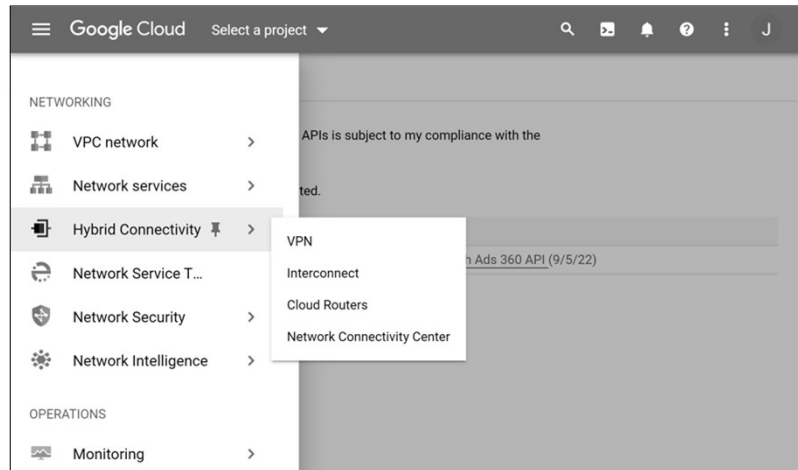


Source: <https://cloud.ibm.com/catalog?category=network>



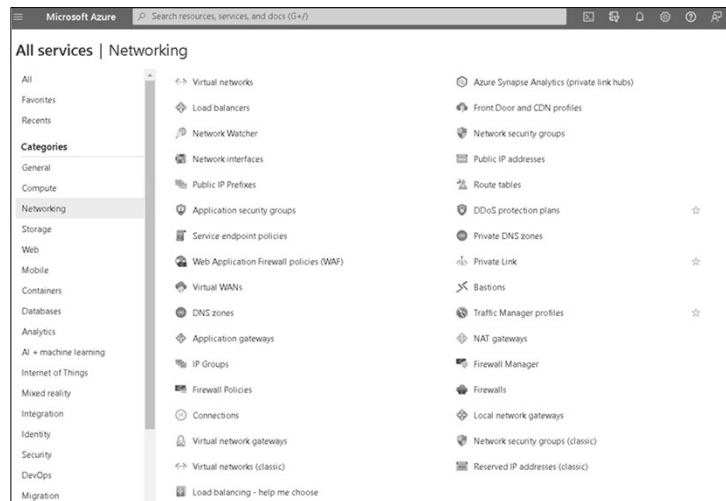
❖ CSP 포털 (예): Google Cloud Networking – Hybrid Connectivity

- VPN
- Interconnect
- Cloud Routers
- Network Connectivity Center



Source: <https://console.cloud.google.com/products#networking>

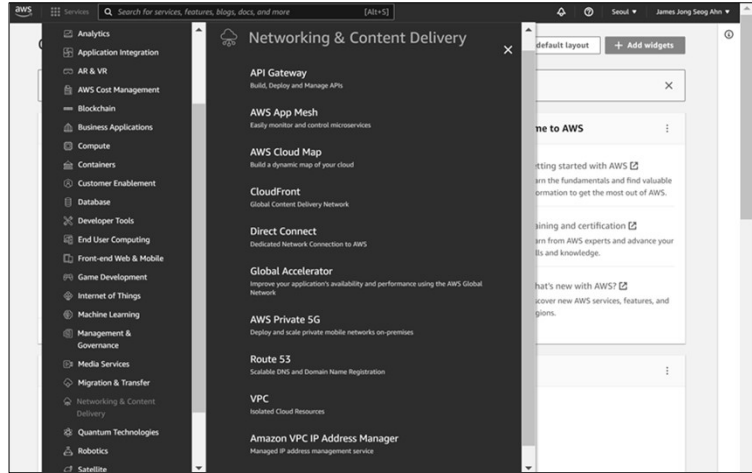
❖ CSP 포털 (예): Azure Networking



Source: <https://portal.azure.com/#allservices/category/Networking>

❖ CSP 포털 (예): Amazon AWS – Networking & Contents Delivery

- API Gateway
- AWS App Mesh
- AWS Cloud Map
- CloudFront
- Direct Connect
- Global Accelerator
- AWS Private 5G
- Route 53
- VPC
- Amazon VPC IP Address Manager



Source: <https://ap-northeast-2.console.aws.amazon.com/console/home?region=ap-northeast-2#>

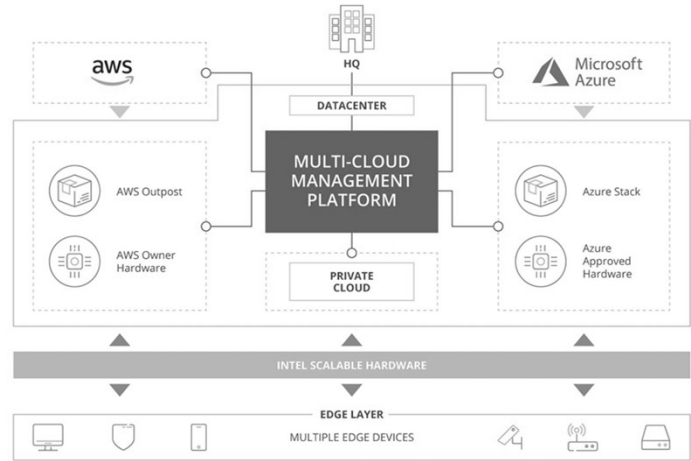
❖ CSP 포털 (예): Naver Cloud – Networking

- VPC
- Global DNS
- SSL VPN
- Load Balancer
- IPsec VPN
- Global Route Manager
- Cloud Connect
- NAT Gateway
- DNS

Services Reference Architecture	
	Networking*
Featured*	Networking
Compute*	VPC (Virtual Private Cloud) 퍼블릭 클라우드 상에서 제공되는 고객 전용 사설 네트워크 공간
Containers	Load Balancer 서버 성능과 부하량을 고려하여 네트워크 트래픽을 다수의 서버로 분산해 주는 서비스
Storage	Cloud Connect 온 프레미스와 내비 클라우드 플랫폼을 전용 사설 네트워크로 연결하는 서비스
Networking	Global DNS 서비스 운영에 필요한 도메인을 간편하게 설정하고 관리할 수 있는 서비스
Database*	IPsec VPN 외부에 있는 고객의 네트워크와의 연결을 암호화하여 보호하는 서비스
Security*	NAT Gateway 다수의 IP를 하나의 IP로 변환하는데 필요한 서비스
AI Services*	DNS (deprecated) 서비스 운영에 필요한 도메인을 쉽고 간편하게 설정하고 관리할 수 있는 서비스
Application Services*	Global Traffic Manager DNS를 기반으로 네트워크 트래픽을 다수의 서버로 분산(로드밸런싱)해 주는 서비스
Big Data & Analytics*	
Blockchain	

Source: <https://www.ncloud.com/>

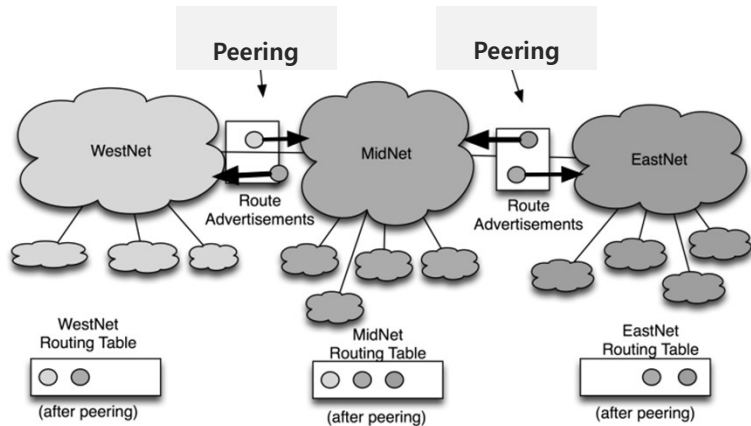
❖ Multi Cloud Management Platform Reference Architecture



Source: <https://www.infosecrain.com/blog/what-is-multi-cloud-network-architecture/#What-is-multi-cloud-network-architecture>

❖ 피어링 peering (1:1 연결)

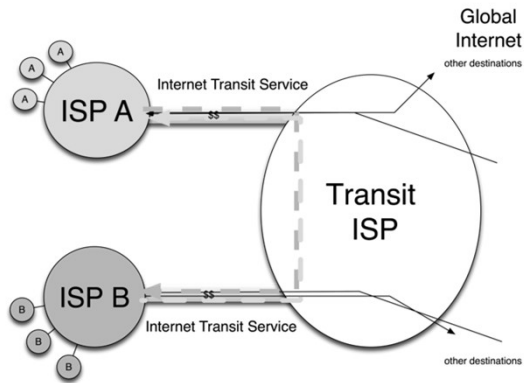
- 피어링 내망을 경유해서 다른 망과 연결시켜주는 역할은 제외되기 때문에 WestNet과 EastNet은 MidNet을 경유해서 서로 통신할 수 없음 (즉, 피어링 관계에서는 피어링한 관계 내에서만 통신)



Source: <https://m.cien.net/service/board/lecture/17610900>

❖ 트랜짓 transit (1:1:N 연결)

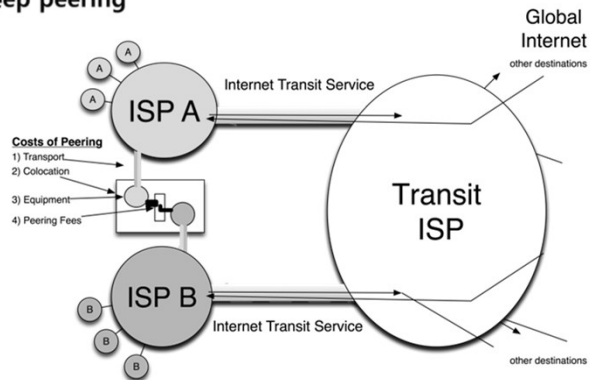
- 모든 망 운영자가 서로 피어링을 맺기에는 너무 비효율적 (n개의 망이 있다면, $n*(n-1)/2$ 개의 접속이 필요)
- 트랜짓 서비스는 경유시켜주는 쪽이 서비스를 제공하는 것으로 트랜짓 서비스는 요금 발생



Source: <https://m.clien.net/service/board/lecture/17610900>

❖ 피어링 vs 트랜짓

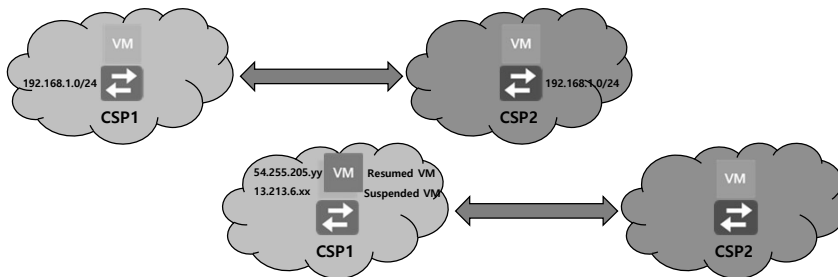
- 피어링은 상대방하고만 1:1로 통신하기 위한 접속이고, 트랜짓은 상대방뿐만 아니라 상대방을 통해 다른 망과 통신하기 위한 접속
- 피어링은 무료일 수도 있고 유료일 수도 있지만, 유료라 하더라도 트랜짓보다는 저렴
- 무정산 피어링 settlement-free peering, bill-and-keep peering
- 유상 피어링 paid peering
- 트랜짓은 대역폭을 늘리기 어려움



Source: <https://m.clien.net/service/board/lecture/17610900>

❖ Check point

- 인프라 생성전에는 정확한 네트워크 정보를 얻기 어려움
- VPN Gateway를 활용해도 통신이 어려울 수 있고, Supernetting이 쉽지 않음
- Suspended → Resume 시 IP 주소 변경되어 통신 문제 발생 할 수 있음
- 원하는 규모의 IPv4 사설 주소 공간 확보가 어려울 수 있음



Source: © ETRI Conference 2022 '멀티클라우드 가상네트워크 기술' (김윤곤) 참조



❖ Check point 해결 방법

- 네트워크 정보 동적 업데이트
- 가상/공통 네트워크 제공
 - ✓ 서로 다른 클라우드의 서로 다른 서브넷상에서 인프라 및 응용 (VM/Container)들이 동일 서브넷에 존재하는 것처럼 사설 IP 기반으로 운용 관리 할 수 있도록 하는 기술
 - ✓ 멀티클라우드의 다양한 네트워크에 적용 가능한 오버레이 네트워크로 VM 그룹에 동일 네트워크를 제공
- 네트워크 터널링
 - ✓ 서로 다른 오버레이(Overlay) 네트워크 기술이 적용된 CSP의 제어영역을 통과하여 통신 가능
 - ✓ 선택적으로 종단간(End-to-End) 암호화(Encryption) 적용 가능

Source: © ETRI Conference 2022 '멀티클라우드 가상네트워크 기술' (김윤곤) 참조



❖ 가상 네트워크 환경을 위한 VCN 만들기 (Oracle Cloud Infrastructure)

- Virtual Cloud Network(VCN)은 가상 네트워크 환경을 제공합니다.

Start VCN Wizard Help

Create VCN

with Internet Connectivity

Add Internet Connectivity and Site-to-Site VPN to a VCN

Creates a VCN with a public subnet that can be reached from the Internet. Also creates a private subnet that can connect to the Internet through a NAT gateway, and also privately connect to the Oracle Services Network.

Includes: VCN, public subnet, private subnet, internet gateway (IG), NAT gateway (NAT), service gateway (SG).

Start VCN Wizard Cancel

Source: <https://thekoquryo.github.io/oci/chapter03/2/>

❖ 네이버클라우드플랫폼 (NCP)

- Classic/VPC

1. on-demand configurable pool of shared computing resources

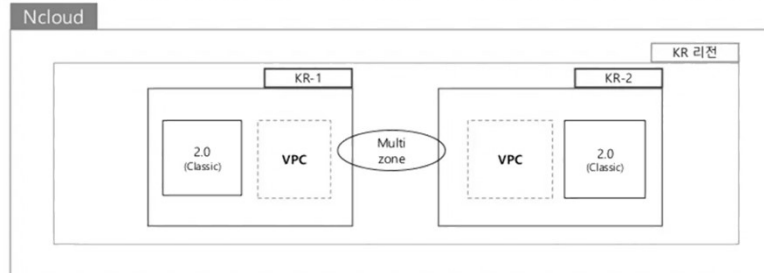
논리적으로 완벽하게 격리된 네트워크를 사용자가 직접 설계하여 구성할 수 있도록 제공

2. Ncloud 2.0은 Classic과 VPC가 공존

KR 리전에 KR-1, KR-2 멀티존(Multi-AZ) 출시

3. Classic과 VPC는 다른 플랫폼입니다. 그러므로 상품간 연동이 되지 않을 수 있습니다.

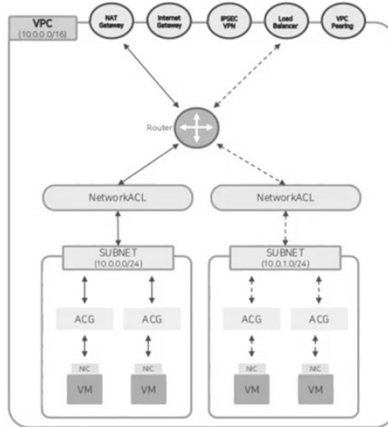
기본적으로 네트워크가 분리되어 있기 때문에 IP 기반의 상품은 상호간 통신 불가하며, 이에 따른 개별 상품의 버전이 상이



Source: https://www.slideshare.net/n_cloudplatform/ss-239153998

❖ 네이버클라우드플랫폼 (NCP)

• VPC 기본 제어 기능



VPC는 클라우드 상에 논리적으로 분리된 고객별 전용 네트워크를 제공 네트워크 접근 제어를 거친 후 서버 접근 제어로 진행되어 보안이 강화될 다른 사용자와 간섭 발생 영역이 줄어 높은 안정성과 보안성을 제공

구분	내용
VPC 제어	VPC 생성/삭제는 사용자 독립적인 N/W 생성/삭제를 의미
Subnet 제어	VPC 내에서 사용할 Subnet 지정 가능
Routing 제어	라우팅 설정 기능 제공
N/W ACL 제어	Stateless 형태의 트래픽 제어
ACG 제어	Stateful 형태의 트래픽 제어
Endpoint	Internet G/W (공인IP), NAT G/W (SNAT), IPSEC VPN, Loadbalancer, VPC Peering 등

Source: https://www.slideshare.net/n_cloudplatform/ss-239153998

❖ 네이버클라우드플랫폼 (NCP)

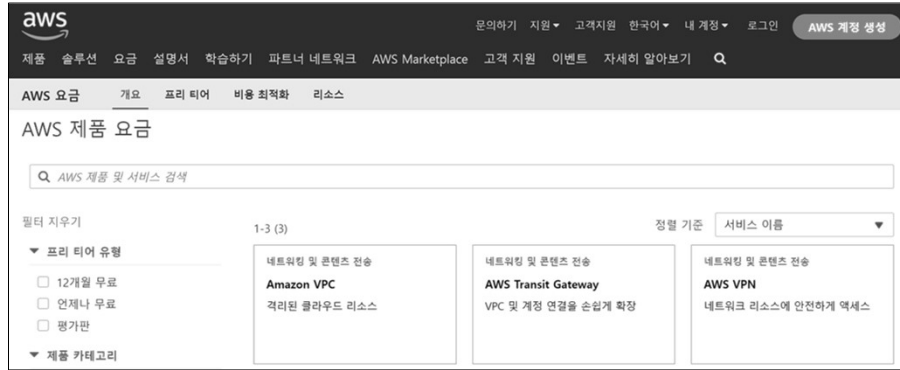
• VPC - 네트워크 구성 요소

구성 요소	아이콘	세부 설명
VPC		VPC는 퍼블릭 클라우드 상에 논리적으로 완전하게 분리된 고객 전용 네트워크를 제공하는 서비스. 최대 /16의 IP 네트워크 공간을 제공. (IP 대역: RFC 1918)
Subnet (Internet GW)		할당된 VPC를 용도에 맞게 네트워크 공간을 세분화하여 사용. /16 ~ /28의 네트워크 주소 할당이 가능. Public Subnet 생성 시, Internet Gateway가 연결됨
NAT GW		폐쇄된 네트워크에서 외부와의 인터넷 통신 시 사용하는 게이트웨이.
Route Table		네트워크 경로를 설정할 수 있는 기능을 제공. VPC 내부 통신을 위한 Local은 기본적으로 설정.
ACG		서버에서 인바운드/아웃바운드의 네트워크 접근 제어를 지원하며 Stateful 기반으로 동작
NACL		Subnet에서 인바운드/아웃바운드의 네트워크 접근 제어를 지원하며 Stateless 기반으로 동작
Virtual Private Gateway		Cloud Connect와 IPsec VPN에 연결되는 네이버 클라우드 플랫폼의 VPC 측 연결 접점으로서 Cloud Connect와 IPsec VPN 연결을 지원
VPC Peering		VPC 간 사설 연결을 보장하는 기능. 단방향 통신 제공으로 양방향 통신을 원하면 뒤바뀐 두개 정책 필요

Source: https://www.slideshare.net/n_cloudplatform/ss-239153998

❖ AWS 제품 요금: 네트워킹 및 콘텐츠 전송 제품 카테고리

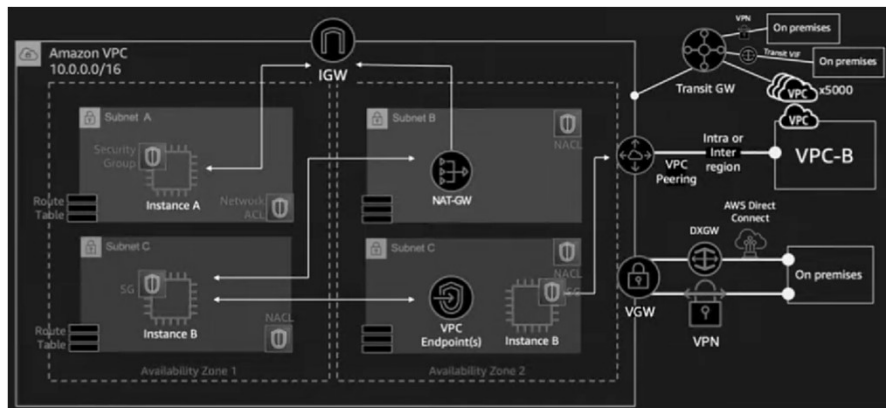
- Amazon VPC
- AWS Transit Gateway
- AWS VPN



Source: https://aws.amazon.com/vpn/pricing/?did=ap_card&trk=ap_card
 Source: https://aws.amazon.com/vpc/pricing/?did=ap_card&trk=ap_card , https://aws.amazon.com/transit-gateway/pricing/?did=ap_card&trk=ap_card

❖ AWS VPC 구성 개요

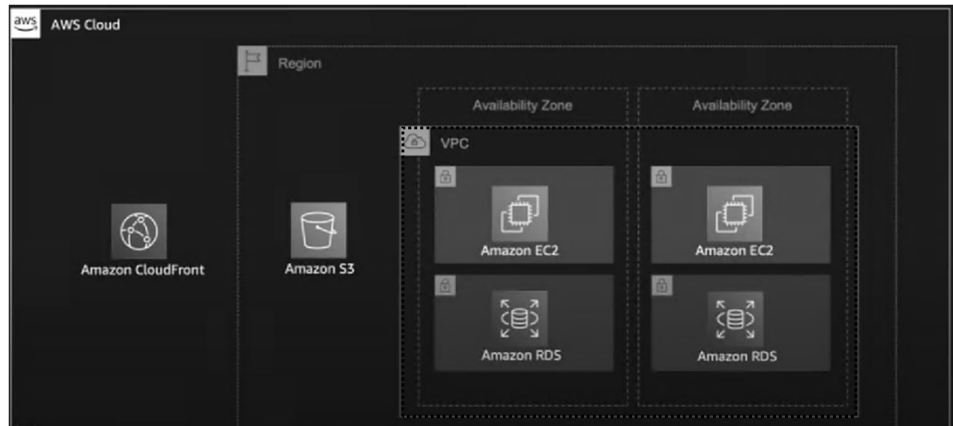
- Subnet
- Routing
- IGW
- NAT-GW
- Security Group
- Network ACL (NACL)
- Transit GW
- VPN/VGW
- Peering
- DXGW/DX



Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vCNexbgYmQ8>

❖ AWS default VPC(버추얼 프라이빗 클라우드) 자원 레벨

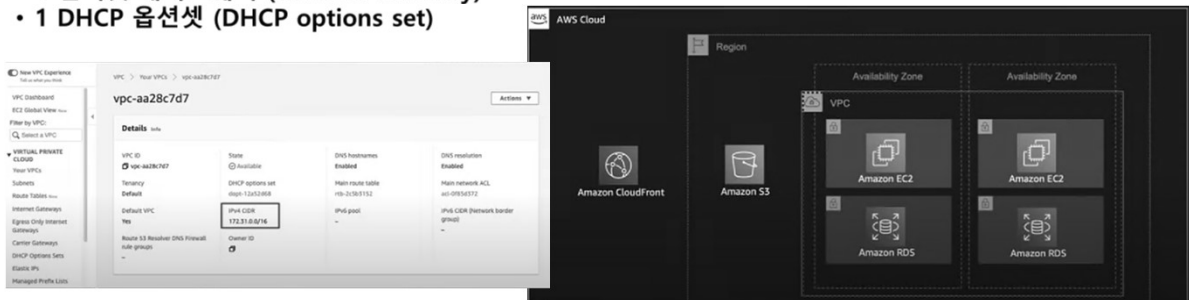
- 글로벌 (Global)
- 리전 (Region)
- 가용영역 (AZ)



Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vCNexbgYmQ8>

❖ AWS: 기본 VPC의 구성 요소

- 1 VPC
- n 서브넷 Subnet(n은 사용할 수 있는 가용존의 개수)
- 1 라우트 테이블 (Route Table)
- 1 네트워크 ACL (Network ACL)
- 1 시큐리티 그룹 (Security Group)
- 1 인터넷 게이트웨이 (Internet Gateway)
- 1 DHCP 옵션셋 (DHCP options set)

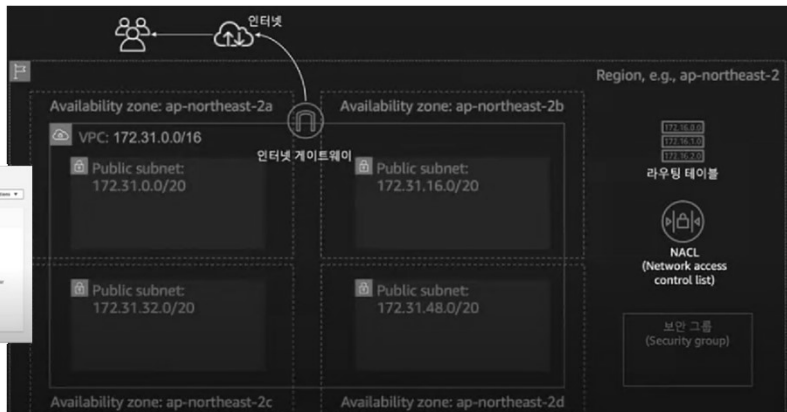


Source: https://www.44bits.io/ko/post/understanding_aws_vpc

DEFAULT VPC IP 주소 범위

❖ AWS: Default VPC IP 주소 범위: 172.31.0.0/16 (서울의 경우 4개의 AZ 제공)

- AZ 2a: 172.31.0.0/20
- AZ 2b: 172.31.16.0/20
- AZ 2c: 172.31.32.0/20
- AZ 2d: 172.31.48.0/20



Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vCNexbgYmQ8>

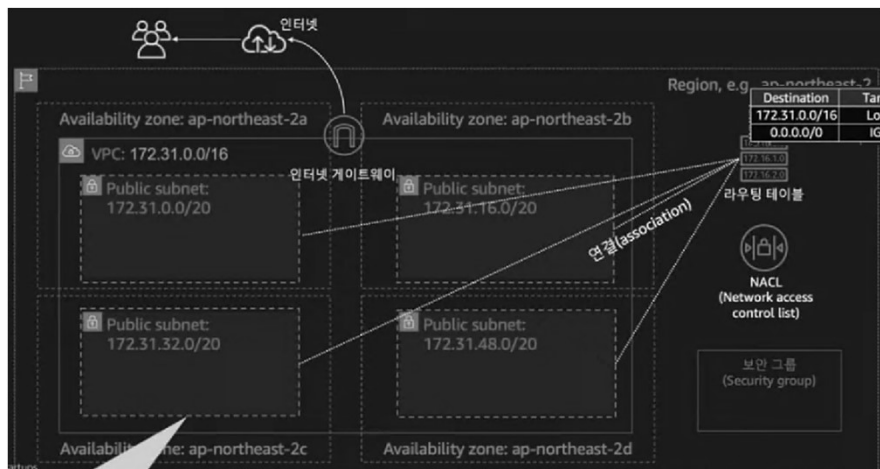
DEFAULT VPC 구성 - 라우팅 테이블

❖ AWS: Default VPC 구성 - 라우팅 테이블

- 172.31.0.0/16 (Local)
- 0.0.0.0/0 (IGW)



Internet Gateway (IGW)



Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vCNexbgYmQ8>

❖ AWS: Default VPC 구성 - 라우팅 테이블

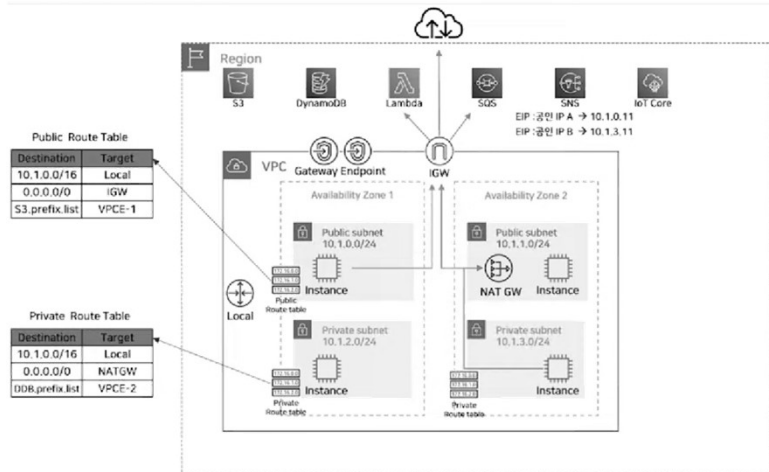
• IGW 연결 VPC 외부 AWS 서비스

- ✓ S3
- ✓ DynamoDB
- ✓ Lambda
- ✓ SQS
- ✓ SNS
- ✓ IoT Core
- ✓ 기타



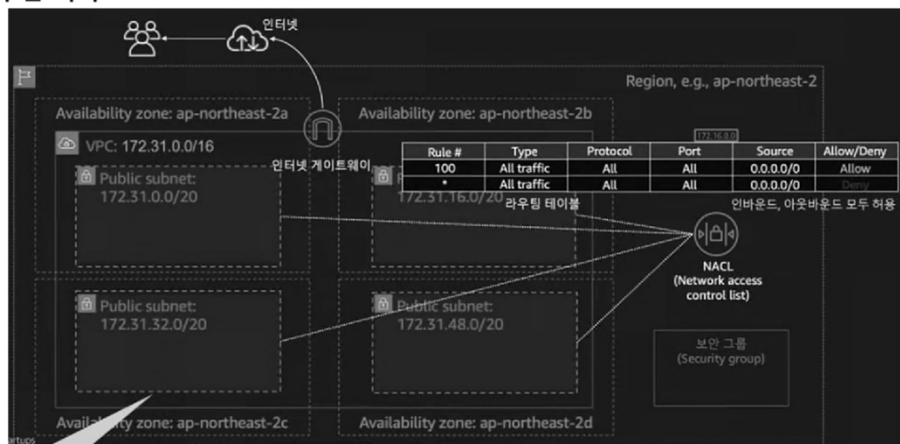
Internet Gateway (IGW)

Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5kUZaGtXXt4>



❖ AWS: Default VPC 구성 - NACL (Stateless Firewall)

• Rule 번호가 작을수록 우선 처리



Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vCNexbgYmQ8>

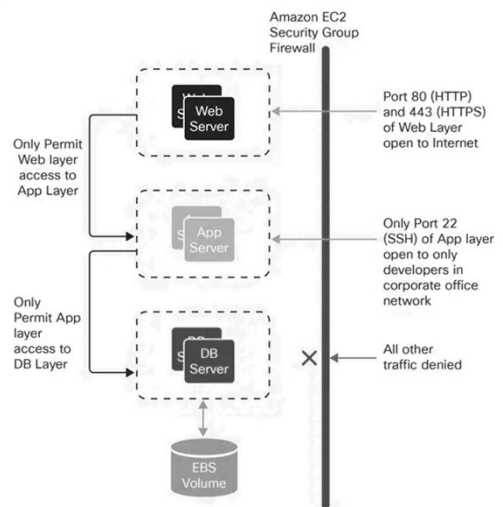


❖ AWS: Default VPC 구성 - Security Group



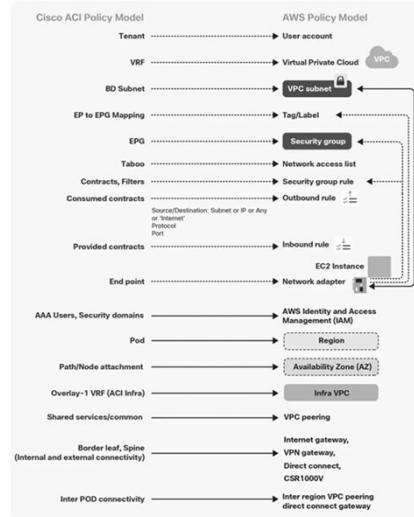
Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vCNexbgYmQ8>

❖ AWS SG-Based Network Model



Source: <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/dcn/whitepapers/cisco-hybrid-multicloud-networking-design-guide.html>

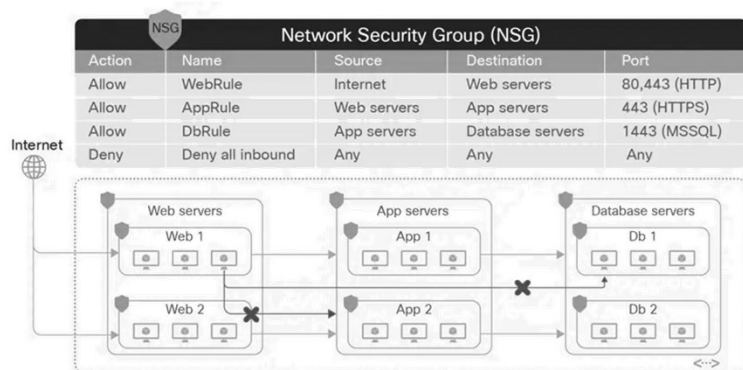
❖ Cisco ACI Policy Model to AWS Mapping



Source: <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/dcn/whitepapers/cisco-hybrid-multicloud-networking-design-guide.html>



❖ Microsoft Azure Security Group-Based Network Model



Permit Internet access to Web servers (port 80 and 443)
 Permit Web servers access to App servers (port 443)
 Permit App servers access to Database servers (port 1443)
 All other traffic denied

Source: <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/dcn/whitepapers/cisco-hybrid-multicloud-networking-design-guide.html>



❖ AWS: 새로운 VPC 구성 - CIDR 사용 대역 정하기

- Classless Inter-Domain Routing
- RFC 1918: 사설 IP 대역 권장
 - ✓ 10.0.0.0/8: 10.0.0.0 - 10.255.255.255
 - ✓ 172.16.0.0/12: 172.16.0.0 - 172.31.255.255
 - ✓ 192.168.0.0/16: 192.168.0.0 - 192.168.255.255
- VPC CIDR 변경 불가, 대역 추가 가능
- IPv6 선택 시 VPC 대역은 /56, 각 서브넷은 /64 고정
- 서브넷 별로 예약된 IP 고려
 - ✓ 10.1.0.0: 네트워크 주소
 - ✓ 10.1.0.1: AWS에서 VPC 라우팅으로 예약
 - ✓ 10.1.0.2: AWS 예약
 - ✓ 10.1.0.3: AWS에서 향후 사용을 위해 예약
 - ✓ 10.1.0.255: 네트워크 브로드캐스트 주소



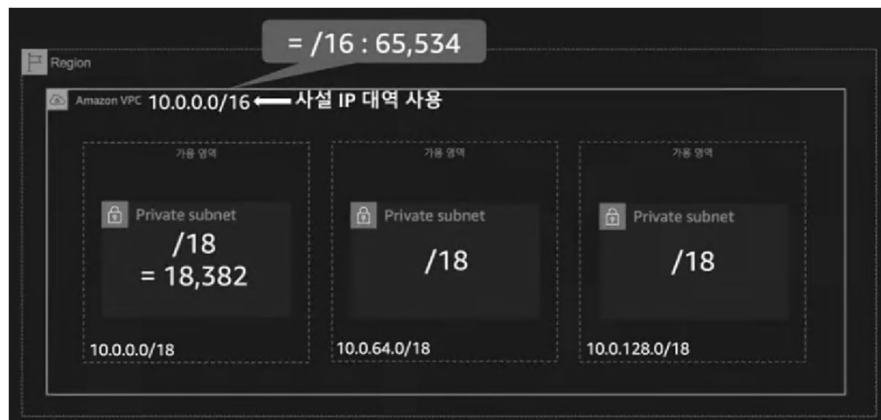
Class	Subnet Mask	Format	Bits to specify hosts	Number of Hosts	Bits to specify networks	Number of Networks
Class A	8-bit	255.0.0.0	24	2 ²⁴ - 2 (=16,777,214)	1	2 ⁸ (=128)
Class B	16-bit	255.255.0.0	16	2 ¹⁶ - 2 (=65,534)	2	2 ¹⁶ (=16,384)
Class C	24-bit	255.255.255.0	8	2 ⁸ - 2 (=254)	3	2 ²⁴ (=16,777,214)

CIDR Notation	Available Hosts	Subnet Mask
/8	2 ²⁴ - 2 (=16,777,214)	255.0.0.0
/9	2 ²⁰ - 2 (=838,860)	255.128.0.0
/10	2 ¹⁶ - 2 (=419,430)	255.192.0.0
/11	2 ¹² - 2 (=209,715)	255.224.0.0
/12	2 ¹⁰ - 2 (=104,857)	255.240.0.0
/13	2 ⁸ - 2 (=52,428)	255.248.0.0
/14	2 ⁶ - 2 (=26,214)	255.252.0.0
/15	2 ⁴ - 2 (=13,107)	255.254.0.0
/16	2 ² - 2 (=6,553)	255.255.0.0
/17	2 ² - 2 (=3,276)	255.255.128.0
/18	2 ² - 2 (=1,638)	255.255.192.0
/19	2 ² - 2 (=819)	255.255.224.0
/20	2 ² - 2 (=409)	255.255.240.0
/21	2 ² - 2 (=204)	255.255.248.0
/22	2 ² - 2 (=102)	255.255.252.0
/23	2 ² - 2 (=51)	255.255.254.0
/24	2 ² - 2 (=25)	255.255.255.0
/25	2 ² - 2 (=12)	255.255.255.128
/26	2 ² - 2 (=6)	255.255.255.192
/27	2 ² - 2 (=3)	255.255.255.224
/28	2 ² - 2 (=1)	255.255.255.240
/29	2 ² - 2 (=0)	255.255.255.248
/30	2 ² - 2 (=0)	255.255.255.252

Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vCNexbgYmQ8>

❖ AWS: 새로운 VPC 구성 - 서브네팅

- Classless Inter-Domain Routing 사용 (예)



Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vCNexbgYmQ8>

- ❖ AWS: 새로운 VPC 구성 - 서브네팅
 - Classless Inter-Domain Routing 권장 구성 (예)



Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vCNexbgYmQ8>

- ❖ AWS: 새로운 VPC 구성 - 라우팅
 - 인터넷과 양방향 통신 (예)



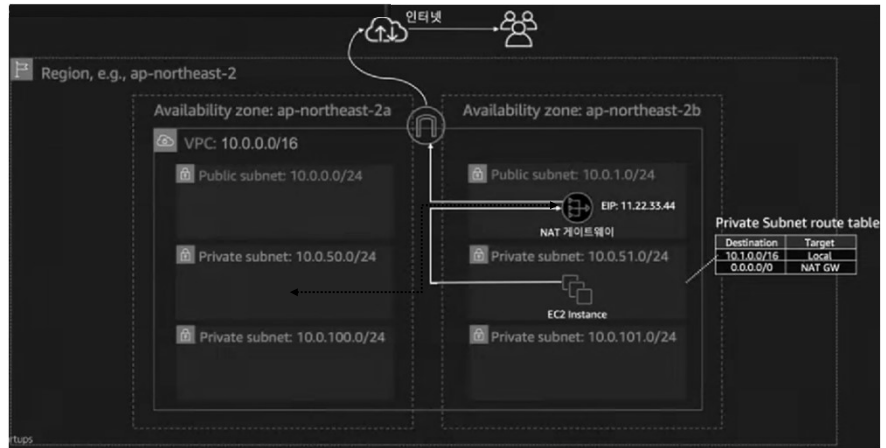
Internet Gateway (IGW)



Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vCNexbgYmQ8>

❖ AWS: 새로운 VPC 구성 - NAT 게이트웨이

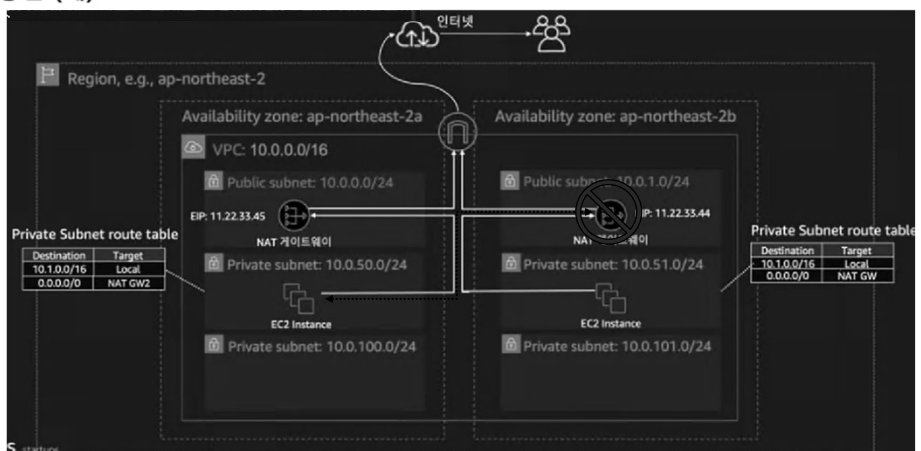
- 인터넷과 아웃바운드 통신 (예)



Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vCNexbgYmQ8>

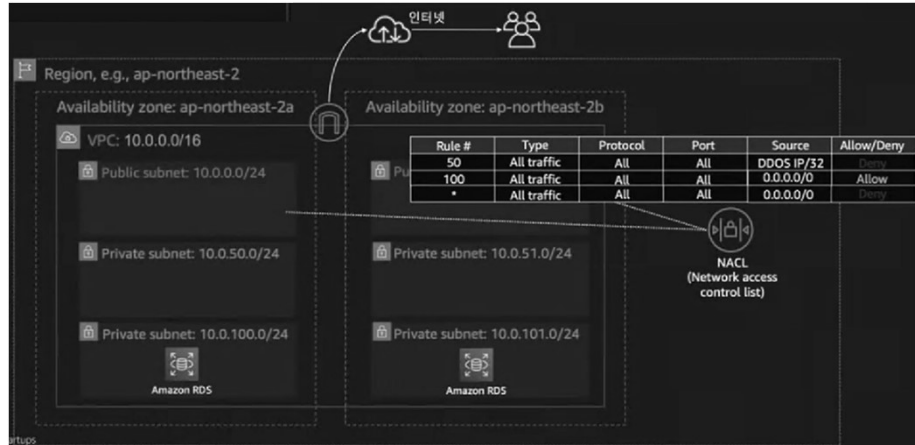
❖ AWS: 새로운 VPC 구성 - NAT 게이트웨이 이중화

- 인터넷과 아웃바운드 통신 (예)



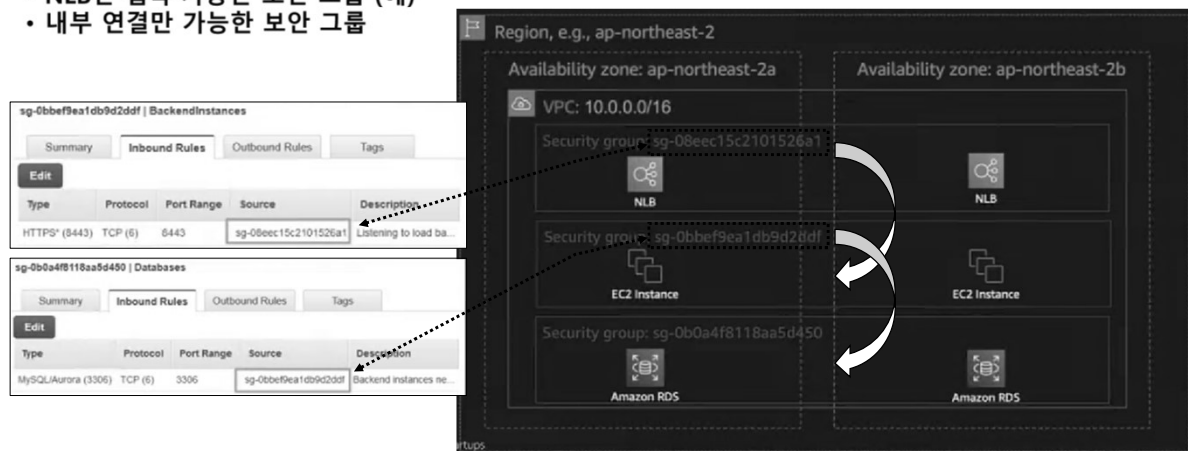
Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vCNexbgYmQ8>

- ❖ AWS: 새로운 VPC 구성 - DDoS 공격 차단
- VPC NACL 사용 (예)



Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vCNexbgYmQ8>

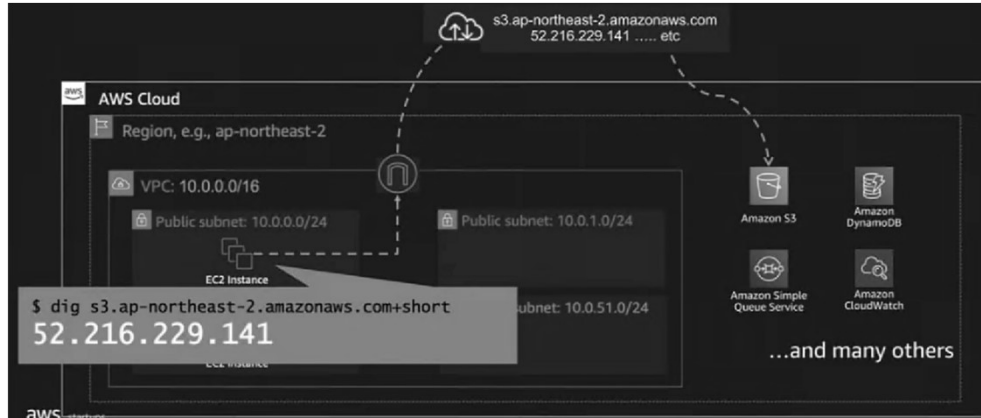
- ❖ AWS: 새로운 VPC 구성 - Security Group
- NLB만 접속 가능한 보안 그룹 (예)
- 내부 연결만 가능한 보안 그룹



Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vCNexbgYmQ8>

❖ AWS: VPC 구성 - 다른 AWS 서비스와 통신 (Private Link)

- 게이트웨이 엔드포인트
- 인터페이스 엔드포인트



Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vCNexbgYmQ8>



❖ AWS: VPC 구성 - 다른 AWS 서비스와 통신 (Private Link)

- 게이트웨이 엔드포인트: S3나 DynamoDB등을 지원
- 인터페이스 엔드포인트

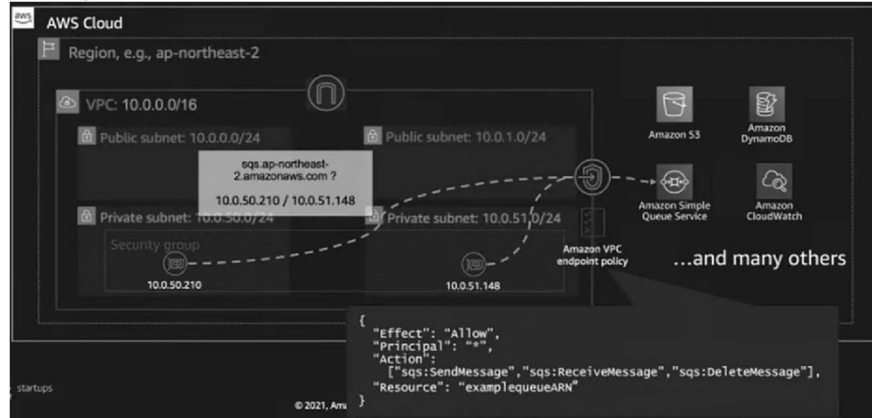


Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vCNexbgYmQ8>



❖ AWS: VPC 구성 - 다른 AWS 서비스와 통신 (Private Link)

- 게이트웨이 엔드포인트
- 인터페이스 엔드포인트 : S3나 Dynamo DB 이외의 95개 이상의 서비스 (SQS 등)

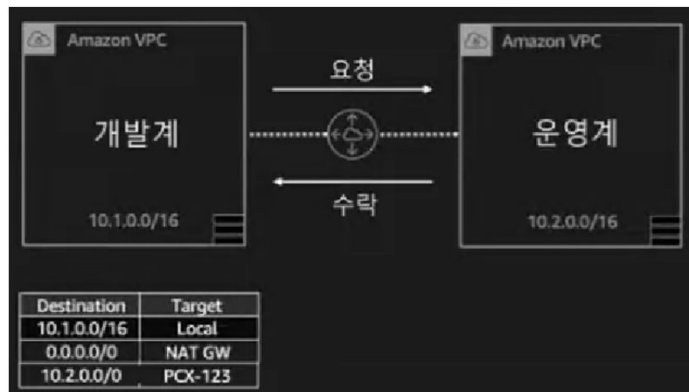


Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vCNexbgYmQ8>



❖ AWS: VPC 구성 - 하나 이상의 VPC 이용

- VPC Peering
- Transit Gateway



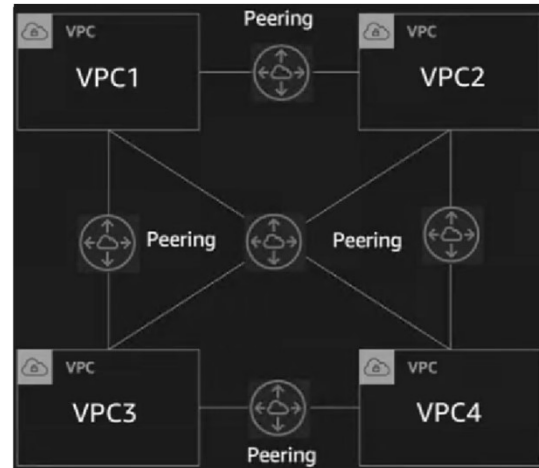
Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vCNexbgYmQ8>



VPC PEERING

❖ AWS: VPC 구성 - 하나 이상의 VPC 이용

- VPC Peering: VPC간 1:1 통신
- Transit Gateway



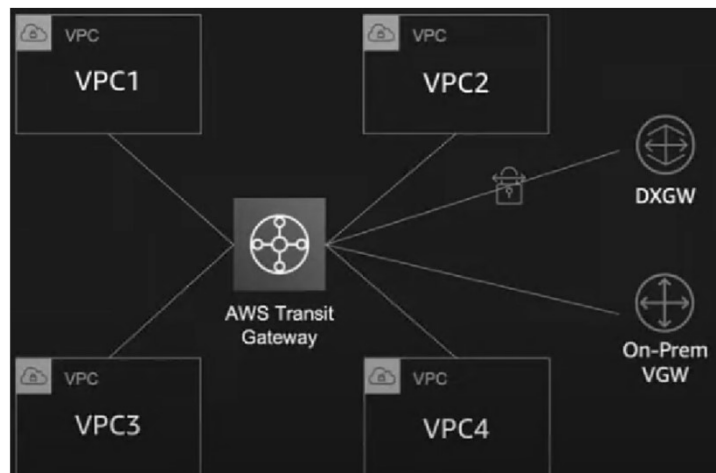
Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vCNexbgYmQ8>



TRANSIT GATEWAY

❖ AWS: VPC 구성 - 하나 이상의 VPC 이용

- VPC Peering
- Transit Gateway:
 - ✓ 다수 VPC 연결 간소화
 - ✓ VPN, DX를 TGW로만 연결
 - ✓ ECMP, Multicast 기능 제공



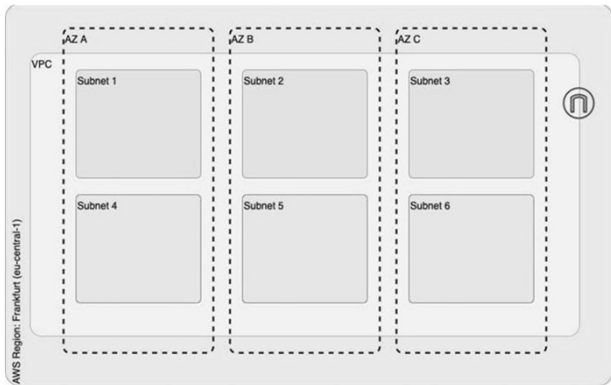
Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vCNexbgYmQ8>



❖ Build AWS VPC using Terraform

• AWS VPC

- ✓ VPC in eu-central-1 zone
- ✓ 1 Internet Gateway (IGW)
- ✓ 3 Public Subnets, one in each AZ
- ✓ 3 Private Subnets, one in each AZ
- ✓ Route Table configurations (main and 2nd)



Source: <https://spacelift.io/blog/terraform-aws-vpc>



❖ Build AWS VPC using Terraform

• AWS VPC

- ✓ Create a VPC

```
resource "aws_vpc" "main" {
  cidr_block = "10.0.0.0/16"

  tags = {
    Name = "Project VPC"
  }
}
```

vpc-0c73c3e6034e4d1fc / Project VPC

Details Info			
VPC ID vpc-0c73c3e6034e4d1fc	State Available	DNS hostnames Disabled	DNS resolution Enabled
Tenancy Default	DHCP option set dopt-9a479f0	Main route table rtb-0942f3ce37ca29e8e	Main network ACL acl-049a262f9c3f2e7d4
Default VPC No	IPv4 CIDR 10.0.0.0/16	IPv6 pool -	IPv6 CIDR (Network border group) -
Route 53 Resolver DNS Firewall rule groups -	Owner ID 532199187081		

Source: <https://spacelift.io/blog/terraform-aws-vpc>



❖ Build AWS VPC using Terraform

- AWS VPC
 - ✓ Create Subnets

```
variable "public_subnet_cidrs" {
  type      = list(string)
  description = "Public Subnet CIDR values"
  default   = ["10.0.1.0/24", "10.0.2.0/24", "10.0.3.0/24"]
}

variable "private_subnet_cidrs" {
  type      = list(string)
  description = "Private Subnet CIDR values"
  default   = ["10.0.4.0/24", "10.0.5.0/24", "10.0.6.0/24"]
}

resource "aws_subnet" "public_subnets" {
  count      = length(var.public_subnet_cidrs)
  vpc_id    = aws_vpc.main.id
  cidr_block = element(var.public_subnet_cidrs, count.index)

  tags = {
    Name = "Public Subnet ${count.index + 1}"
  }
}

resource "aws_subnet" "private_subnets" {
  count      = length(var.private_subnet_cidrs)
  vpc_id    = aws_vpc.main.id
  cidr_block = element(var.private_subnet_cidrs, count.index)

  tags = {
    Name = "Private Subnet ${count.index + 1}"
  }
}
```

Source: <https://spacelift.io/blog/terraform-aws-vpc>



❖ Build AWS VPC using Terraform

- AWS VPC
 - ✓ Create Subnets

```
variable "public_subnet_cidrs" {
  type      = list(string)
  description = "Public Subnet CIDR values"
  default   = ["10.0.1.0/24", "10.0.2.0/24", "10.0.3.0/24"]
}

variable "private_subnet_cidrs" {
  type      = list(string)
  description = "Private Subnet CIDR values"
}
```

Refresh Actions Create subnet

Subnets (6) Info

Q filter subnets

VPC: vpc-0c73c3e6034e4d1fc Clear filters

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Subnet ID	VPC	Availability Zone	Network border group
<input type="checkbox"/>	Public Subnet 1	subnet-0ac0ea7022c8be0bc	vpc-0c73c3e6034e4d1fc Proj...	eu-central-1c	eu-central-1
<input type="checkbox"/>	Public Subnet 3	subnet-0ea385bdde2fcb942	vpc-0c73c3e6034e4d1fc Proj...	eu-central-1c	eu-central-1
<input type="checkbox"/>	Public Subnet 2	subnet-0cb6909b61e9b06b0	vpc-0c73c3e6034e4d1fc Proj...	eu-central-1c	eu-central-1
<input type="checkbox"/>	Private Subnet 1	subnet-02276f5631f36f72e	vpc-0c73c3e6034e4d1fc Proj...	eu-central-1c	eu-central-1
<input type="checkbox"/>	Private Subnet 3	subnet-062ec4dfa174dbb90	vpc-0c73c3e6034e4d1fc Proj...	eu-central-1c	eu-central-1
<input type="checkbox"/>	Private Subnet 2	subnet-0809198f93e491c77	vpc-0c73c3e6034e4d1fc Proj...	eu-central-1c	eu-central-1

Source: <https://spacelift.io/blog/terraform-aws-vpc>



CREATE SUBNETS WITH AZ

❖ Build AWS VPC using Terraform

- AWS VPC
 - ✓ Create Subnets with AZ

```
variable "azs" {
  type     = list(string)
  description = "Availability Zones"
  default  = ["eu-central-1a", "eu-central-1b", "eu-central-1c"]
}

resource "aws_subnet" "public_subnets" {
  count          = length(var.public_subnet_cidrs)
  vpc_id        = aws_vpc.main.id
  cidr_block    = element(var.public_subnet_cidrs, count.index)
  availability_zone = element(var.azs, count.index)

  tags = {
    Name = "Public Subnet ${count.index + 1}"
  }
}

resource "aws_subnet" "private_subnets" {
  count          = length(var.private_subnet_cidrs)
  vpc_id        = aws_vpc.main.id
  cidr_block    = element(var.private_subnet_cidrs, count.index)
  availability_zone = element(var.azs, count.index)

  tags = {
    Name = "Private Subnet ${count.index + 1}"
  }
}
```

Source: <https://spacelift.io/blog/terraform-aws-vpc>



CHECK CREATED SUBNETS WITH AZ

❖ Build AWS VPC using Terraform

- AWS VPC
 - ✓ Create Subnets

```
variable "azs" {
  type     = list(string)
  description = "Availability Zones"
  default  = ["eu-central-1a", "eu-central-1b", "eu-central-1c"]
}
```

```
resource "aws_subnet" "public_subnets" {
  count          = length(var.public_subnet_cidrs)
```

Subnets (6) Info

Filter subnets

VPC: vpc-0c98ad127b906c06d Clear filters

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Subnet ID	VPC	Availability Zone	Network border group
<input type="checkbox"/>	Private Subnet 1	subnet-0822129878ed14178	vpc-0c98ad127b906c06d Pro...	eu-central-1a	eu-central-1
<input type="checkbox"/>	Private Subnet 2	subnet-07422f3a4b2af8808	vpc-0c98ad127b906c06d Pro...	eu-central-1b	eu-central-1
<input type="checkbox"/>	Private Subnet 3	subnet-0a0bba97e6dfba49e	vpc-0c98ad127b906c06d Pro...	eu-central-1c	eu-central-1
<input type="checkbox"/>	Public Subnet 1	subnet-05267deb229b1b2dc	vpc-0c98ad127b906c06d Pro...	eu-central-1a	eu-central-1
<input type="checkbox"/>	Public Subnet 2	subnet-0c1274a75a9b46aa1	vpc-0c98ad127b906c06d Pro...	eu-central-1b	eu-central-1
<input type="checkbox"/>	Public Subnet 3	subnet-09fb51a9d2433d961	vpc-0c98ad127b906c06d Pro...	eu-central-1c	eu-central-1

Source: <https://spacelift.io/blog/terraform-aws-vpc>



CREATE INTERNET GATEWAY

❖ Build AWS VPC using Terraform

- AWS VPC
 - ✓ Internet Gateway

```
resource "aws_internet_gateway" "gw" {  
  vpc_id = aws_vpc.main.id  
  
  tags = {  
    Name = "Project VPC IG"  
  }  
}
```

VPC > Internet gateways > igw-085a905e6fb7e766b

igw-085a905e6fb7e766b **Project VPC IG** Actions

Details info

Internet gateway ID	State	VPC ID	Owner
igw-085a905e6fb7e766b	Attached	vpc-0c98ad127b906c06d Project VPC	532199187081

Tags Manage tags

Key	Value
Name	Project VPC IG

Source: <https://spacelift.io/blog/terraform-aws-vpc>

CREATE A 2ND ROUTE TABLE

❖ Build AWS VPC using Terraform

- AWS VPC
 - ✓ Create a 2nd Route Table

```
resource "aws_route_table" "second_rt" {  
  vpc_id = aws_vpc.main.id  
  
  route {  
    cidr_block = "0.0.0.0/0"  
    gateway_id = aws_internet_gateway.gw.id  
  }  
  
  tags = {  
    Name = "2nd Route Table"  
  }  
}
```

rtb-0e4465c1ec7afc6af Actions

Details info

Route table ID	Main	Explicit subnet associations	Edge associations
rtb-0e4465c1ec7afc6af	Yes	-	-
VPC	Owner ID		
vpc-0c98ad127b906c06d Project VPC	532199187081		

Routes | Subnet associations | Edge associations | Route propagation | **Tags**

Explicit subnet associations (0) Edit subnet associations

Subnet ID	IPv4 CIDR	IPv6 CIDR
No subnet associations		

Source: <https://spacelift.io/blog/terraform-aws-vpc>

❖ Build AWS VPC using Terraform

• AWS VPC

✓ Create a 2nd Route Table

Subnets without explicit associations (6) Edit subnet associations

The following subnets have not been explicitly associated with any route tables and are therefore associated with the main route table:

Find subnet association

Subnet ID	IPv4 CIDR	IPv6 CIDR
subnet-05267deb229b1b2dc / Public Subnet 1	10.0.1.0/24	-
subnet-0822129878ed14178 / Private Subnet 1	10.0.4.0/24	-
subnet-0a0bba97e6dfba49e / Private Subnet 3	10.0.6.0/24	-
subnet-0c1274a75a9b46aa1 / Public Subnet 2	10.0.2.0/24	-
subnet-09fb51a9d2433d961 / Public Subnet 3	10.0.3.0/24	-
subnet-07422f3a4b2af8808 / Private Subnet 2	10.0.5.0/24	-

Source: <https://spacelift.io/blog/terraform-aws-vpc>

❖ Build AWS VPC using Terraform

• AWS VPC

✓ Create a 2nd Route Table

Details Info

Route table ID rtb-0e15111955d1ab14f	Main No	Explicit subnet associations -	Edge associations -
VPC vpc-0c98ad127b906c06d Project VPC	Owner ID 532199187081		

Routes | Subnet associations | Edge associations | Route propagation | Tags

Routes (2) Edit routes

Filter routes Both

Destination	Target	Status	Propagated
0.0.0.0/0	igw-085a905e6fb7e766b	Active	No
10.0.0.0/16	local	Active	No

Source: <https://spacelift.io/blog/terraform-aws-vpc>

❖ Build AWS VPC using Terraform

• AWS VPC

✓ Associating Public Subnets to the Second Route Table

```
resource "aws_route_table_association" "public_subnet_assoc" {
  count = length(var_public_subnet_cidrs)
  subnet_id = element(aws_subnet_public_subnets[*].id, count.index)
  route_table_id = aws_route_table.second_rt.id
}
```

Explicit subnet associations (3)

Subnet ID	IPv4 CIDR	IPv6 CIDR
subnet-05267deb229b1b2dc / Public Subnet 1	10.0.1.0/24	-
subnet-0c1274a75a9b46aa1 / Public Subnet 2	10.0.2.0/24	-
subnet-09fb51a9d2433d961 / Public Subnet 3	10.0.3.0/24	-

Subnets without explicit associations (3)

The following subnets have not been explicitly associated with any route tables and are therefore associated with the main route table:

Subnet ID	IPv4 CIDR	IPv6 CIDR
subnet-0822129878ed14178 / Private Subnet 1	10.0.4.0/24	-
subnet-0a0bba97e6dfba49e / Private Subnet 3	10.0.6.0/24	-
subnet-07422f5a4b2af8808 / Private Subnet 2	10.0.5.0/24	-

Source: <https://spacelift.io/blog/terraform-aws-vpc>

❖ AWS: Direct Connect 비용 고려사항

- Port 사용비용/시간 + 데이터 전송료
- 데이터 IN, 데이터 OUT (리전별 상이)
- 전용 회선 비용 (온프레미스-DX로케이션, 크로스,커넥션)
- 데이터센터의 인터넷 회선 비용(VPN)



요금 적용 방식: AWS Direct Connect 요금에는 모든 AWS Direct Connect 위치에 대한 포트-시간당 요금과 AWS Direct Connect 위치에서의 데이터 전송 요금이라는 두 가지 주요 비용 구성 요소가 있다. 각 비용 구성 요소에 대한 세부 정보는 [AWS Direct Connect 요금](#)을 참조.

예상 비용: 미 동부 리전인 버지니아에 대해 1GB의 연결을 주문하고 매달 1TB를 전송할 것으로 예상한다고 가정시 포트-시간당 요금 0.30 USD, GB당 데이터 전송 요금 0.02 USD를 적용. 따라서 1TB의 데이터 전송 요금은 포트 요금 216 USD에 데이터 전송 요금 20 USD를 합쳐 한 달에 총 236 USD가 소요.

Source: <https://aws.amazon.com/ko/getting-started/hands-on/connect-data-center-to-aws/services-costs/>
 Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jdnrgVxRXJ0>

❖ Private peering or private network interconnect

- Private peering is the direct interconnection between two networks. This connection leverages a medium OSI, layer 1 or 2, with dedicated bandwidth. Private peering is not shared by any other network or third party.
- Nowadays, most private interconnections are established at carrier hotels or carrier-neutral collocation facilities called meet-me rooms. These are facilities in which a direct cross-connection can be provided between participants that are located in the same building or at the same data center campus.
- These network-to-network interconnects usually have much lower costs than telecommunication circuits.

A telco circuit is any line or provider that information or data is transmitted through.

Source: Multi-Cloud for Architects (Published by Packt Publishing Ltd) Florian Klaffenbach, Markus Klein, Suresh Sundaresan



❖ Internet direct peering or public peering and remote peering

- Public peering is accomplished across an exchange point, internet exchange, or a layer 2 access technology called a network access point. At these locations, multiple providers interconnect with one or more other carriers across a single physical port.
- Public peering allows networks to interconnect, or "peer", with many other networks. Public peering, is often seen as offering a lower capacity than private peering because there are third-party costs for the internet exchange, but it allows for the connection to a larger number of networks. It also allows new network or content providers to send traffic to other networks without private peering.

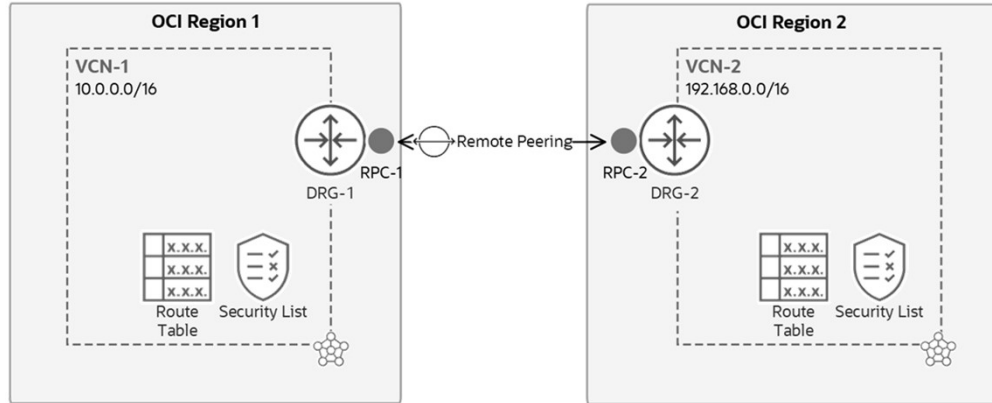
Most of the internet exchange points are commercially organized and offer carrier-neutral peering. The two most important conferences for those peers are the Global Peering Forum and the European Peering Forum.

Source: Multi-Cloud for Architects (Published by Packt Publishing Ltd) Florian Klaffenbach, Markus Klein, Suresh Sundaresan



REMOTE PEERING

- ❖ 리전(Region)간 Remote Peering (OCI VPN)
 - Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) - Virtual Cloud Network (VCN)



Source: <https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/Network/Tasks/remoteVCNpeering.htm>

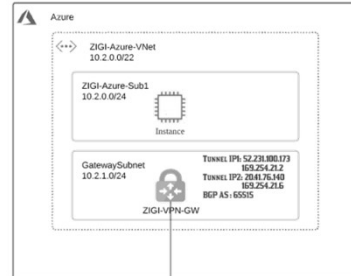
AMAZON VPC, VPC 피어링 요금

- ❖ Amazon VPC, VPC 피어링 요금 (게시된 날짜: May 5, 2021)
 - 가용 영역(AZ) 내에 유지되는 VPC 피어링 연결을 통한 모든 데이터 전송은 무료
 - 가용 영역을 가로지르는 VPC 피어링 연결을 통한 모든 데이터 전송은 계속 리전 내 표준 데이터 전송 요금이 청구
 - 가용 영역 ID를 사용하면 서로 다른 AWS 계정 간에서 가용 영역을 공유하고 일관되게 식별
 - 고객은 한 리전 내에서 VPC를 상호 연결하기 위해 VPC 피어링을 사용
 - VPC 피어링은 한 리전에서 적은 수의 VPC를 상호 연결하여 전체 메시 연결성을 달성하려고 할 때 일반적으로 사용
 - 대규모로 수백 또는 수천 개의 VPC를 상호 연결하려면 AWS Transit Gateway 및 AWS PrivateLink가 권장 메커니즘
 - 이 변경 사항은 AWS Gov Cloud(US) 리전을 포함한 모든 AWS 리전에 적용

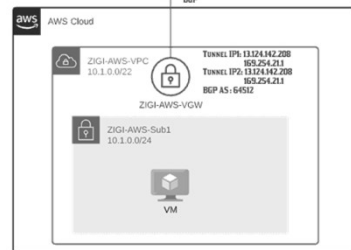
Source: <https://aws.amazon.com/ko/about-aws/whats-new/2021/05/amazon-vpc-announces-pricing-change-for-vpc-peering/>

❖ 'Azure - AWS' 간의 VPN 연동 및 BGP 연결

BGP AS 65515



BGP AS 64512



Source: <https://devocean.sk.com/blog/techBoardDetail.do?ID=163211>

JS Lab

❖ eBGP configuration 연결 (예): VyOS

- the CIDR declared in the network statement MUST exist in your routing table (dynamic or static), the best way to make sure that is true is creating a static route

Node 1:

```
set protocols bgp 65534 neighbor 192.168.0.2 ebgp-multihop '2'
set protocols bgp 65534 neighbor 192.168.0.2 remote-as '65535'
set protocols bgp 65534 neighbor 192.168.0.2 update-source '192.168.0.1'
set protocols bgp 65534 address-family ipv4-unicast network '172.16.0.0/16'
set protocols bgp 65534 parameters router-id '192.168.0.1'

set protocols static route 172.16.0.0/16 blackhole distance '254'
```

Node 2:

```
set protocols bgp 65535 neighbor 192.168.0.1 ebgp-multihop '2'
set protocols bgp 65535 neighbor 192.168.0.1 remote-as '65534'
set protocols bgp 65535 neighbor 192.168.0.1 update-source '192.168.0.2'
set protocols bgp 65535 address-family ipv4-unicast network '172.17.0.0/16'
set protocols bgp 65535 parameters router-id '192.168.0.2'

set protocols static route 172.17.0.0/16 blackhole distance '254'
```

Source: <https://docs.vyos.io/en/crux/configuration/protocols/bgp.html>

JS Lab

- ❖ eBGP configuration 연결 (예): VyOS
 - BGP configuration via IPv6

Node 1:

```
set protocols bgp 65534 neighbor 2001:db8::2 ebgp-multihop '2'
set protocols bgp 65534 neighbor 2001:db8::2 remote-as '65535'
set protocols bgp 65534 neighbor 2001:db8::2 update-source '2001:db8::1'
set protocols bgp 65534 neighbor 2001:db8::2 address-family ipv6-unicast
set protocols bgp 65534 address-family ipv6-unicast network '2001:db8:1::/48'
set protocols bgp 65534 parameters router-id '10.1.1.1'

set protocols static route6 2001:db8:1::/48 blackhole distance '254'
```

Node 2:

```
set protocols bgp 65535 neighbor 2001:db8::1 ebgp-multihop '2'
set protocols bgp 65535 neighbor 2001:db8::1 remote-as '65534'
set protocols bgp 65535 neighbor 2001:db8::1 update-source '2001:db8::2'
set protocols bgp 65535 neighbor 2001:db8::1 address-family ipv6-unicast
set protocols bgp 65535 address-family ipv6-unicast network '2001:db8:2::/48'
set protocols bgp 65535 parameters router-id '10.1.1.2'

set protocols static route6 2001:db8:2::/48 blackhole distance '254'
```

Source: <https://docs.vyos.io/en/crux/configuration/protocols/bgp.html>



- ❖ eBGP configuration 연결 (예): VyOS
 - Route Filter

Node 1:

```
set policy prefix-list AS65535-IN rule 10 action 'permit'
set policy prefix-list AS65535-IN rule 10 prefix '172.16.0.0/16'
set policy prefix-list AS65535-OUT rule 10 action 'deny'
set policy prefix-list AS65535-OUT rule 10 prefix '172.16.0.0/16'
set policy prefix-list AS65535-IN rule 10 action 'permit'
set policy prefix-list AS65535-IN rule 10 prefix '2001:db8:2::/48'
set policy prefix-list AS65535-OUT rule 10 action 'deny'
set policy prefix-list AS65535-OUT rule 10 prefix '2001:db8:2::/48'
set policy route-map AS65535-IN rule 10 action 'permit'
set policy route-map AS65535-IN rule 10 match ip address prefix-list 'AS65535-IN'
set policy route-map AS65535-IN rule 20 action 'deny'
set policy route-map AS65535-OUT rule 10 action 'deny'
set policy route-map AS65535-OUT rule 10 match ip address prefix-list 'AS65535-OUT'
set policy route-map AS65535-OUT rule 20 action 'permit'
set policy route-map AS65535-OUT rule 20 match ip address prefix-list 'AS65535-OUT'
set protocols bgp 65534 neighbor 2001:db8::2 address-family ipv6-unicast route-map export 'AS65535-OUT'
set protocols bgp 65534 neighbor 2001:db8::2 address-family ipv6-unicast route-map import 'AS65535-IN'
set protocols bgp 65534 neighbor 192.168.0.2 address-family ipv4-unicast route-map export 'AS65535-OUT'
set protocols bgp 65534 neighbor 192.168.0.2 address-family ipv4-unicast route-map import 'AS65535-IN'
```

Node 2:

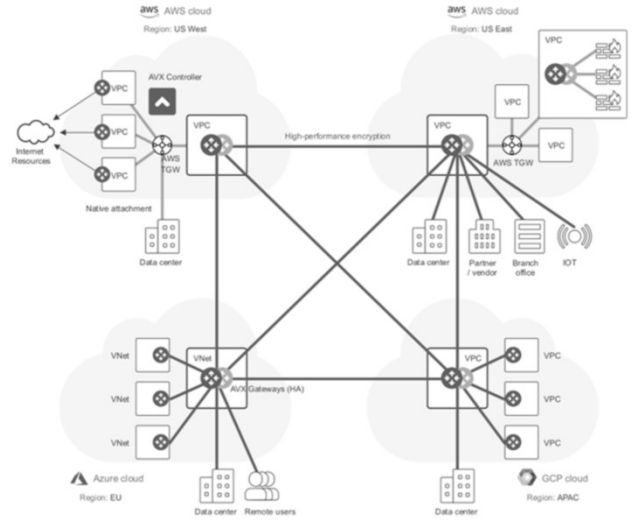
```
set policy prefix-list AS65534-IN rule 10 action 'permit'
set policy prefix-list AS65534-IN rule 10 prefix '172.17.0.0/16'
set policy prefix-list AS65534-OUT rule 10 action 'deny'
set policy prefix-list AS65534-OUT rule 10 prefix '172.17.0.0/16'
set policy prefix-list AS65534-IN rule 10 action 'permit'
set policy prefix-list AS65534-IN rule 10 prefix '2001:db8:1::/48'
set policy prefix-list AS65534-OUT rule 10 action 'deny'
set policy prefix-list AS65534-OUT rule 10 prefix '2001:db8:1::/48'
set policy route-map AS65534-IN rule 10 action 'permit'
set policy route-map AS65534-IN rule 10 match ip address prefix-list 'AS65534-IN'
set policy route-map AS65534-IN rule 20 action 'deny'
set policy route-map AS65534-OUT rule 10 action 'deny'
set policy route-map AS65534-OUT rule 10 match ip address prefix-list 'AS65534-OUT'
set policy route-map AS65534-OUT rule 10 match ip address prefix-list 'AS65534-OUT'
set policy route-map AS65534-OUT rule 20 action 'permit'
set policy route-map AS65534-OUT rule 20 match ip address prefix-list 'AS65534-OUT'
set protocols bgp 65535 neighbor 2001:db8::1 address-family ipv6-unicast route-map export 'AS65534-OUT'
set protocols bgp 65535 neighbor 2001:db8::1 address-family ipv6-unicast route-map import 'AS65534-IN'
set protocols bgp 65535 neighbor 192.168.0.1 address-family ipv4-unicast route-map export 'AS65534-OUT'
set protocols bgp 65535 neighbor 192.168.0.1 address-family ipv4-unicast route-map import 'AS65534-IN'
```

Source: <https://docs.vyos.io/en/crux/configuration/protocols/bgp.html>



MULTI-CLOUD BACKBONE

❖ 기업용 Multi-Cloud Backbone (Aviatrix 예)

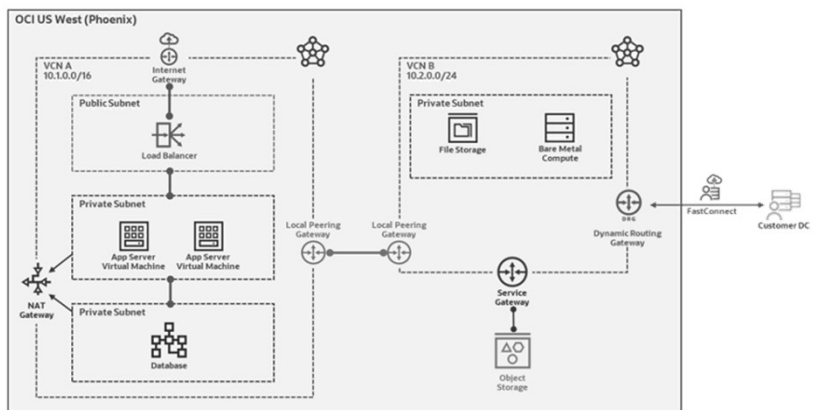


Source: <https://www.simform.com/compute-pricing-comparison-aws-azure-googlecloud/>

ORACLE CLOUD INFRASTRUCTURE

❖ 가상 네트워크 환경을 위한 VCN 만들기 - Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (Aviatrix 예)

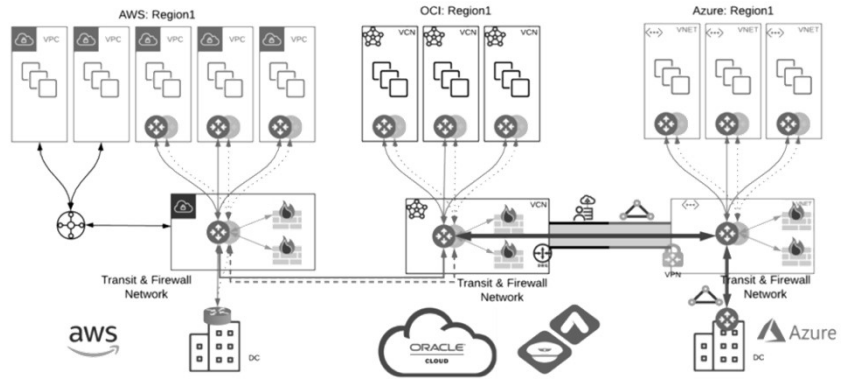
- Oracle OCI — multi-region transit connectivity with Aviatrix MCNA



Source: <https://aviatrix.com/oracle-oci-multi-region-transit-connectivity/>

MULTI-CLOUD W/ORACLE OCI

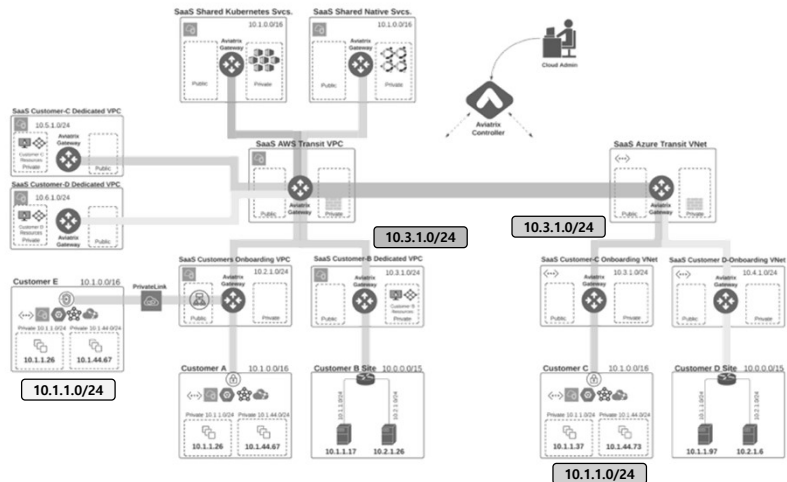
- ❖ 가상 네트워크 환경을 위한 VCN 만들기 - Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (Aviatrix 예)
- Oracle OCI — Multi-cloud, multi-region transit connectivity with Aviatrix MCNA



Source: <https://aviatrix.com/oracle-oci-multi-region-transit-connectivity/>

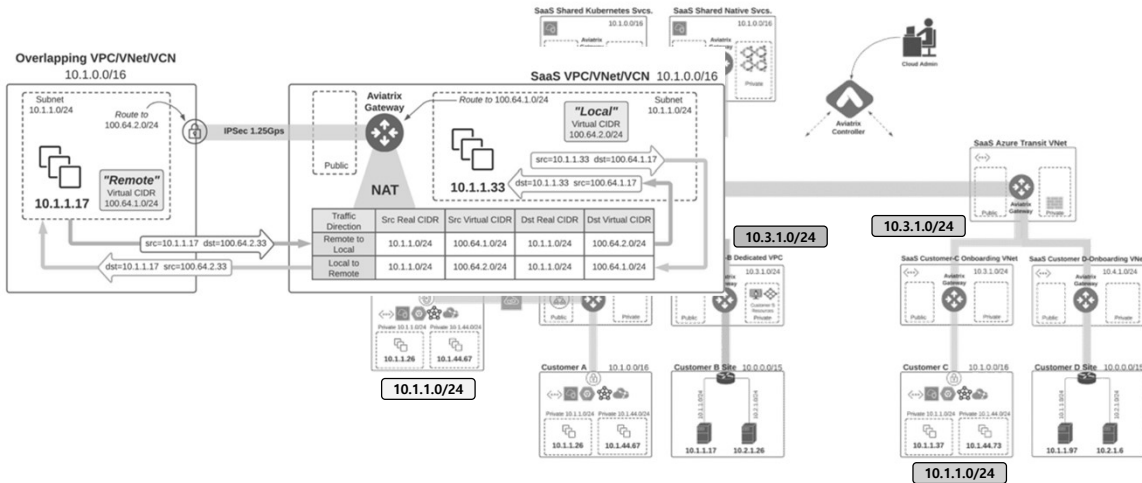
AVIATRIX의 SAAS 서비스 (1 OF 2)

- ❖ 제조사 (예): Aviatrix의 SaaS 서비스



Source: <https://aviatrix.com/resources/design-guides/aviatrix-validated-design-saas-providers-infrastructure>

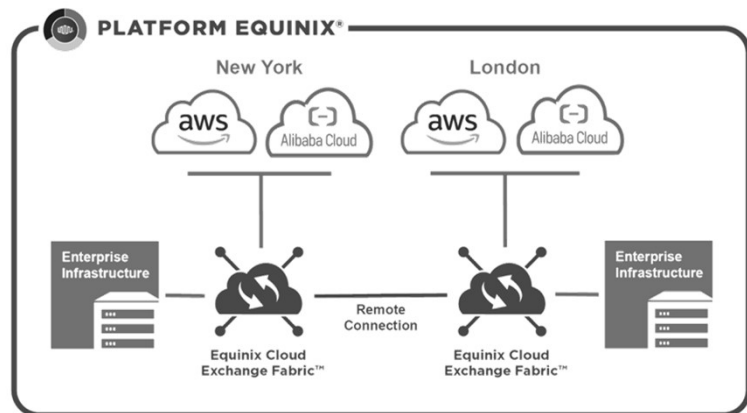
❖ 제조사 (예): Aviatrix의 SaaS 서비스



Source: <https://aviatrix.com/resources/design-guides/aviatrix-validated-design-saas-providers-infrastructure>

❖ Cloud "On-Ramp" Service Provider (예): Equinix

- Hybrid Multicloud - business continuity/disaster recovery

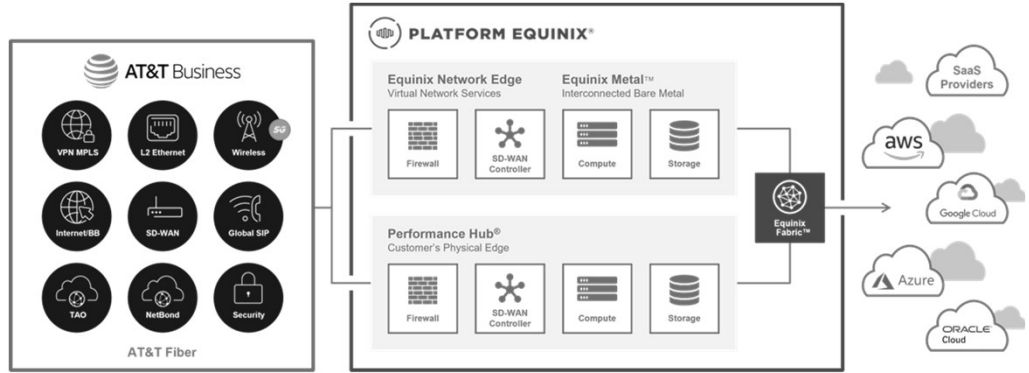


EQUINIX | INTERCONNECTIONS

Source: <https://blog.equinix.com/blog/2020/07/31/equinix-and-alibaba-are-extending-the-reach-of-hybrid-multicloud/>

CLOUD "ON-RAMP" SERVICE

- ❖ Cloud "On-Ramp" Service Provider (예): Equinix
- Equinix Fabric Use Cases for Network Service Providers

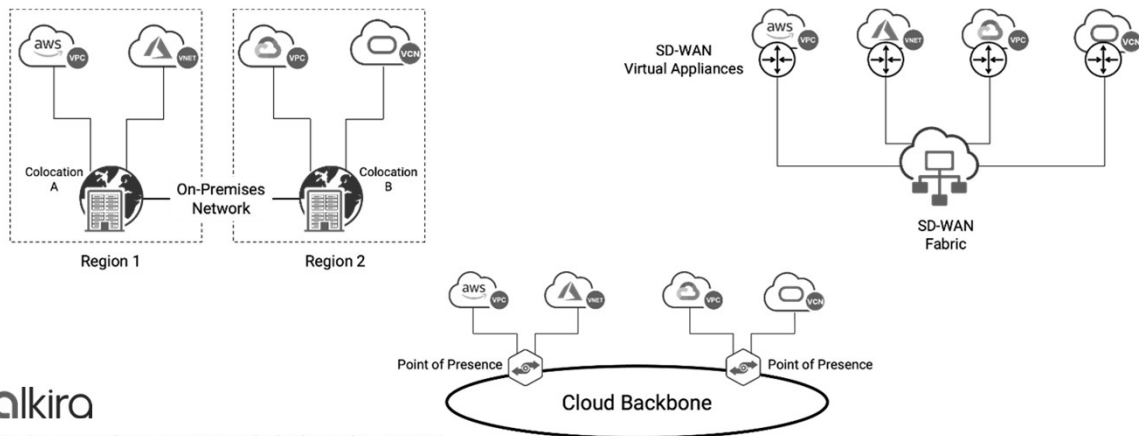


EQUINIX | INTERCONNECTIONS

Source: <https://blog.equinix.com/blog/2022/07/11/5-equinix-fabric-use-cases-for-network-service-providers/>

CLOUD NETWORK CONNECTIVITY

- ❖ 제조사 (예): Alkira
- Multi-Cloud Network Connectivity



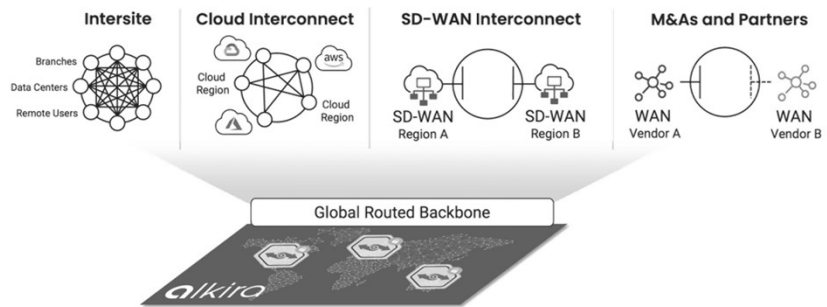
alkira

Source: <https://www.alkira.com/resources/multi-cloud-network-connectivity/>

CLOUD BACKBONE

❖ Alkira Cloud Backbone

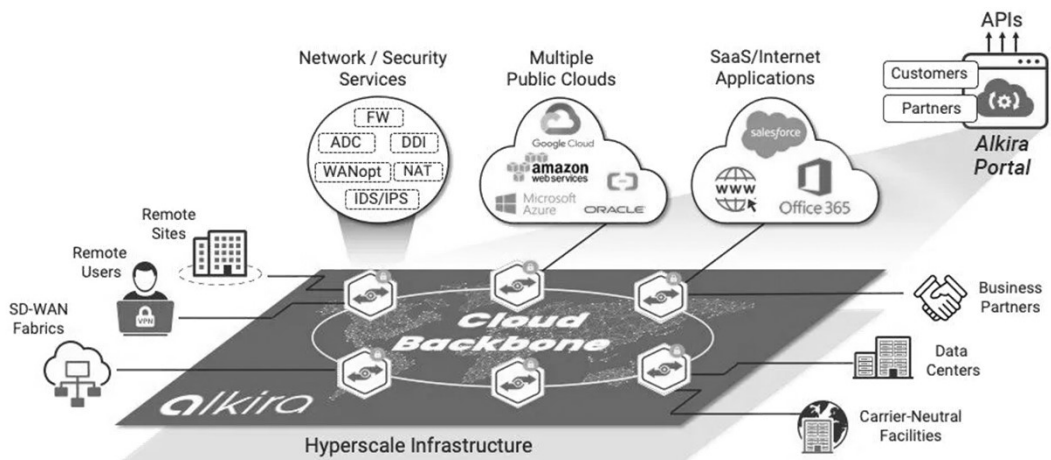
- Tying together data centers, branches, campus locations and remote users
- Cloud interconnect
- Interconnect for SD-WAN islands from the same vendor or different vendors
- Network integration to support mergers and acquisitions or to onboard partners.



Source: <https://www.alkira.com/multi-cloud-networking-reinvented-cto-whitepaper/>

ALKIRA CLOUD AREA NETWORKING

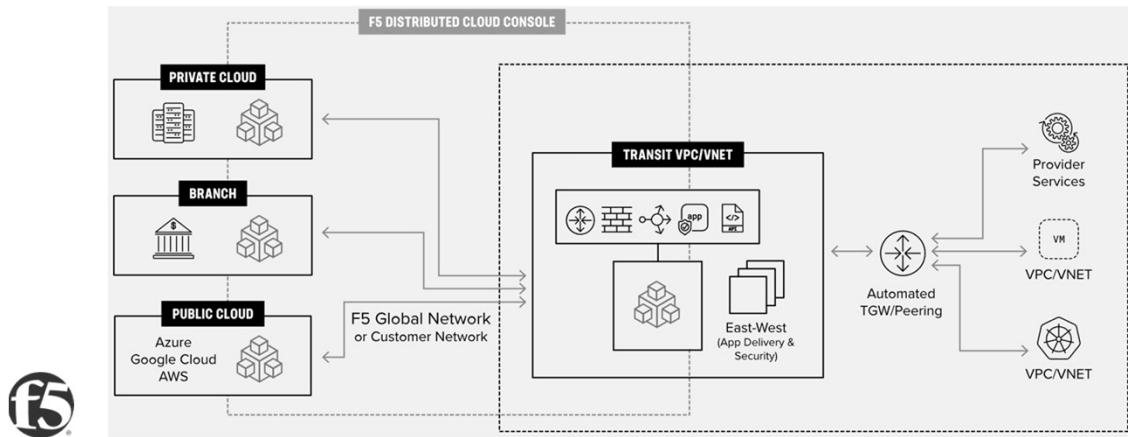
❖ Alkira Cloud Area Networking



Source: <https://www.alkira.com/multi-cloud-networking-reinvented-cto-whitepaper/>

DISTRIBUTED CLOUD TRANSIT

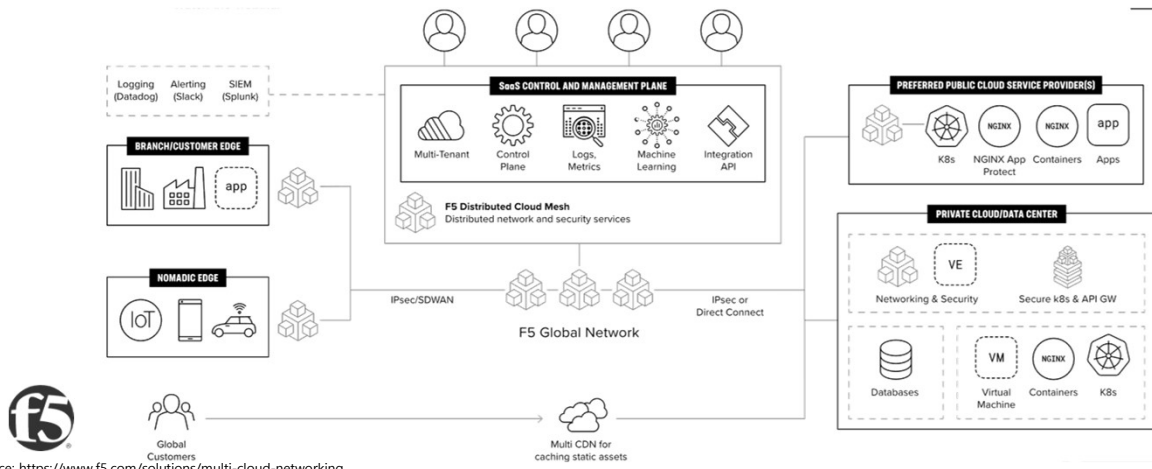
- ❖ 제조사 (예): F5
- Distributed Cloud Multi-Cloud Transit



Source: <https://www.f5.com/solutions/multi-cloud-networking>

SAAS FOR MULTI-CLOUD NETWORK

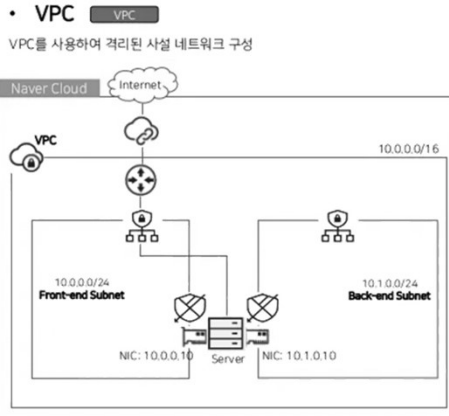
- ❖ 제조사 (예): F5
- SaaS for Multi-Cloud Network



Source: <https://www.f5.com/solutions/multi-cloud-networking>

❖ 네이버클라우드플랫폼 (2020)

• 네트워크 보안



Virtual Private Cloud

- 논리적으로 분리된 가상 사설망 제공
- VPC 상에서 사설 IP대역을 선택
- 서비스별 서브네팅 후 VM배치

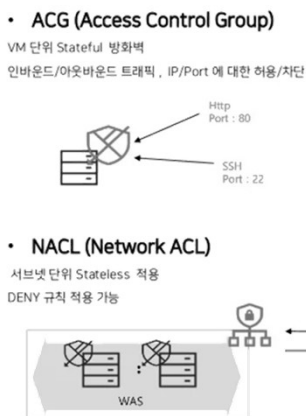
Network Security

- 외부로 부터 트래픽과 라우팅 통제
- 소유하지 않은 VM에 대한 스니핑 불가
- IP Spoofing 과 같은 Layer 2 공격차단

Source: https://www.slideshare.net/n_cloudplatform/ss-239153998

❖ 네이버클라우드플랫폼 (2020)

• 네트워크 보안



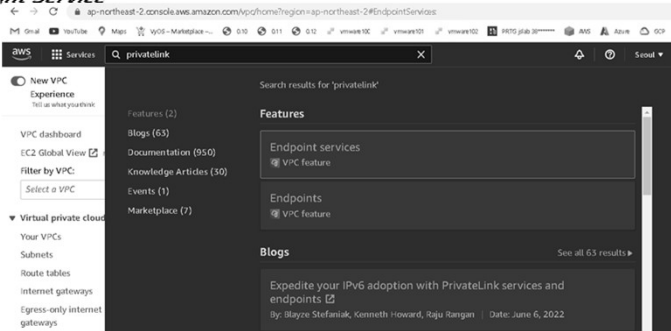
[ACG / NACL 비교]

구분	ACG	NACL
적용 대상	서버의 접근 제어	Subnet의 접근 제어
지원 규칙	허용 (Allow)	허용 및 거부 (Allow/Deny)
상태 저장 여부	상태 저장 (규칙에 관계없이 반환 트래픽이 자동으로 허용됨)	상태 비저장 (반환 트래픽이 규칙에 의해 명시적으로 허용되어야 함)
적용 방법	서버의 NIC에 ACG 정책 적용	Subnet 단위로 적용 (Subnet 별 1개만 허용)

Source: https://www.slideshare.net/n_cloudplatform/ss-239153998

❖ AWS PrivateLink

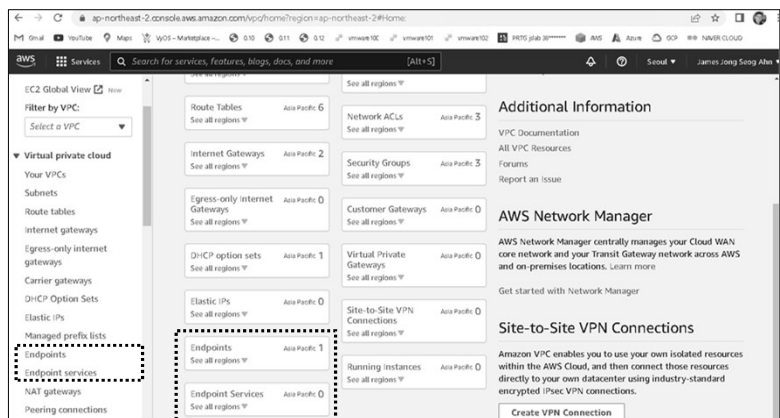
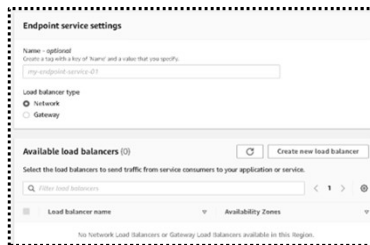
- AWS VPC와 대상 서비스간 안전한 연결을 위한 기술
- 고가용성 및 확장성 제공
- 지원 서비스
 - ✓ 다른 AWS 계성 상에서 제공하는 서비스 - VPC Endpoint
 - ✓ AWS 마켓플레이스 상의 파트너 서비스
 - ✓ AWS 서비스 (S3, ECR, KMS 등) – VPC Endpoint Service



Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tBZBYozvTO8>

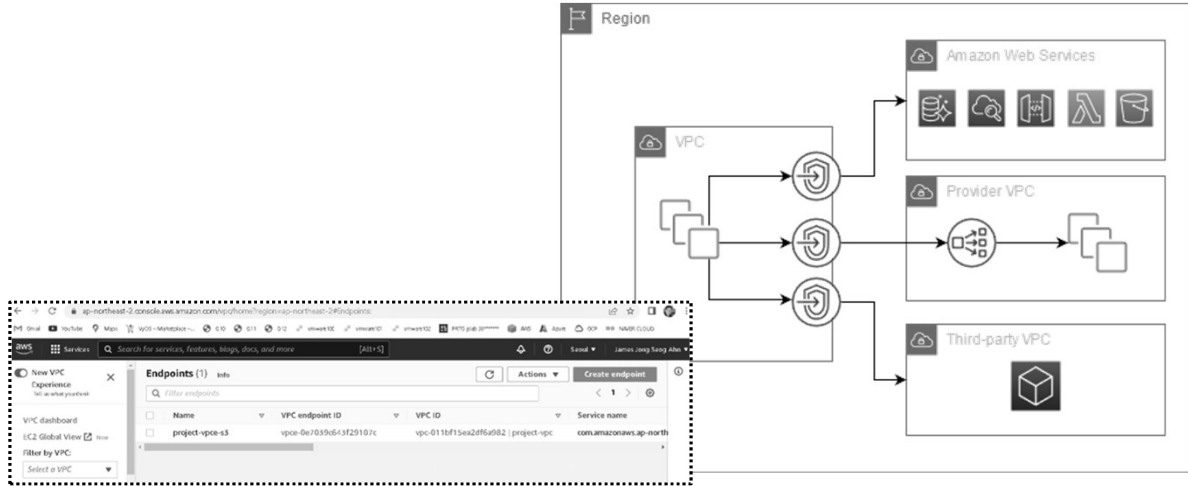
❖ AWS PrivateLink 구성 요소

- Endpoint (서비스 제공자)
- Endpoint Service
 - ✓ Gateway Load Balancer Endpoint
 - ✓ Gateway Endpoint
 - ✓ Interface Endpoint



Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tBZBYozvTO8>

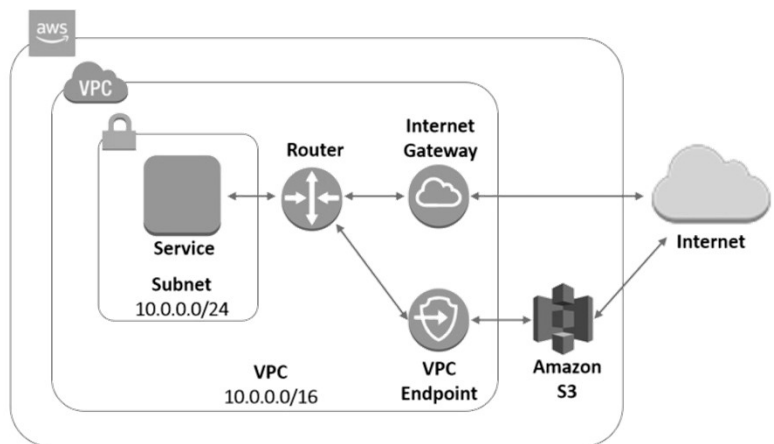
❖ AWS PrivateLink를 사용하여 서비스에 VPC 연결



Source: https://docs.aws.amazon.com/ko_kr/vpc/latest/userguide/endpoint-services-overview.html

❖ AWS PrivateLink를 통한 새로운 SaaS

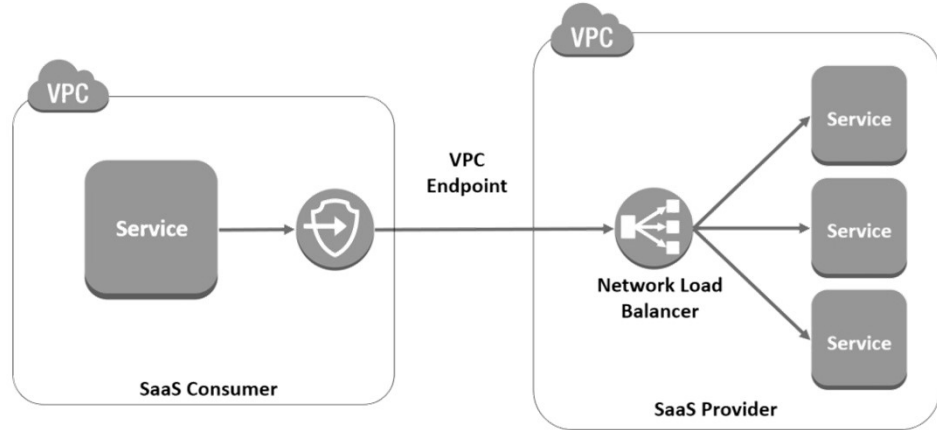
- 인터넷 게이트웨이 또는 VPC 엔드 포인트로 AWS 서비스에 액세스



Source: https://www.megazone.com/techblog_191113_aws-privatelink/

AWS PRIVATELINK - VPC 엔드 포인트

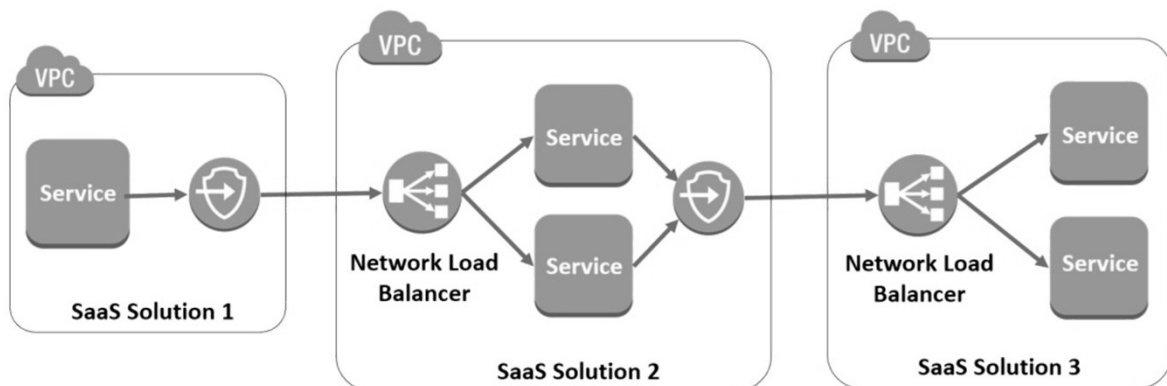
- ❖ AWS PrivateLink를 통한 새로운 SaaS
- VPC 엔드 포인트를 통한 기본 서비스 노출



Source: https://www.megazone.com/techblog_191113_aws-privatelink/

AWS PRIVATELINK - SAAS

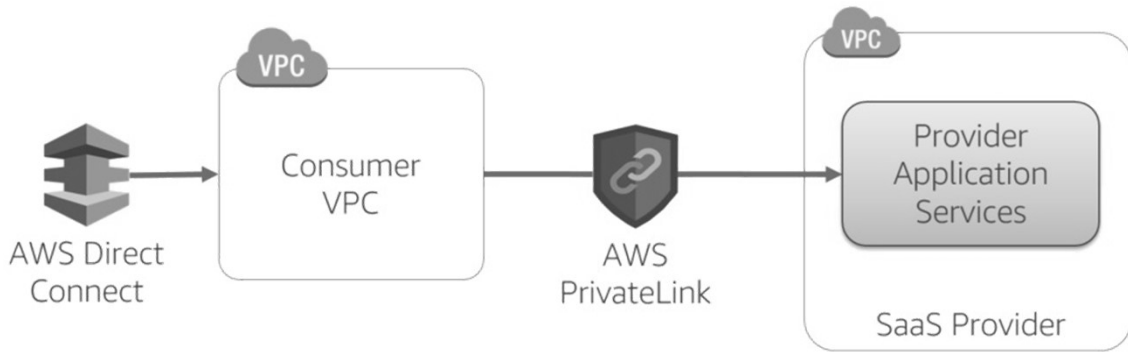
- ❖ AWS PrivateLink를 통한 새로운 SaaS
- AWS PrivateLink를 사용하여 SaaS 통합 촉진



Source: https://www.megazone.com/techblog_191113_aws-privatelink/

AWS PRIVATELINK - 온프레미스 환경

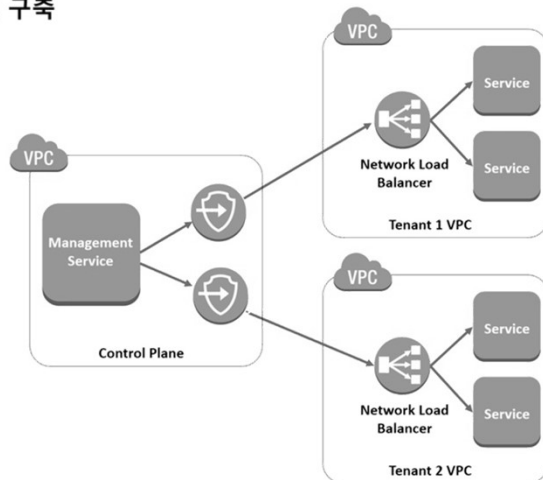
- ❖ AWS PrivateLink를 통한 새로운 SaaS
 - AWS PrivateLink를 사용하여 온프레미스 환경에서 서비스에 액세스



Source: https://www.megazone.com/techblog_191113_aws-privatelink/

AWS PRIVATELINK - 다중 VPC 컨트롤

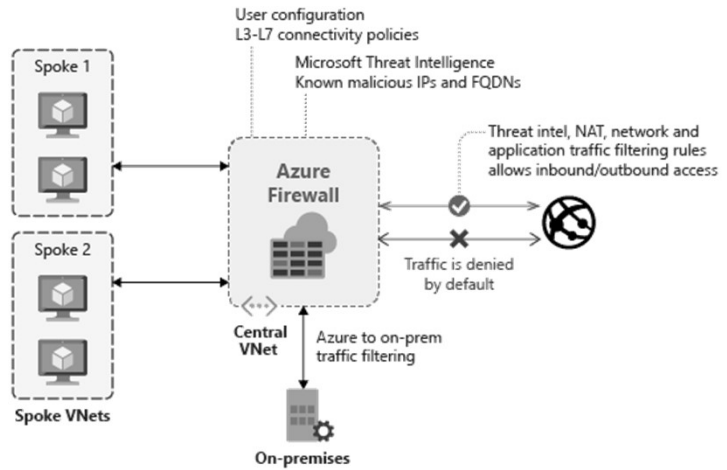
- ❖ AWS PrivateLink를 통한 새로운 SaaS
 - AWS PrivateLink를 사용하여 다중 VPC 컨트롤 플레인 구축



Source: https://www.megazone.com/techblog_191113_aws-privatelink/

AZURE VIRTUAL NETWORK

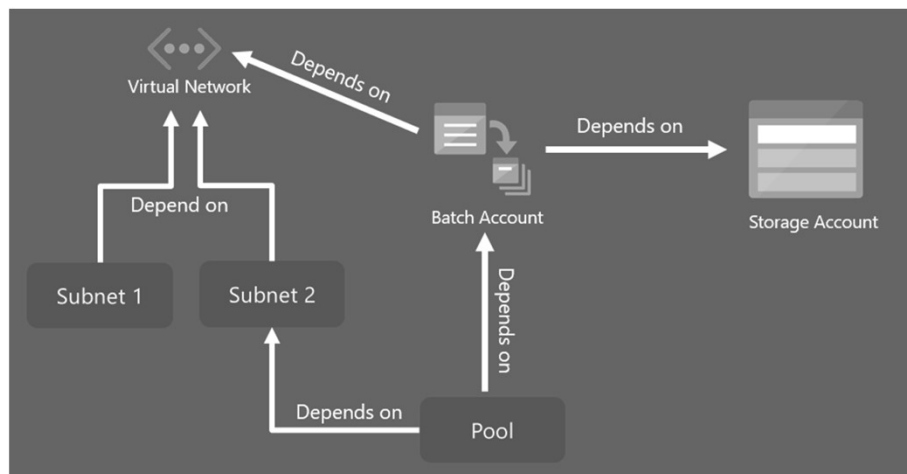
❖ Obtaining A Static Outbound IP from an Azure Virtual Network



Source: <https://samcogan.com/obtaining-a-static-outbound-ip-from-an-azure-virtual-network/>

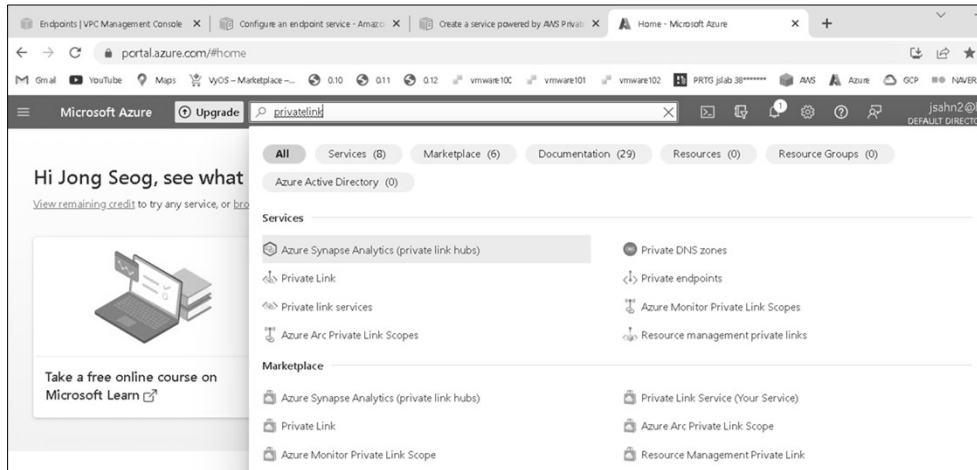
AZURE BATCH

❖ Azure Batch without Public IP



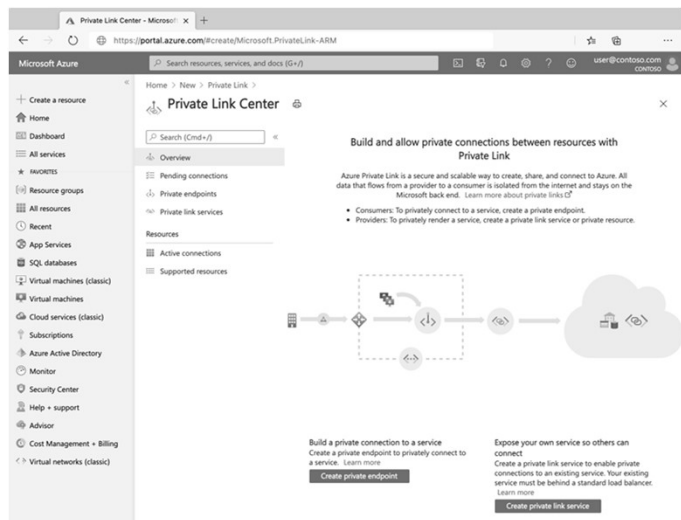
Source: <https://charotamine.medium.com/azure-batch-security-azure-private-link-a04dc21d87ed>

❖ Azure Private Link 서비스



Source: <https://docs.microsoft.com/ko-kr/azure/private-link/private-link-service-overview>

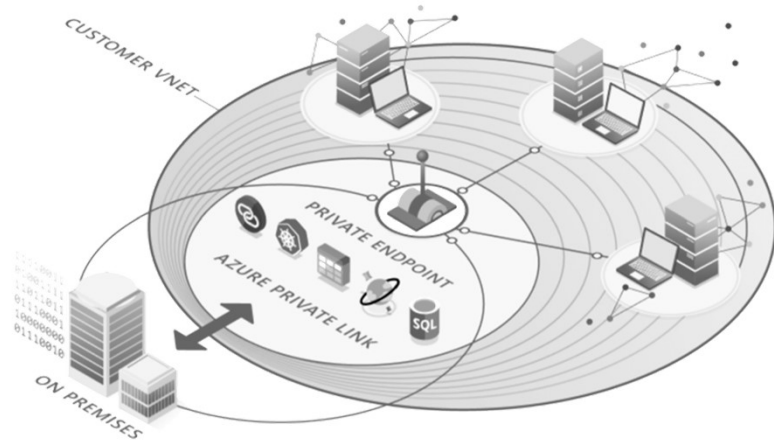
❖ Azure Private Link



Source: <https://docs.microsoft.com/ja-jp/azure/private-link/private-link-overview>

AZURE PRIVATE LINK

❖ Cloud Security And Azure Private Link

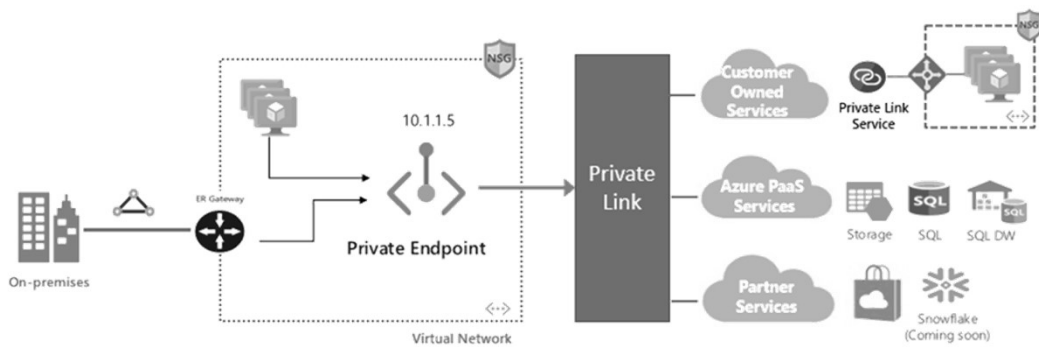


Source: <https://wcollins.io/post/2021/cloud-security-and-azure-private-link/>



AZURE PRIVATE ENDPOINT

❖ Azure Private EndPoint



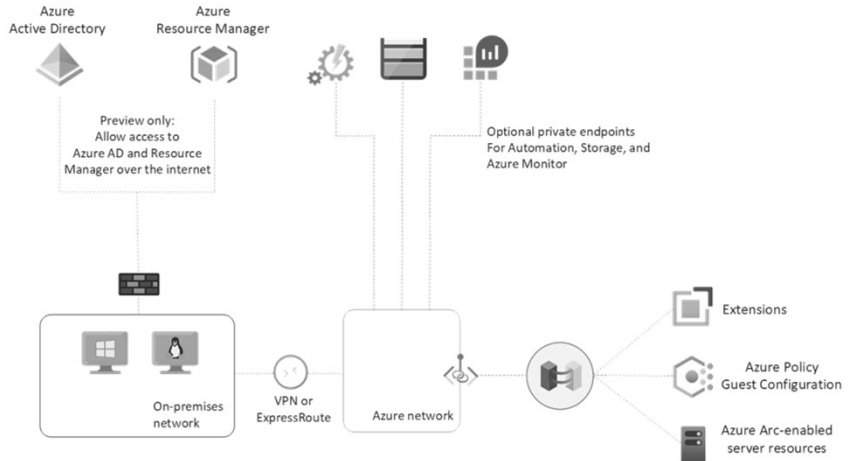
Azure Private Link – Connecting Azure Services privately to your Network

Source: <https://www.azuredocs.com/azure-private-link-nedir/>



AZURE PRIVATE LINK

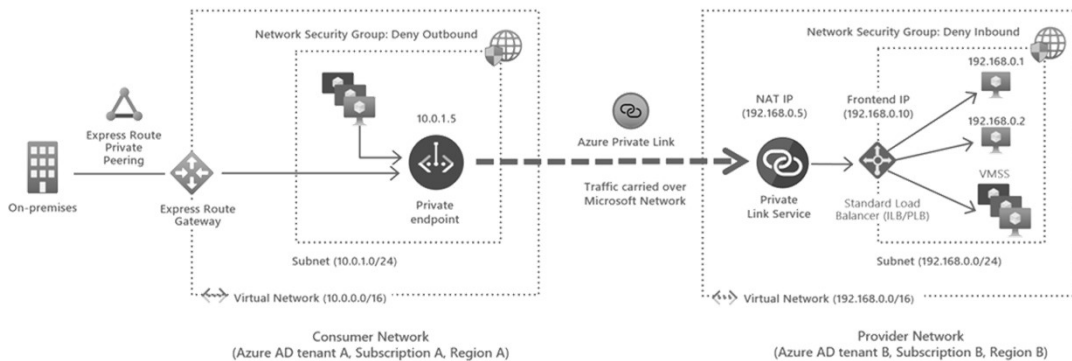
❖ Use Azure Private Link to securely connect servers to Azure Arc



Source: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-arc/servers/private-link-security>

AZURE PRIVATE LINK

- ❖ Azure Private Link 서비스는 Azure Standard Load Balancer 뒤에서 실행되는 서비스는 서비스에 대한 소비자가 자신의 VNet에서 비공개로 액세스할 수 있도록 Private Link 액세스를 사용하도록 설정할 수 있다. (Azure Private Link 서비스는 표준 Load Balancer에서만 지원)
- ❖ 고객은 VNet 내에서 프라이빗 엔드포인트를 만들고 이 서비스에 매핑할 수 있음

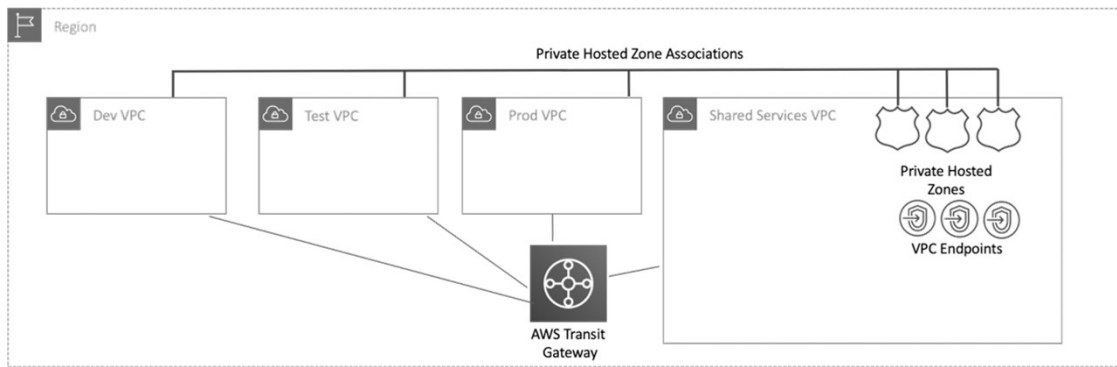


Source: <https://docs.microsoft.com/ko-kr/azure/private-link/private-link-service-overview>

VPC TO VPC

❖ Services using VPC peering and AWS PrivateLink

- VPC to VPC

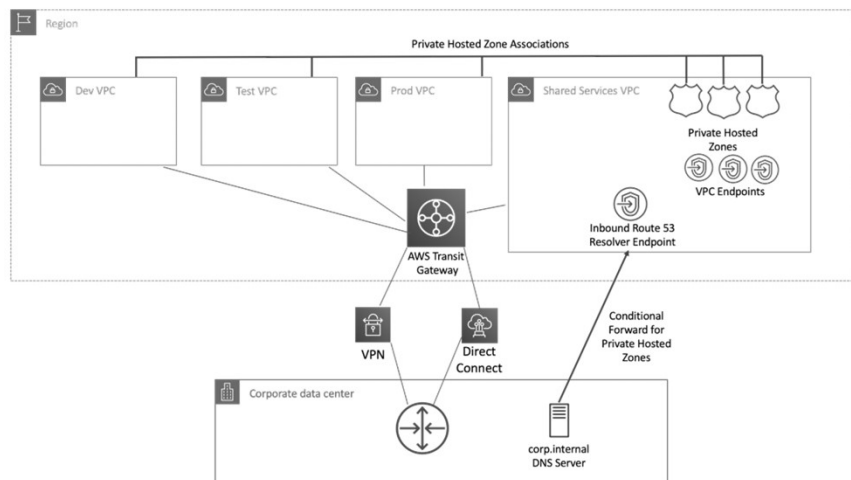


Source: <https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/networking-and-content-delivery/integrating-aws-transit-gateway-with-aws-privatelink-and-amazon-route-53-resolver/>



ON PREMISES

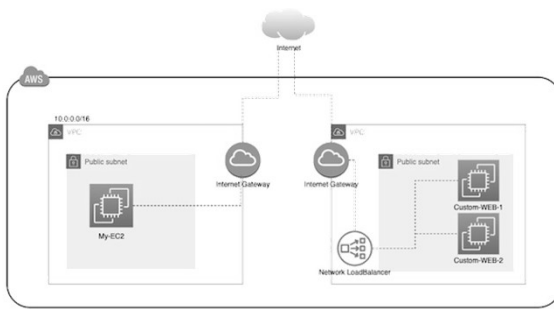
❖ On premises



Source: <https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/networking-and-content-delivery/integrating-aws-transit-gateway-with-aws-privatelink-and-amazon-route-53-resolver/>



❖ EndPoint Service를 이용해서 PrivateLink 구성 해보기



자원	태그 이름	정보
VPC	MyVPC	10.0.0.0/16
	CustomVPC	20.0.0.0/16
퍼블릭 서브넷	My-public-subnet	10.0.0.0/24
	Custom-public-subnet	20.0.0.0/24
퍼블릭 라우팅 테이블	My-public-rt	My-public-subnet
	Custom-public-rt	Custom-public-subnet
인터넷 게이트웨이	My-IGW	MyVPC
	Custom-IGW	CustomVPC
퍼블릭 EC2 인스턴스	My-EC2	퍼블릭 IP 활성화
	Custom-WEB-1	퍼블릭 IP 활성화
	Custom-WEB-2	퍼블릭 IP 활성화
NLB	NLB-test	Custom-WEB-1, Custom-WEB-2

Source: <https://dev.classmethod.jp/articles/organize-private-links-with-endpoints/>



❖ EndPoint Service를 이용해서 PrivateLink 구성 해보기

- 퍼블릭에서 연결 테스트

```
dig +short NLB-test-c82933481368db30.elb.ap-northeast-1.amazonaws.com

[ec2-user@ip-10-0-0-107 ~]$ dig +short NLB-test-c82933481368db30.elb.ap-northeast-1.amazonaws.com
18.180.234.125

curl NLB-test-c82933481368db30.elb.ap-northeast-1.amazonaws.com

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <title>Welcome to the AWS IMD</title>
    <link href="style.css" media="all" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" />
  </head>
```

Source: <https://dev.classmethod.jp/articles/organize-private-links-with-endpoints/>



❖ EndPoint Service를 이용해서 PrivateLink 구성 해보기

• 엔드포인트 생성

엔드포인트 서비스 정보

엔드포인트 서비스 필터링

Name	서비스 ID	유형	서비스 이름	상태	가용 영역
엔드포인트 서비스를 찾을 수 없					

엔드포인트 서비스 생성

엔드포인트 서비스 설정

이름 - 간략 서명
Name은 이 이름이 지정되는 것을 포함하는 태그를 생성합니다.
endpoint-test

엔드포인트 ID

사용 가능한 로드 밸런서 (1/1)

서비스 소브라이드에서 애플리케이션 또는 서비스로 트래픽을 전송할 로드 밸런서를 선택합니다.

로드 밸런서 필터링

로드 밸런서 이름

가용 영역

엔드포인트 생성

현재 리전에 엔드포인트가 없습니다.
[엔드포인트 생성]을 클릭하여 첫 번째 엔드포인트(들)를 생성합니다.

엔드포인트 생성

Source: <https://dev.classmethod.jp/articles/organize-private-links-with-endpoints/>

❖ EndPoint Service를 이용해서 PrivateLink 구성 해보기

• 엔드포인트 생성

서비스 범위

이름 및 서비스 찾기

AWS Marketplace 서비스

서비스 이름 프라이빗 서비스 이름을 입력하고 확인합니다.

com.amazonaws.vpc.ap-northeast-1.vpc-svc-063

서비스 이름을 찾았습니다.

확인

VPC

vpc-024679418957cd90

엔드포인트 생성

엔드포인트 ID

서비스 이름

VPC

엔드포인트 유형

상태

생성 시간

vpc-0014dea8af821bad

vpc-024679418957cd90

com.amazonaws.vpc.ap-northeast-1.vpc-svc-06378b0c090c099

인터페이스

현재: vpc-0014dea8af821bad

세부 정보

이름

엔드포인트 ID

서비스 이름

엔드포인트 유형

상태

생성 시간

vpc-0014dea8af821bad

vpc-024679418957cd90

com.amazonaws.vpc.ap-northeast-1.vpc-svc-06378b0c090c099

인터페이스

엔드포인트 ID

196092325216

Pending acceptance

2021년 10월 31일 일요일 17:

Source: <https://dev.classmethod.jp/articles/organize-private-links-with-endpoints/>

❖ EndPoint Service를 이용해서 PrivateLink 구성 해보기

- 엔드포인트 서비스 테스트

```
dig +short vpce-0014dea8a6f821bad-eviog1uz.vpce-svc-06378c80c0bf0cd69.ap-northeast-1.vpce.amazonaws.com
ec2-user@ip-10-0-0-107 ~]$ dig +short vpce-0014dea8a6f821bad-eviog1uz.vpce-svc-06378c80c0bf0cd69.ap-northeast-1.vpce.amazonaws.com
9.0.0.249
curl vpce-0014dea8a6f821bad-eviog1uz.vpce-svc-06378c80c0bf0cd69.ap-northeast-1.vpce.amazonaws.com
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>Welcome to the AWS IMD</title>
<link href="style.css" media="all" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" />
</head>
```

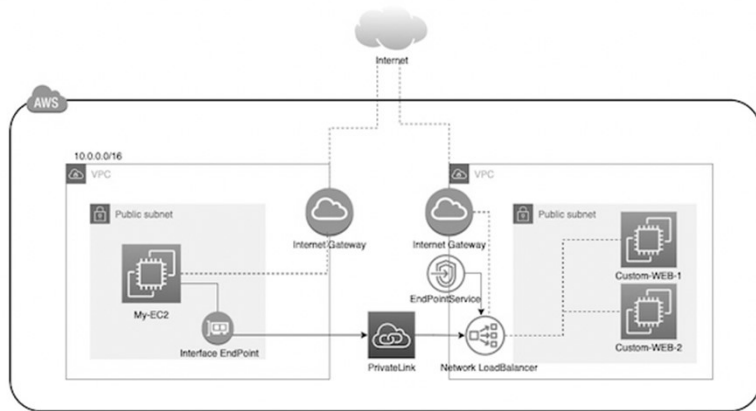
VPC ID	vpce-024679418f657cd60 MyVPC
Status message	
서비스 이름	com.amazonaws.vpce.ap-northeast-1.vpce-svc-06378c80c0bf0cd69
DNS 이름	vpce-0014dea8a6f821bad-eviog1uz.vpce-svc-06378c80c0bf0cd69.ap-northeast-1.vpce.amazonaws.com (Z2E726K9Y6RL4W) 1
	vpce-0014dea8a6f821bad-eviog1uz-ap-northeast-1a.vpce-svc-06378c80c0bf0cd69.ap-northeast-1.vpce.amazonaws.com (Z2E726K9Y6RL4W) 2

Source: <https://dev.classmethod.jp/articles/organize-private-links-with-endpoints/>

❖ EndPoint Service를 이용해서 PrivateLink 구성 해보기

- 엔드포인트 서비스 테스트

```
dig +short vpce-0014dea8a6f821bad-eviog1uz.vpce-svc-06378c80c0bf0cd69.ap-northeast-1.vpce.amazonaws.com
```



VPC ID	vpce-024679418f657cd60
Status message	
서비스 이름	com.amazonaws.vpce.ap-northeast-1.vpce-svc-06378c80c0bf0cd69
DNS 이름	vpce-0014dea8a6f821bad-eviog1uz.vpce-svc-06378c80c0bf0cd69.ap-northeast-1.vpce.amazonaws.com (Z2E726K9Y6RL4W) 1
	vpce-0014dea8a6f821bad-eviog1uz-ap-northeast-1a.vpce-svc-06378c80c0bf0cd69.ap-northeast-1.vpce.amazonaws.com (Z2E726K9Y6RL4W) 2

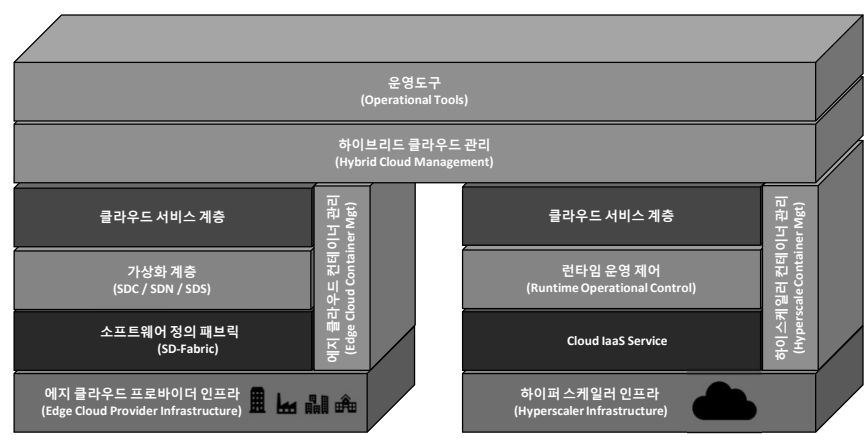
Source: <https://dev.classmethod.jp/articles/organize-private-links-with-endpoints/>

IV. 멀티 클라우드 관리



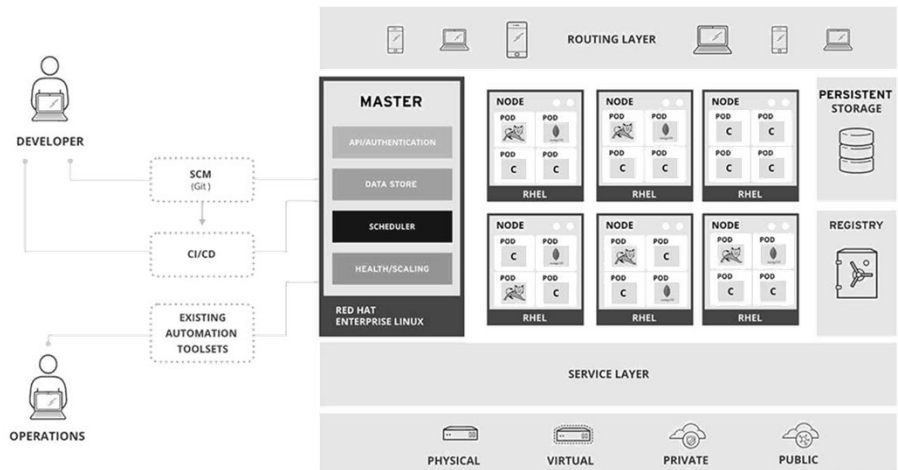
하이브리드 클라우드 아키텍처

❖ 하이브리드 클라우드 아키텍처와 가상화 계층



MULTI-CLOUD MANAGEMENT

❖ Multi-Cloud Management with OpenShift, Cloud Foundry, Mirantis, & OnApp

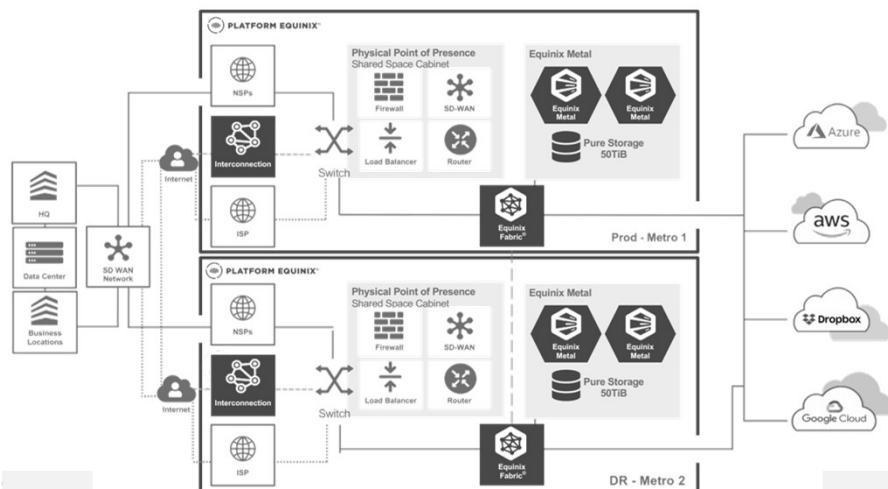


Source: <https://hostadvice.com/blog/web-hosting/cloud/multi-cloud-management-with-openshift-cloud-foundry-mirantis-onapp/>



PROD/DR DEPLOYMENT MODEL

❖ Prod/DR Deployment Model



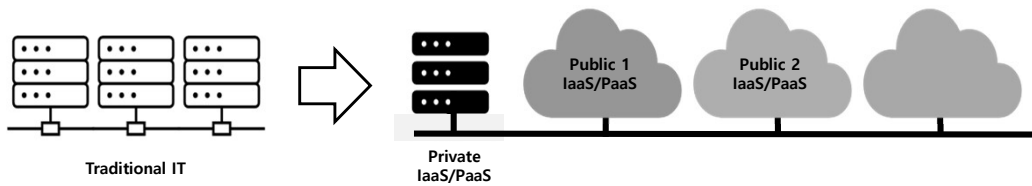
Source: Equinix



클라우드 운영 모델의 변화

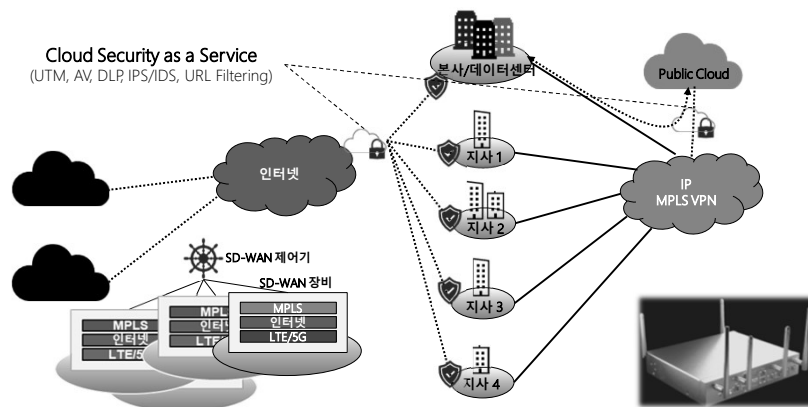
❖ 클라우드 운영 모델의 변화

- **Run:** 전용 인프라 → 클라우드 상의 스케줄링
- **Connect:** 고정 IP 주소 → 서비스 기반 유동 IP
- **Secure:** IP 주소 기반 보안 정책 → Identity 기반
- **Provisioning:** 전용 서버 → 요청 기반 용량



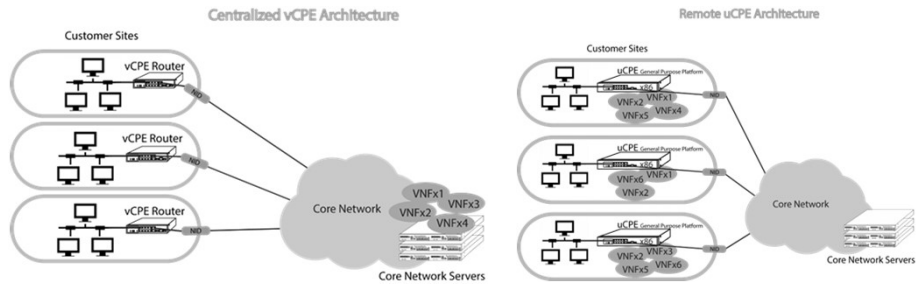
SD-WAN

- ❖ SD-WAN의 발전
- ❖ Multi-Cloud 를 위한 엔터프라이즈 인터넷 접속 (하이브리드 클라우드)
- ❖ Cloud Security as-a-Service

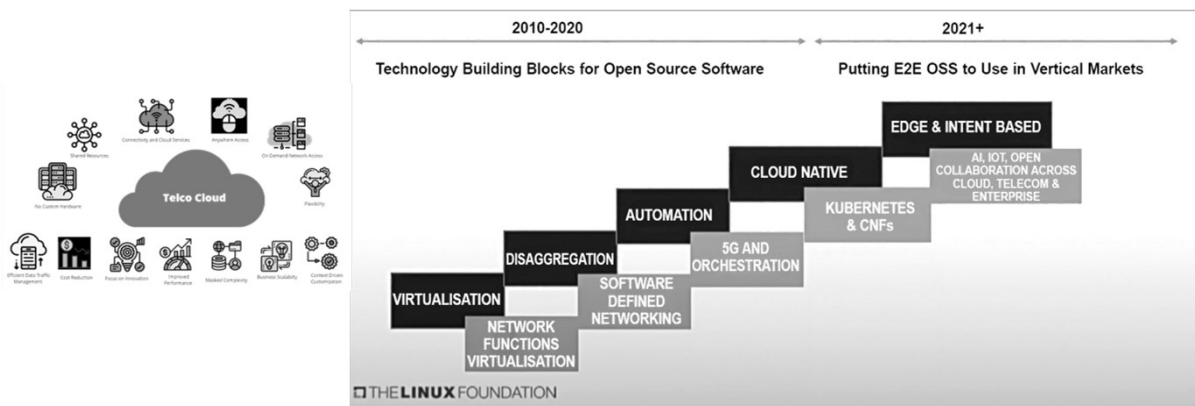


❖ 가상화 네트워크 기능 배포 기반 SD-WAN 구성

- 지역 배포 (예): uCPE (universal CPE)
 - ✓ 고사양 SD-WAN 하드웨어
 - ✓ 환경 변화에 따른 설계의 유연성
- 중앙 서비스 (예): vCPE or virtualized CPE
 - ✓ 저사양 SD-WAN 하드웨어
 - ✓ 데이터센터 집중 관리



❖ Focus shifting from building blocks to putting E2E OSS to use (Linux Foundation)



Source: <https://www.electronicshobby.com/technology-trends/open-source-ecosystem-5g-telecom-networks>

❖ Multi-Cloud 운영 이슈



❖ 클라우드 네트워킹의 복잡성

- **라우팅**: Routing traffic rapidly and securely between disparate cloud platforms is complex; avoid complex Managed VPN solutions
- **자동화**: Automation needed for disparate CLI's, BGP ASN's, and routing tables
- **관리**: Managing multiple cloud, SaaS, network, and colocation providers is a juggling act!
- **중앙 관리**: Every provider will have their own proprietary method for management, monitoring, storage, and network solutions.
- **표준 보안 정책**: Establishing standard security capabilities and policies
- **보안 강화**: Ability to enforce security for users, data, and applications everywhere is essential



SIMPLIFYING COMPLEXITY

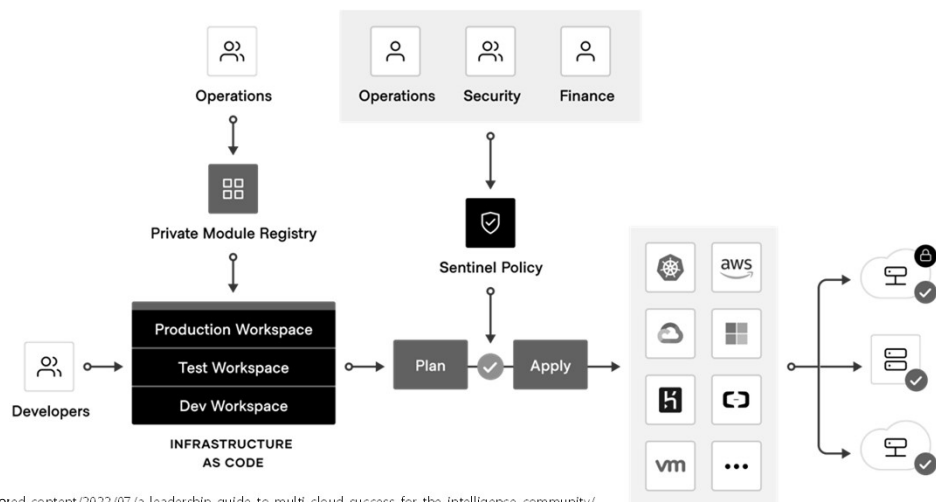
❖ 복잡성 단순화 (Simplifying Complexity)

- **단순화 필요:** While a multi-cloud strategy will help to avoid vendor lock-in, increase reliability and protect mission-critical data, it has inherent complexity. Before leaping into multi-cloud, consider these few potential methods to simplify the complexity.
- **단순화 방안 (Potential Methods)**
 - ✓ SD-WAN or Software-defined networking
 - ✓ Cloud On Ramp Service Providers
 - ✓ Carrier-Neutral Colocation Services
 - ✓ AWS Direct Connect
 - ✓ Azure Express Route
 - ✓ Products and Services from Local Vendors



PROVISIONING WITH TERRAFORM

❖ Infrastructure Provisioning with Terraform

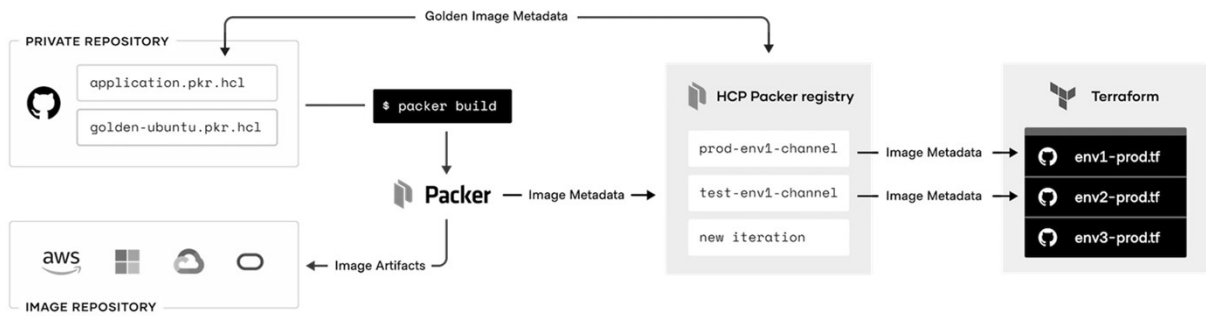


Source: <https://wtop.com/sponsored-content/2022/07/a-leadership-guide-to-multi-cloud-success-for-the-intelligence-community/>



BUILD AUTOMATED IMAGES

❖ Build Automated Images with HashiCorp Packer (HashiCorp)

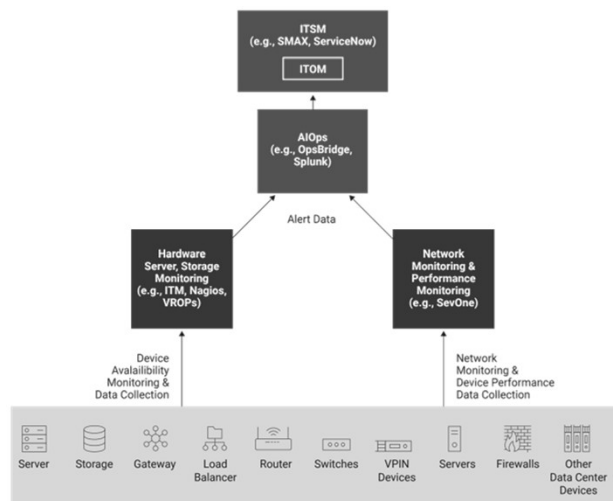


Source: <https://www.hashicorp.com/cloud-operating-model>



MONITORING WITH AIOPS

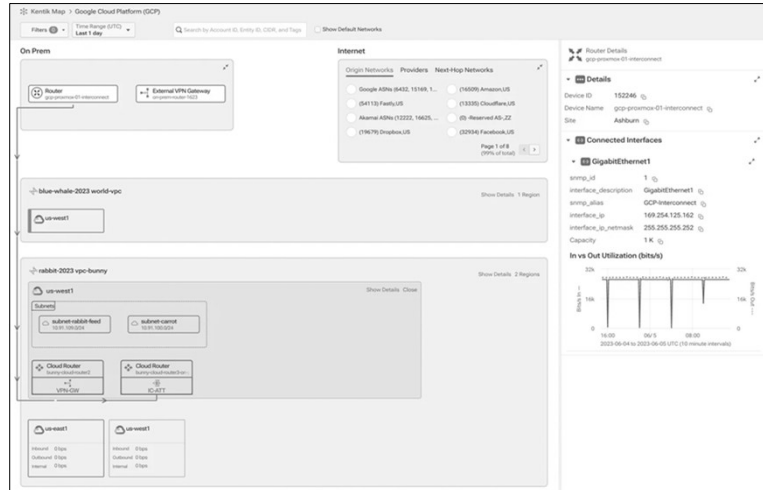
❖ Monitoring with AIOps



Source: Infrastructure Architecture Essentials for Data Center and Cloud, Shankar Kambhampaty



❖ Multicloud Network Observability

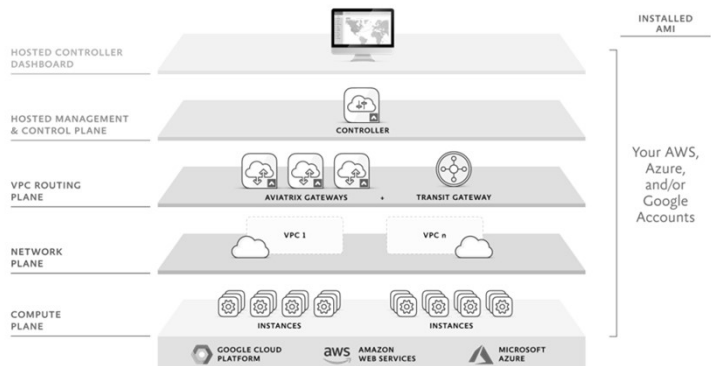


Source: <https://www.kentik.com/kentipedia/multicloud-networking/>

❖ Enhanced Management of Multi-cloud Networking and Security

• Business Model Nowadays

- What Are The Absences
- How To Efficiently Operate Your Clouds
 - ✓ Global Transit Network
 - ✓ FireNet
 - ✓ Egress FQDN Filtering
 - ✓ Observability
- Conclusion



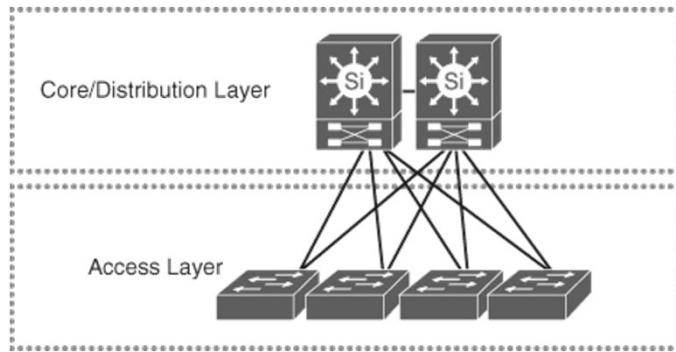
Source: <https://hackmd.io/@terrencec51229/outline/%2FKF8s-B9kQwuAqub7ZheBFQ>

BUSINESS MODEL (2 OF 5)

Enhanced Management of Multi-cloud Networking and Security

Business Model Nowadays

- What Are The Absences
- How To Efficiently Operate Your Clouds
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 - ✓ Egress FQDN Filtering
 - ✓ Observability
- Conclusion



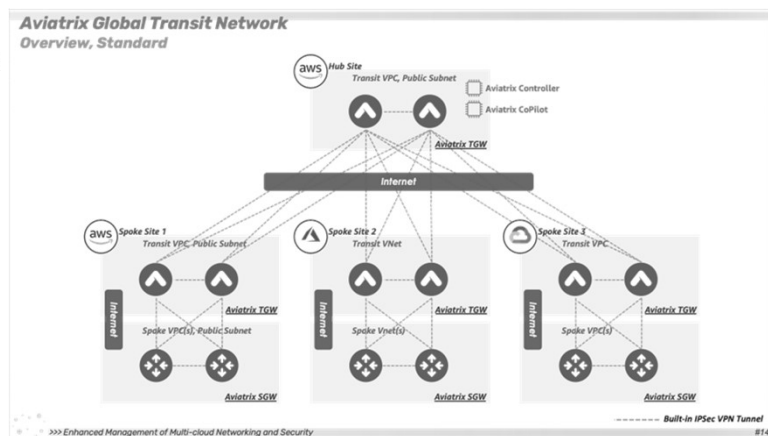
Source: <https://hackmd.io/@terrencec51229/outline/%2FKF8s-B9kQwuAqub7ZheBFQ>

BUSINESS MODEL (3 OF 5)

Enhanced Management of Multi-cloud Networking and Security

Business Model Nowadays

- What Are The Absences
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 - ✓ Global Transit Network
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 - ✓ Observability
- Conclusion

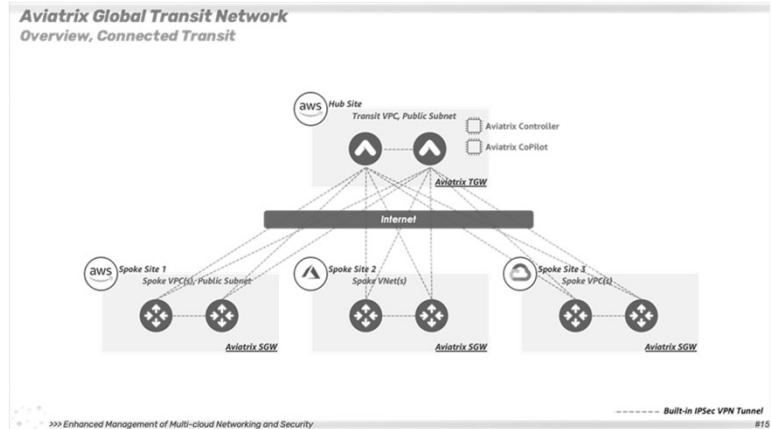


Source: <https://hackmd.io/@terrencec51229/outline/%2FKF8s-B9kQwuAqub7ZheBFQ>

❖ Enhanced Management of Multi-cloud Networking and Security

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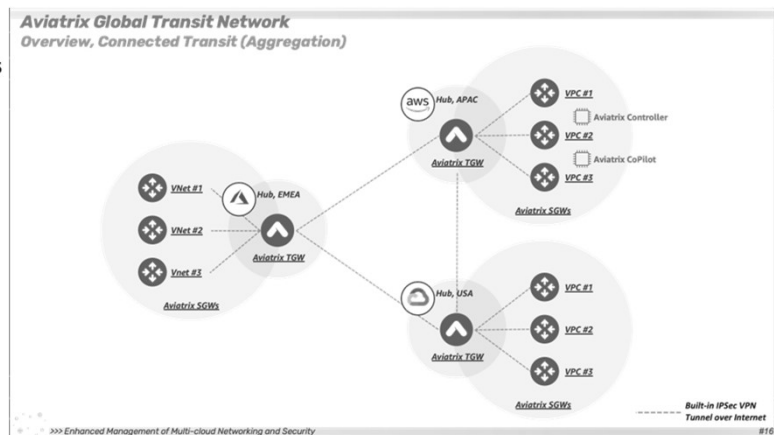
Source: <https://hackmd.io/@terrencec51229/outline/%2FKF8s-B9kQwuAqub7ZheBFQ>



❖ Enhanced Management of Multi-cloud Networking and Security

• Business Model Nowadays

- What Are The Absences
- How To Efficiently Operate Your Clouds
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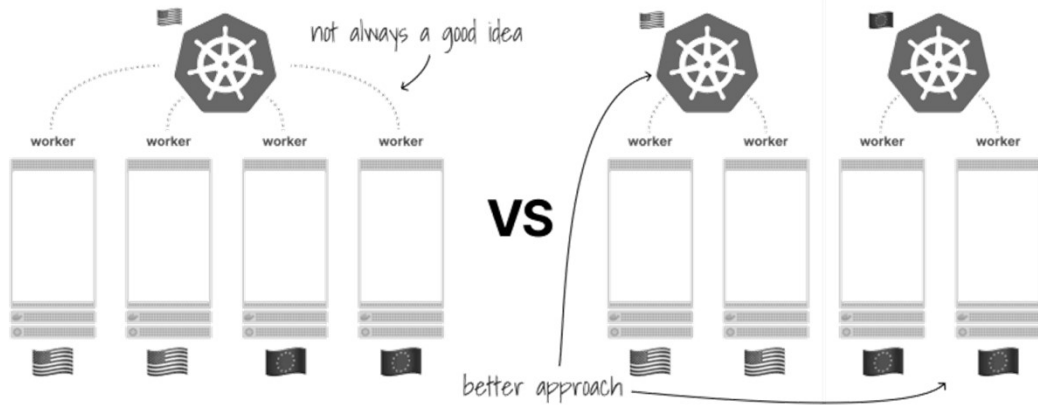


Source: <https://hackmd.io/@terrencec51229/outline/%2FKF8s-B9kQwuAqub7ZheBFQ>



KUBERNETES

- ❖ Kubernetes: Multi-Cluster/Multi-Region/Multi-Cloud
- Scaling Kubernetes to multiple clusters and regions

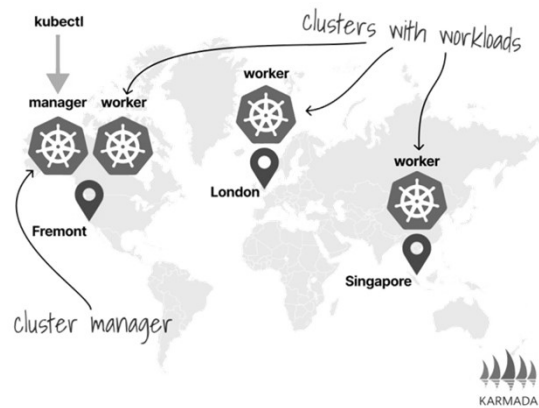


Source: https://dev.to/danielepolencic/scaling-kubernetes-to-multiple-clusters-and-regions-294b7fbc?id=1wAR2X-Tly2ehLRf2hewOoy6VE0ZVdaL2FkTLY_pgH7gT6oDltKZb_ssoukzo



KARMADA

- ❖ Kubernetes: Multi-Cluster/Multi-Region/Multi-Cloud
- Karmada uses a Kubernetes cluster as the manager and creates a second control plane that is multicluster aware.

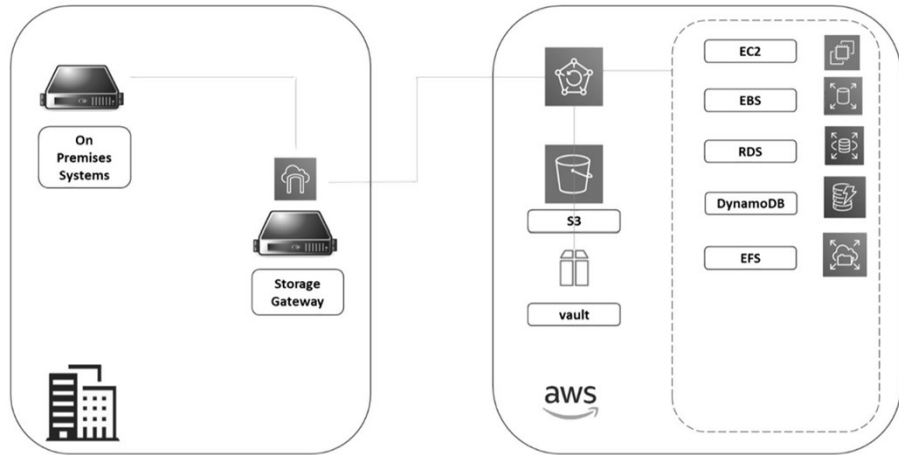


Source: <https://karmada.io/docs/userguide/scheduling/resource-propagating>



HYBRID BACKUP IN AWS

❖ 클라우드 백업 (예): Hybrid backup in AWS

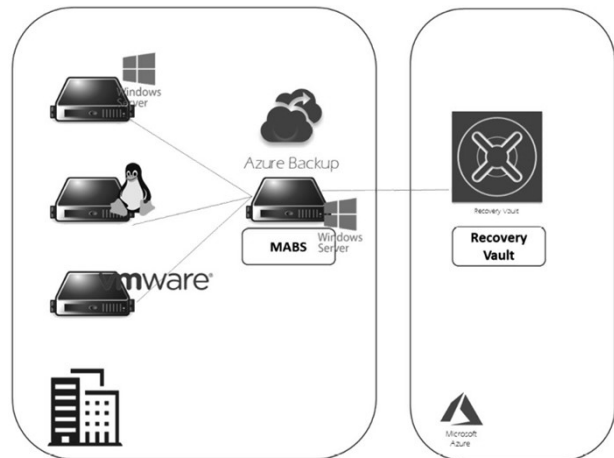


Source: Mulder, Jeroen. Multi-Cloud Architecture and Governance: Leverage Azure, AWS, GCP, and VMware vSphere to build effective multi-cloud solutions (p. 248). Packt Publishing. Kindle Edition.



AZURE BACKUP SERVER

❖ High-level overview of the setup for Microsoft Azure Backup Server



Source: Mulder, Jeroen. Multi-Cloud Architecture and Governance: Leverage Azure, AWS, GCP, and VMware vSphere to build effective multi-cloud solutions (p. 242). Packt Publishing. Kindle Edition.



❖ Multi-Cloud Management: 설계 스토리보드 (예)

별도 슬라이드 자료 사용



❖ Multi-Cloud Management Platforms Tools

- Dell Multi Cloud Manager
- Nutanix Enterprise Cloud Platform
- Red Hat CloudForms
- VMware vRealize Suite
- BMC Multi Cloud Management
- Embotics vCommander
- Flexera Multi-Cloud Platform
- Scalr Cloud Management Platform

Source: <https://www.bunshell.com/blog/multi-cloud-management-platforms>



❖ Top 10 Network Management and Monitoring Tools in 2022

1. Auvik
2. Domotz
3. Datadog Network Performance Monitoring
4. Entuity
5. ManageEngine OpManager
6. PRTG Network Monitor
7. Nagios XI
8. SolarWinds Network Performance Monitor
9. Spiceworks Connectivity Dashboard
10. WhatsUp Gold

About the company	USP	Pricing	Pricing
Auvik	It is a Canadian company that builds IT, network, and security monitoring tools.	It has a robust API library that simplifies integration and automation.	Pricing starts at \$150 per month.
Domotz	It is a U.S.-based company with a presence in 90+ countries.	It is a plug-and-play solution, which can be set up in 10 minutes.	It costs approximately \$25 per month per site.
Datadog	It is a U.S.-Based, NASDAQ traded observability tools provider.	It correlates network issues with application issues to speed up root cause analysis.	Pricing starts at \$5 per month for performance monitoring and \$7 per month for device monitoring.
Entuity	It is powered by the U.S.-based software company Park Place, which also provides managed services.	It has 100+ pre-built reports, automation features, default noise rules, etc., which can be used out of the box.	It is custom-priced with a free trial.
ManageEngine	It is part of Zoho, an Indian technology company that targets SMBs.	It has a threshold calculation feature that triggers an alarm.	Pricing starts at \$245.
PRTG Network Monitor	It is a tool built by the German technology company Paessler.	It has a free failover solution, never to lose access to your network management dashboard.	Pricing starts at \$1,750 per server for perpetual licenses.
Nagios XI	It is a commercial tool built on the open-source infrastructure monitoring solution, Nagios, launched in 2002.	Its open-source architecture drives flexibility and extensibility while operating out of a Linux environment.	Pricing starts at \$1,995.
SolarWinds Network Performance Monitor	SolarWinds is a multinational monitoring tools company traded on the NYSE.	It offers proprietary technologies like PerfStack™, NetPath™, and Orion® Maps and simplifies critical path analysis.	Pricing starts at \$1,638.
Spiceworks Connectivity Dashboard	It is a U.S.-based company that develops tools, frameworks, and resources for IT pros.	It is a free network management and monitoring tool that integrates with other Spiceworks offerings.	It is available for free.
WhatsUp Gold	It was initially built by Ipswitch, which was recently acquired by Progress.	It supports add-on modules such as virtualization monitoring, failover management, and more without investing in a separate	

Source: <https://www.spiceworks.com/tech/networking/articles/best-network-monitoring-tools/>



❖ Open Source Cloud monitoring tools

- Prometheus.
- Zabbix.
- Nagios.
- Riemann.
- Sensu.
- Icinga.
- Cacti.
- LibreNMS.
- Observium Community.
- Pandora FMS.

Zabbix: This open-source software is mostly recommended because of its easy-to-use interface. It stores the data in a relational database for well-organised processing. Zabbix can do the following tasks:

- Network Monitoring.
- Server Monitoring.
- Cloud Monitoring.
- Application Monitoring.
- Service Monitoring

Source: <https://www.e2enetworks.com/blog/open-source-cloud-monitoring-tools>



❖ Open Source Cloud Management Platforms (CMP)

- Apache CloudStack: <https://cloudstack.apache.org/>
- OpenStack: <http://www.openstack.org>
- ManageIQ (CMP for hybrid IT environments): <http://manageiq.org>
- Cloudify (cloud and NFV orchestration product): <http://www.cloudify.co>
- Mist.io (platform that simplifies cloud management): <http://www.mist.io>
- VirtEngine (CMP can be used to build private or public clouds): <http://www.virtengine.com>
- openQRM (cloud computing management platform): <http://openqrm-enterprise.com>
- OpenNebula (private clouds and manage data centre virtualization): <http://www.opennebula.org>
- Eucalyptus (Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS)): <https://www.eucalyptus.cloud/>

Source: <https://www.opensourceforu.com/2019/11/the-top-nine-open-source-cloud-management-platforms/>



❖ The 15 Best Cloud Management Software Platforms In 2022

- CloudZero - Cloud cost intelligence platform
- Kubernetes - Container and microservices management platform
- Morpheus - Self-service hybrid cloud management and automation platform
- Apache CloudStack - Open-source cloud management platform for small and medium businesses
- Terraform - Infrastructure-as-code software for managing multiple cloud services
- TotalCloud - Workflow-based cloud management software
- Cloud Orchestrator by IBM - Policy-based cloud management software
- RedHat Cloud Suite - RedHat's All-in-one cloud management tools
- AppDynamics - Cloud monitoring and management for on-premises and hybrid clouds
- Azure Management Tools - End-to-end Microsoft Azure cloud infrastructure management
- CoreStack - Multicloud governance software
- Sematext - On-premise and cloud-native infrastructure monitoring solution
- SolarWinds - Hybrid cloud server monitoring software
- LaceWork - All-in-one cloud security platform for companies of all sizes
- Sensu - Free, open-source, and hybrid cloud monitoring platform

Source: <https://www.cloudzero.com/blog/cloud-management-software>



WHAT IS MULTI-CLOUD SECURITY?

❖ WHAT IS MULTI-CLOUD SECURITY?

• THE SHARED RESPONSIBILITY MODEL

RESPONSIBILITY	On-Premises	IaaS	FaaS	SaaS	PaaS	CIS Controls Cloud Companion Guide	CIS Foundations Benchmarks
Data classification and accountability	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
Client and endpoint protection	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
Identity and access management	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
Application-level controls	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
Network controls	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
Host infrastructure	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
Physical security	●	●	●	●	●		

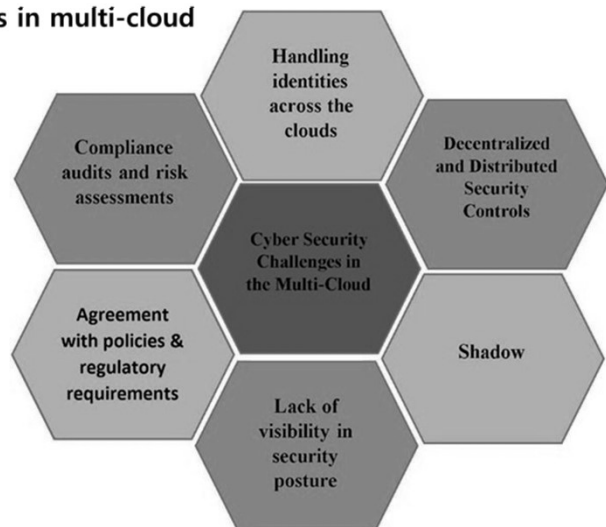
● Cloud Customer ● Cloud Provider

Source: <https://valtix.com/resources/what-is-multi-cloud-security/>

CYBER SECURITY CHALLENGES

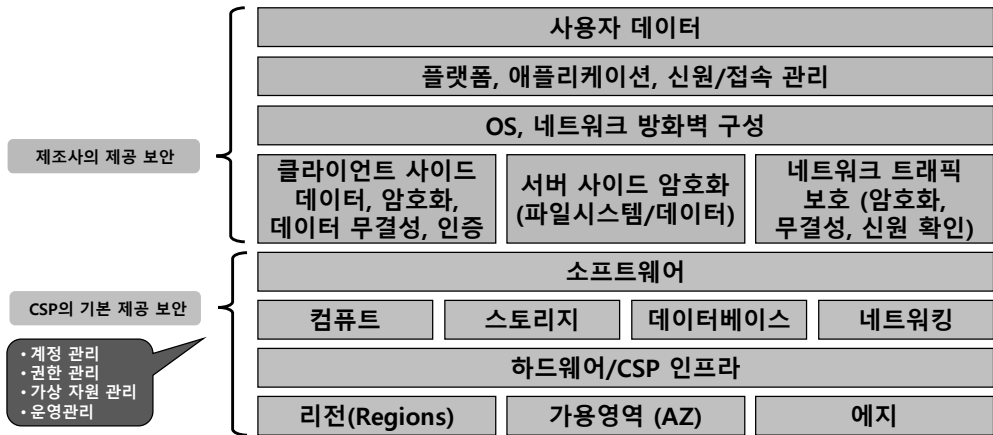
❖ 사이버보안 도전 - Cyber security challenges in multi-cloud

- 준수.. (Compliance..)
- 정책.. (Policy..)
- 가시화.. (Visibility..)
- 음영 (Shadow)
- 탈중앙 제어.. (Decentralized..)
- 클라우드간 ID.. (Identity..)



Source: 'Operationalizing Multi-Cloud Environments', Technologies, Tools and Use Cases, B. S. Rajeshwari, Pethuru Raj, Ramkumar Thirunavukarasu (2022)

❖ 클라우드 보안을 위한 CSP와 제조사 (예)



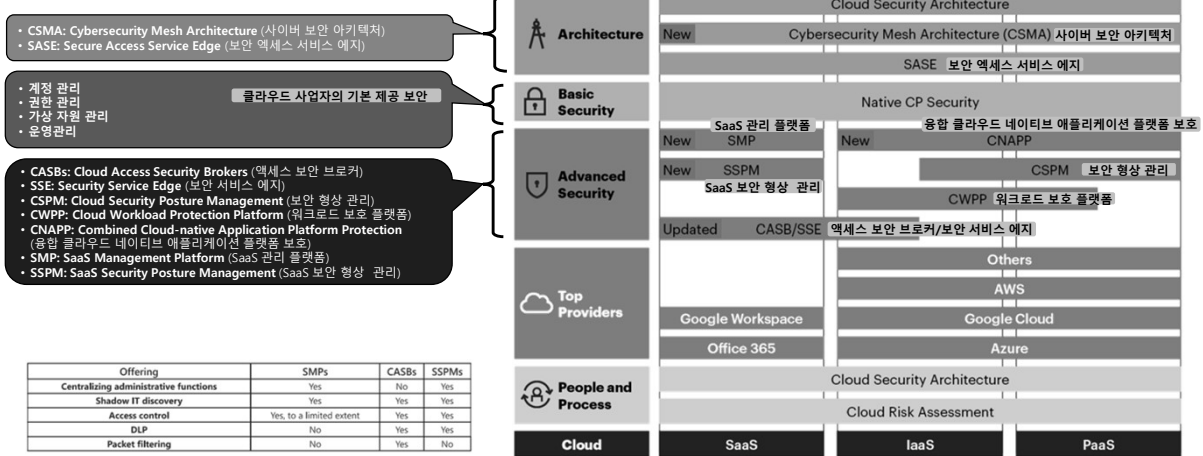
❖ CSP Native vs 3rd Party 보안 솔루션 비교

		비교 우위
비용 효율성	CSP Native는 초기 투자 비용이 없으며 사용한 만큼 지불 할 수 있음	CSP Native > 3 rd Party ISV
가용성	CSP Native는 CSP가 SLA를 보장하며, 고객의 운영 부담이 낮음	CSP Native > 3 rd Party ISV
탄력성	CSP Native는 사용량 증감에 따라 CSP가 자동으로 Resource를 조절함	CSP Native > 3 rd Party ISV
도입 및 전환 속도	CSP Native 보안 기능은 구매 / 설치 등의 절차가 불필요함	CSP Native > 3 rd Party ISV
Multi 클라우드	3 rd Party ISV는 모든 CSP에 동일 솔루션 적용 및 관리 가능함	CSP Native > 3 rd Party ISV
Hybrid 클라우드	3 rd Party ISV는 On-premise까지 동일 솔루션 적용 및 관리 가능함	CSP Native > 3 rd Party ISV
난이도 및 기술지원	3 rd Party ISV는 각 솔루션 제조사의 기술지원을 받기 용이함	CSP Native > 3 rd Party ISV

Source: https://www.samsungsds.com/kr/insights/cloud_security.html



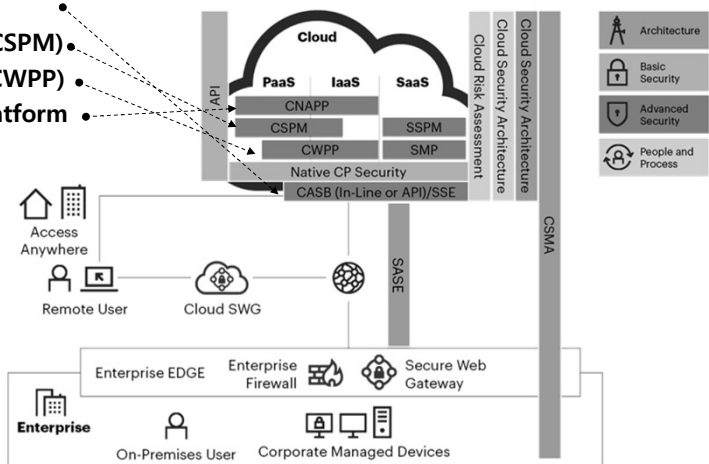
❖ 가트너의 클라우드 보안 주요 주제에 대한 다양한 적용 영역



Source: https://emtemp.gcom.cloud/ngw/eventassets/en/conferences/2023/secme10/documents/gartner_uae_sec_guide_to_cloud_security_concepts.pdf

❖ Cloud Security Logical Architecture

- Cloud Access Security Brokers (CASBs)
- Cloud Security Posture Management (CSPM)
- Cloud Workload Protection Platform (CWPP)
- Combined Cloud-native Application Platform Protection (CNAPP)



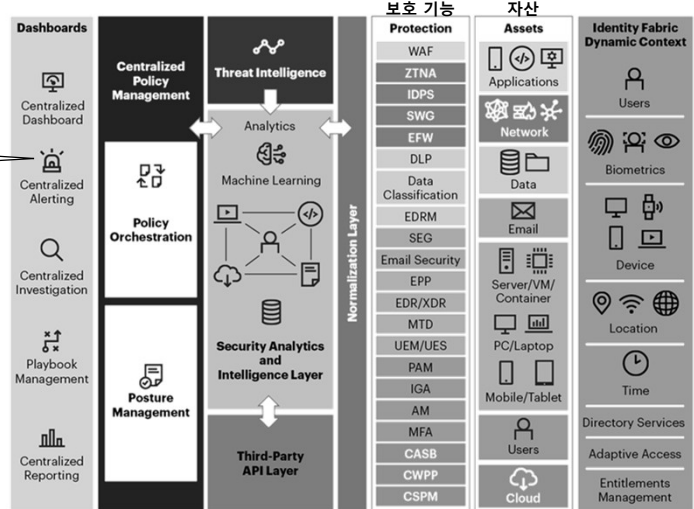
SSE: Security Service Edge (보안 서비스 에지)

CSMA: Cybersecurity Mesh Architecture (사이버 보안 아키텍처)

Source: Gartner

❖ Cybersecurity Mesh Architecture

(예) 3 Clicks for Location



Source: Gartner

❖ Types of Cloud Workload Protection Platforms(CWPP) and Their Minimum Capabilities

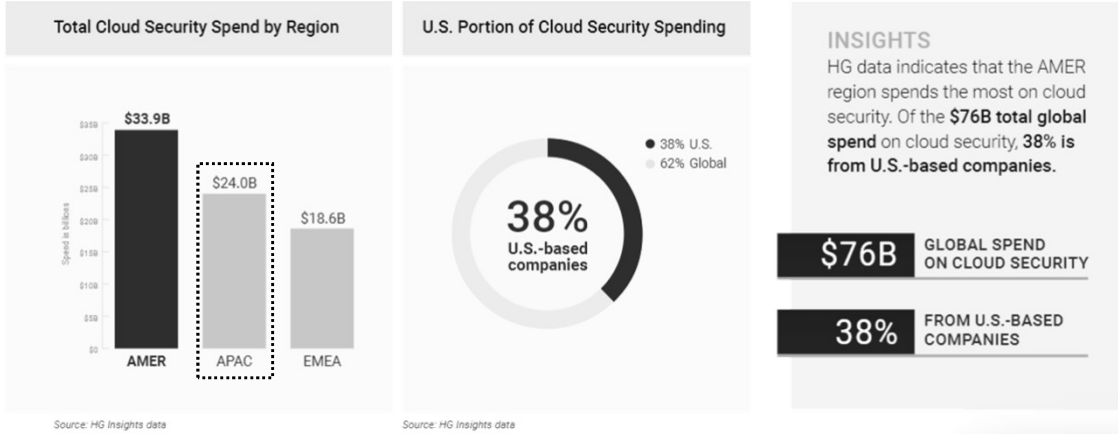
클라우드 워크로드 보호 플랫폼(CWPP)

CWPP's "DNA" Markers/Capabilities	공격 표면 감소			사전 차단		사후 차단		CWPP Variants		취약성 Hardening and Config. Compliance	애플리케이션 제어 App. Control/ Desired State Enforcement
	Broad Spectrum	컨테이너 Container-Focused	서버리스 Serverless-Focused	Pre-Execution Protection	사후 차단	메모리 Memory, Process Integrity Protection	ID Identity-Based Segmentation and Visibility	EDR EDR-Focused			
강화 구성 Hardening and Configuration											
호스트 기반 네트워크 방화벽 Host-Based Network Firewalling											
마이크로 분할 Microsegmentation											
익스플로잇 방지 및 메모리 보호 Exploit Prevention and Memory Protection											
취약성 관리 Vulnerability Management											
애플리케이션 제어 Application Control											
특권 액세스 관리 Privileged Access Management											
안티 바이러스 Antivirus											
취약성 보호 Vulnerability Shielding											
통합 제어 Integrity Control											
사용자 행동 감시 User Behavior Monitoring											
침입 탐지 차단 Intrusion Detection/ Prevention											
워크로드 EDR Workload EDR											
자동 치료 Autoremiation											

Source: Gartner

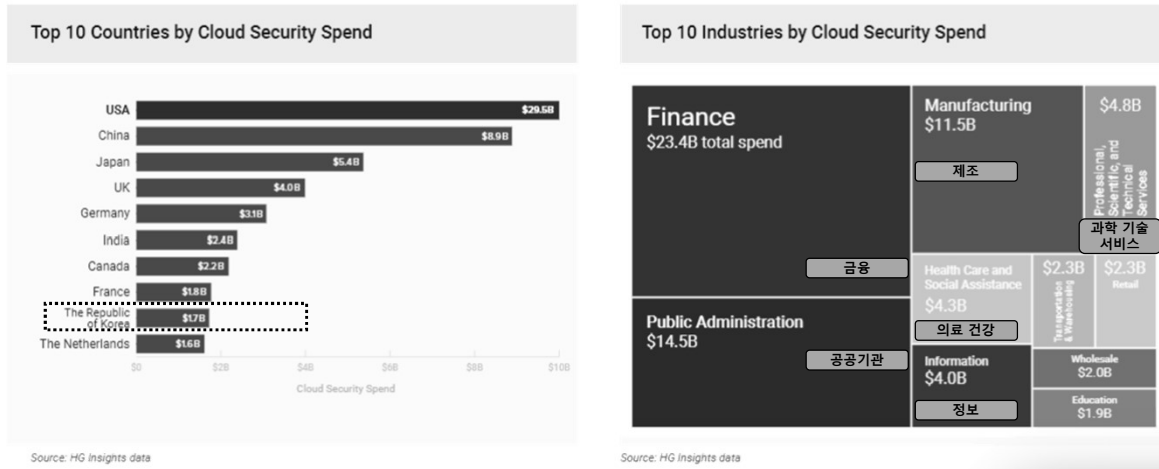
Endpoint detection and response (EDR)

❖ 글로벌 클라우드 보안 시장 규모 및 전망 (2023)



Source: <https://hginsights.com/blog/2023-cloud-security-market-size-growth-forecast>

❖ Top 10 Countries and Industries by Cloud Security Spend (2023)



Source: <https://hginsights.com/blog/2023-cloud-security-market-size-growth-forecast>

❖ 2021-2023 전세계 보안 분야별 사용자 지출

표1. 2021-2023년 전 세계 정보 보안 및 리스크 관리 분야별 최종 사용자 지출(단위: 백만 달러)

시장 분야	2021 지출	2021 성장률 (%)	2022 지출	2022 성장률 (%)	2023 지출	2023 성장률 (%)
애플리케이션 보안	4,963	20.8	6,018	21.3	7,503	24.7
클라우드 보안	4,323	36.3	5,276	22.0	6,688	26.8
데이터 개인 정보	1,140	14.2	1,264	10.8	1,477	16.9
데이터 보안	3,193	6.0	3,500	9.6	3,997	14.2
아이덴티티 액세스 관리(IAM)	15,865	22.3	18,019	13.6	20,746	15.1
인프라 보호	24,109	22.5	27,408	13.7	31,810	16.1
통합 리스크 관리(IRM)	5,647	15.4	6,221	10.1	7,034	13.1
네트워크 보안 장비	17,558	12.3	19,076	8.6	20,936	9.7
기타 정보 보안 소프트웨어	1,767	26.2	2,032	15.0	2,305	13.4
보안 서비스	71,081	9.2	71,684	0.8	76,468	6.7
소비자 보안 소프트웨어	8,103	13.7	8,659	6.9	9,374	8.3
총계	157,749.7	14.3	169,156.2	7.2	188,336.2	11.3

출처: 가트너 (2022년 10월)

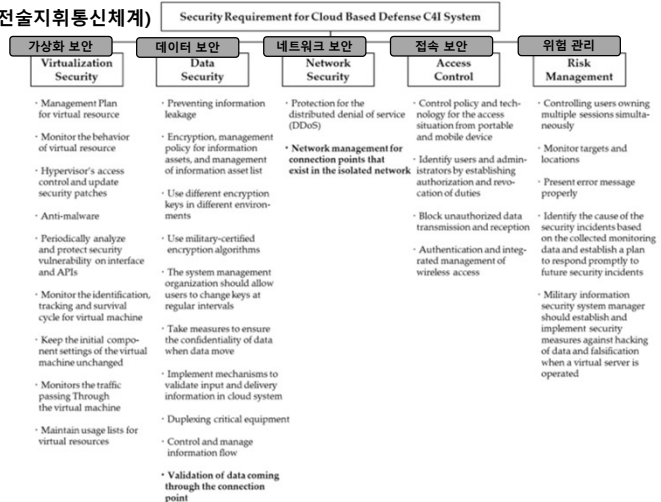
Source: <https://zdnet.co.kr/view/?no=20221014164810>

❖ Security requirements for cloud-based defense C4I system.

- Risk Management
- Access Control
- Network Security
- Data Security
- Virtualization Security
 - 가상자원 관리
 - 가상자원 모니터
 - 하이퍼바이저 보안
 - Anti-malware
 - 주기적 보안 분석
 - VM 모니터
 - VM 세팅 유지
 - VM 트래픽 모니터
 - 가상 자원 사용 관리

클라우드 확장 모니터 오픈소스(예)
<https://www.netdata.cloud/>

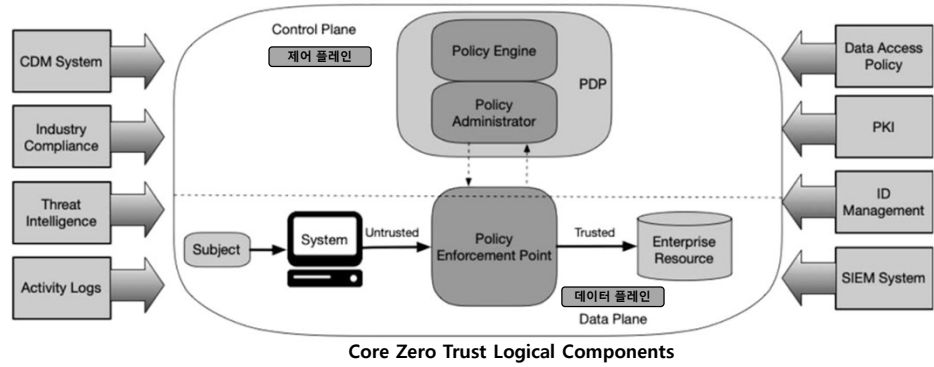
C4I 체계(전술지휘통신체계)



Source: <https://www.mdpi.com/2071-1050/13/24/13827/htm>

LOGICAL ZERO TRUST COMPONENTS

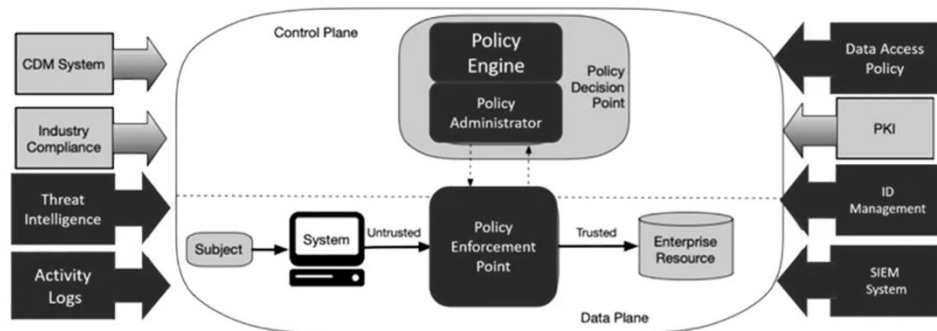
- ❖ NIST(National Institute of Standards and Technology), 미국 국립표준기술연구소
- Logical Zero Trust Components: 800-207 Zero Trust Architecture



PDP (Policy Decision Point), PEP (Policy Enforcement Point), CDM (Clean Development Mechanism), PKI (Public Key Infrastructure)
 Source: <https://www.techrepublic.com/article/zero-trust-security-a-cheat-sheet/>

RSA SECURITY BUSINESS

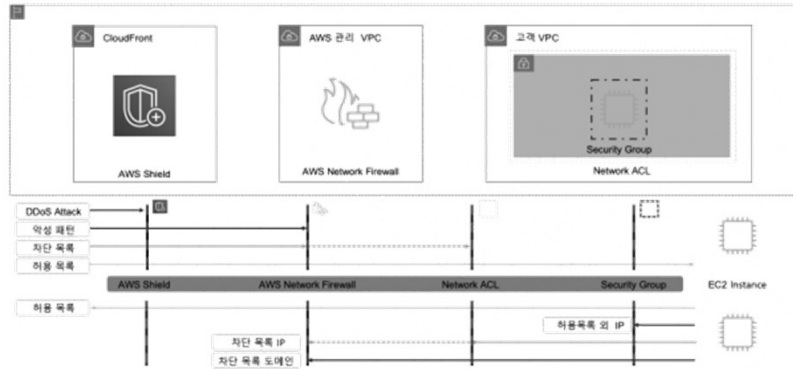
- ❖ RSA Security Business Unit Applicable Overlay



Source: <https://www.rsa.com/zero-trust/what-is-zero-trust/>

❖ AWS 가상네트워크(VPC) 인프라 보안: AWS 서비스 보안

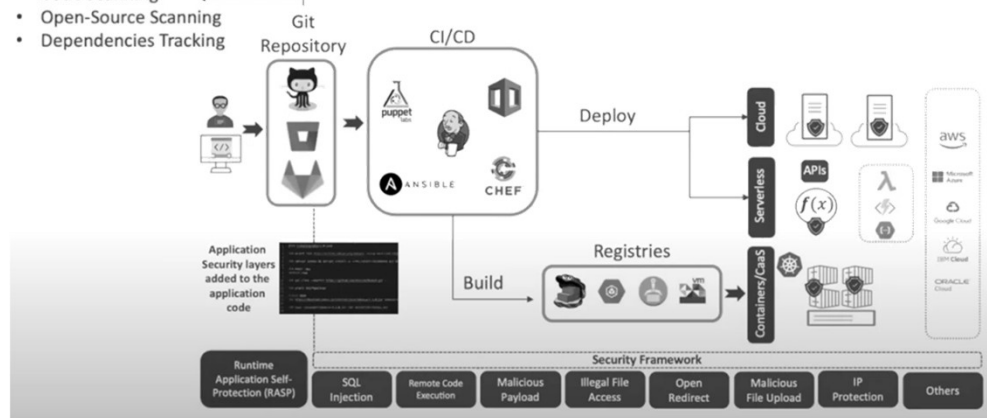
- AWS 실드(AWS Shield)
- AWS 네트워크 파이어월(AWS Network Firewall)
- NACL(Network Access Control List)
- 보안 그룹(Security Group)
- 데이터 암호화



Source: <http://www.datanet.co.kr/news/articleView.html?idxno=178057>

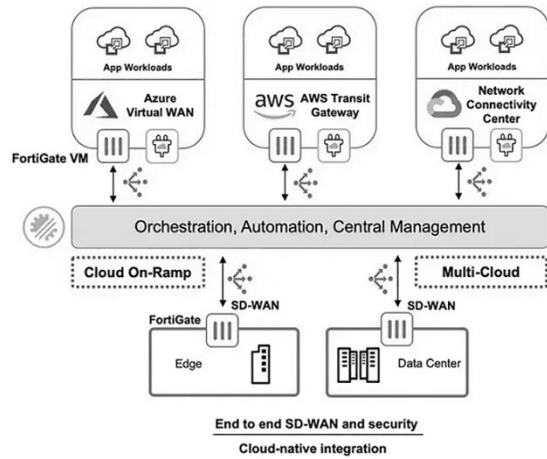
❖ Trend Micro - Embedding Microservices Security

- Code Scanning
- Open-Source Scanning
- Dependencies Tracking



Source: https://www.trendmicro.com/en_dk/devops/22/a/microservice-security-how-to-proactively-protect-apps.html

❖ Secure SD-WAN for Multi-Cloud Infrastructure (포티넷)

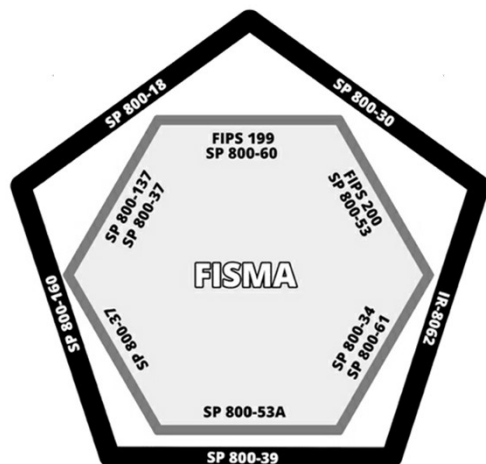


Source: <https://www.fortinet.com/solutions/enterprise-midsize-business/sd-wan-multi-cloud>



❖ Federal Information Security Modernization Act: • FISMA is composed of a number of NIST publications.

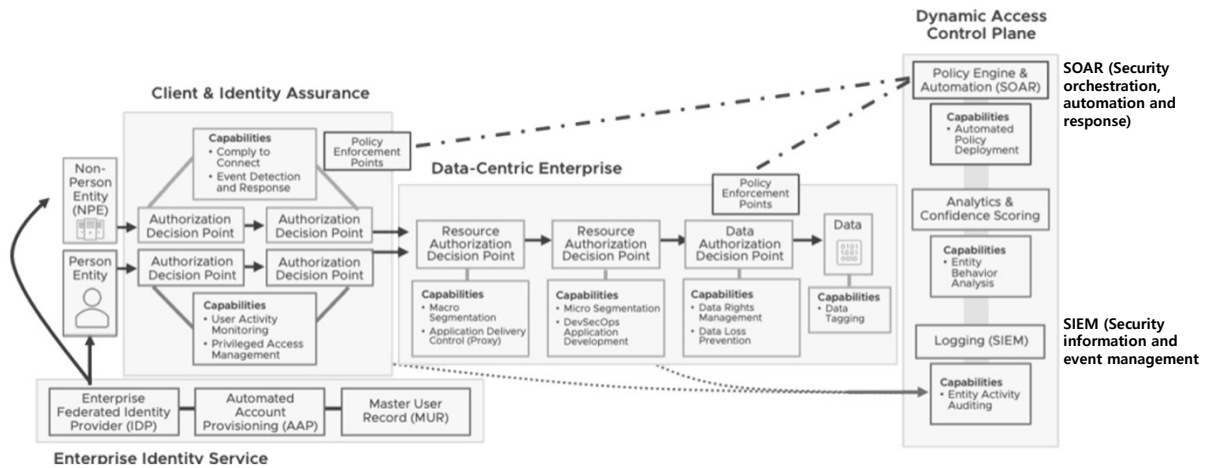
- FIPS-199: Categorization
- SP 800-60 Vol. 1 Rev. 1: Guide for Mapping Types of Information and Information Systems to Security Categories
- SP 800-37 Rev. 2: Risk Management Framework for Information Systems and Organizations: A System Life Cycle Approach for Security and Privacy
- SP 800-53A Rev. 5: Assessing Security and Privacy Controls in Information Systems and Organizations
- SP 800-137: Information Security Continuous Monitoring (ISCM) for Federal Information Systems and Organizations
- SP 800-61 Rev. 2: Computer Security Incident Handling Guide
- SP 800-18 Rev. 1 : Guide for Developing Security Plans for Federal Information Systems



NIST (National Institute of Standards and Technology), 미국 국립표준기술연구소
Source: Coombs, Ted. Cloud Security For Dummies (p. 307). Wiley. Kindle Edition.



❖ Zero - Trust Architecture 엔터프라이즈 (예)

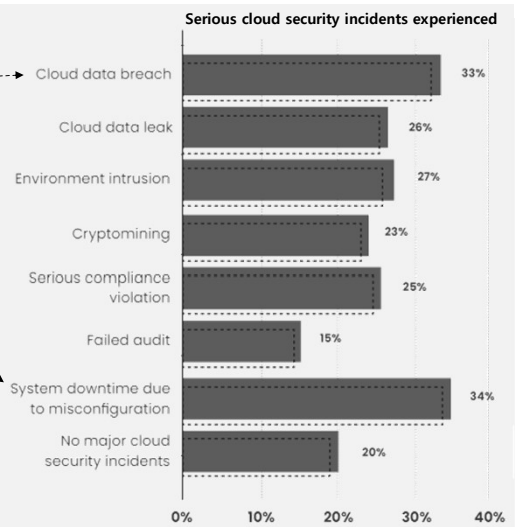


SOAR (Security orchestration, automation and response)

SIEM (Security information and event management)

❖ 심각한 클라우드 보안 사고 경험

- **Cloud data breach** (클라우드 데이터 침해)
- **Cloud data leak** (클라우드 데이터 유출)
- **Environment intrusion** (환경 침입)
- **Cryptomining** (암호화폐 채굴)
- **Serious compliance violation** (심각한 규정 준수 위반)
- **Failed audit** (감사 실패)
- **System downtime due to misconfiguration** (잘못된 구성으로 인한 시스템 다운타임)
- **No major cloud security incidents** (주요 클라우드 보안 사고 없음)

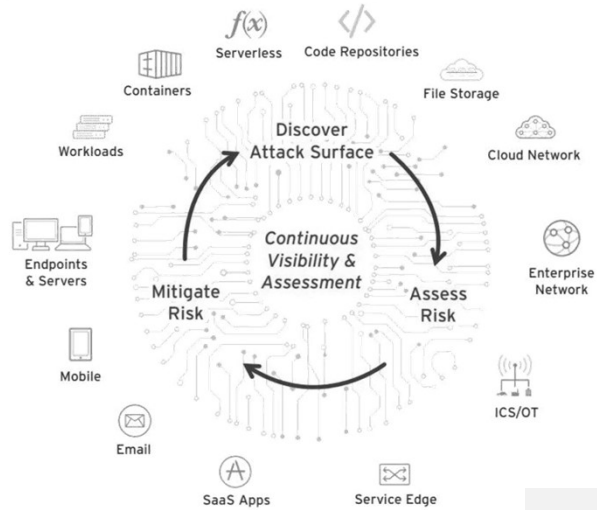


Business opportunities

Source: <https://resources.synk.io/state-of-cloud-security>, The State of Cloud Security Report 2022, synk

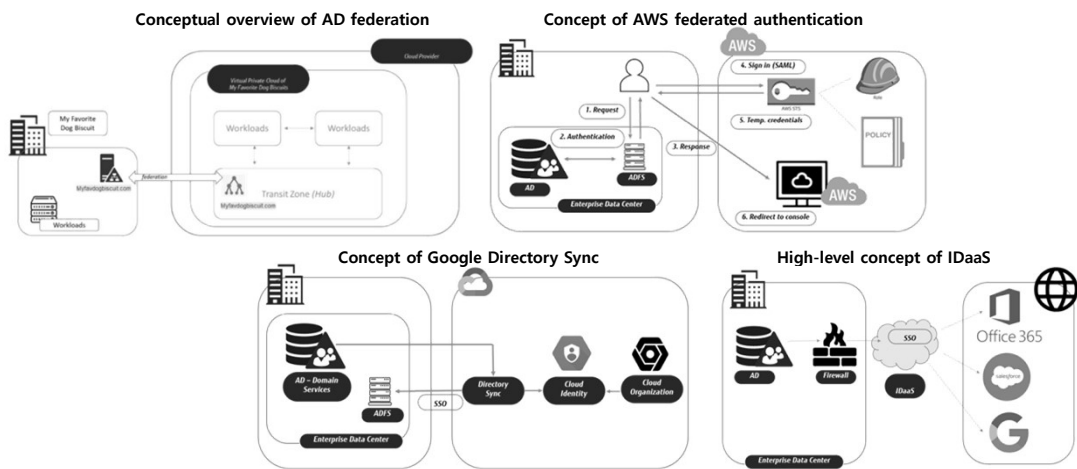
❖ 다양한 공격 표면(Attack Surface), 2023

- **Massive growth in SaaS applications**
(SaaS 애플리케이션의 큰 성장)
- **Software supply chain uncertainty**
(소프트웨어 공급망의 불확실성)
- **Work-from home**
(재택 근무)
- **IT / OT convergence & 5G**
(IT/OT 융합 및 5G)
- **Rapid growth in cloud native services**
(클라우드 네이티브 서비스의 급속한 성장)
- **Cloud native applications**
(클라우드 네이티브 애플리케이션)



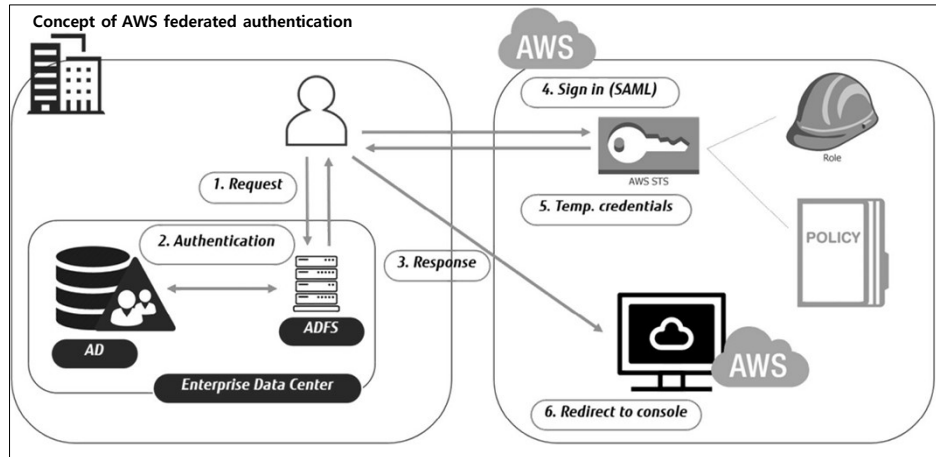
Source: https://www.trendmicro.com/en_gb/ciso/22/d/attack-surface-management.html

❖ Designing access management across multi-cloud



FEDERATED AUTHENTICATION

- ❖ Designing access management across multi-cloud
- Concept of AWS federated authentication

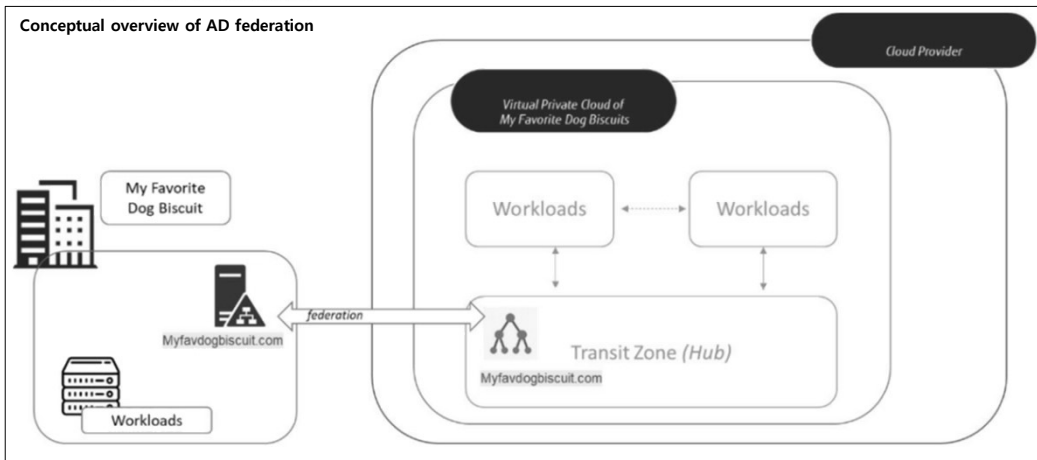


Source: Mulder, Jeroen. Multi-Cloud Architecture and Governance: Leverage Azure, AWS, GCP, and VMware vSphere to build effective multi-cloud solutions (p. 394). Packt Publishing. Kindle Edition.



AD FEDERATION

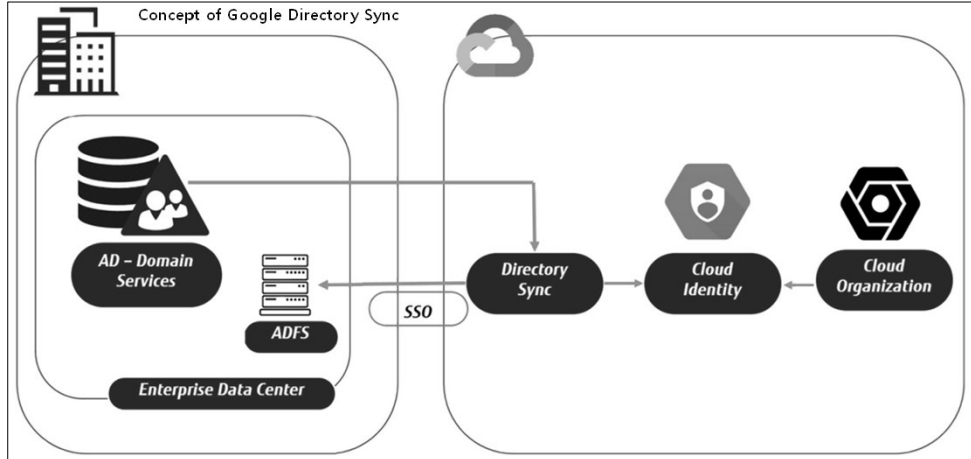
- ❖ Designing access management across multi-cloud
- Conceptual overview of AD federation



Source: Mulder, Jeroen. Multi-Cloud Architecture and Governance: Leverage Azure, AWS, GCP, and VMware vSphere to build effective multi-cloud solutions (p. 145). Packt Publishing. Kindle Edition.



- ❖ Designing access management across multi-cloud
 - Concept of Google Directory Sync



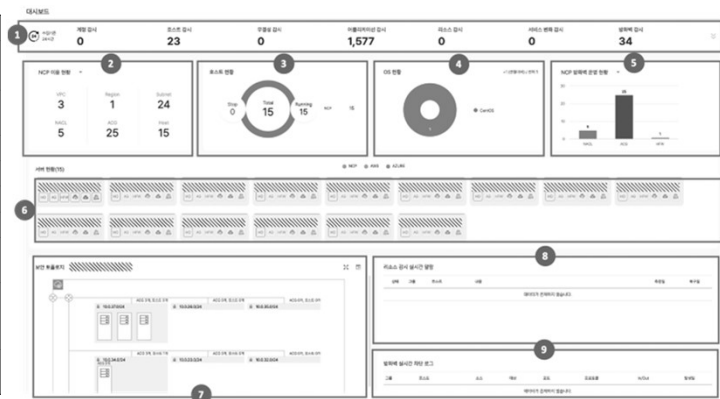
Source: Mulder, Jeroen. Multi-Cloud Architecture and Governance: Leverage Azure, AWS, GCP, and VMware vSphere to build effective multi-cloud solutions (p. 395). Packt Publishing, Kindle Edition.

❖ 네이버클라우드: 클라우드 보안 형상관리 서비스 'Cloud Security Watcher'

- 네이티브 클라우드 보안 형상관리 서비스 (Cloud Security Posture Management, CSPM)
- 자산 가시성 확보, 보안 규정 준수 평가, 위협 교정 지원, 멀티 클라우드 통합 관리

영역	설명
① 24시간 변동 현황 모니터링	대시보드 상단에 배치된 메뉴
② 이용 현황	사용 중인 클라우드 서비스에서 그룹, 클라우드, 리전 정보, VPC/VNet, 서브넷 등 이용 현황
③ 호스트 현황	사용 중인 클라우드 서비스의 전체 호스트 현황
④ OS 현황	사용 중인 클라우드 서비스에 설치된 OS 현황
⑤ 방화벽 운영 현황	사용 중인 클라우드 서비스의 전체 방화벽 운영 현황
⑥ 서버 현황	클라우드 서비스 내 등록된 서버 현황
⑦ 보안 토폴로지	호스트의 네트워크별 정보를 기반으로 생성된 토폴로지
⑧ 리소스 감시 실시간 알람	클라우드 서비스 내 등록된 호스트들에 대한 정책 설정 시 지정한 임계치별 호스트 상태의 위험, 주의가 발생된 내역
⑨ 방화벽 실시간 차단 로그	클라우드 서비스 내 등록된 호스트들의 방화벽 차단에 발생한 최근 알람 리스트

Source: <https://guide.ncloud-docs.com/beta/docs/csw-use>



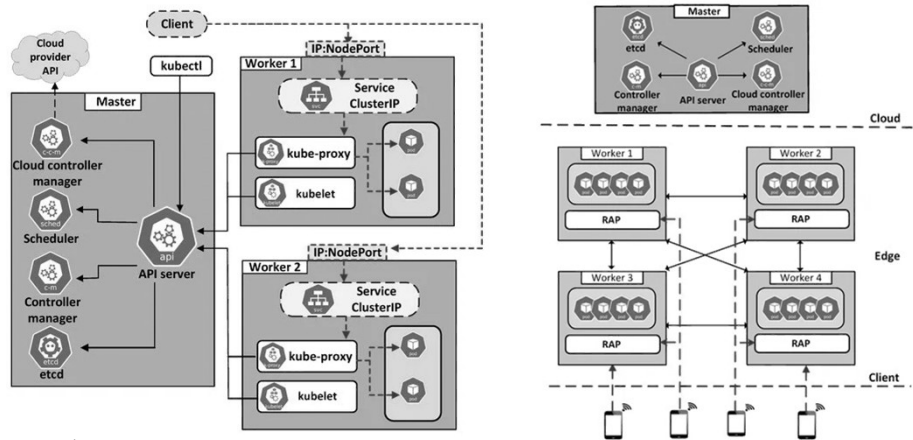
VI. 멀티 클라우드의 Cloud Native 서비스 연동



KUBERNETES INFRASTRUCTURE

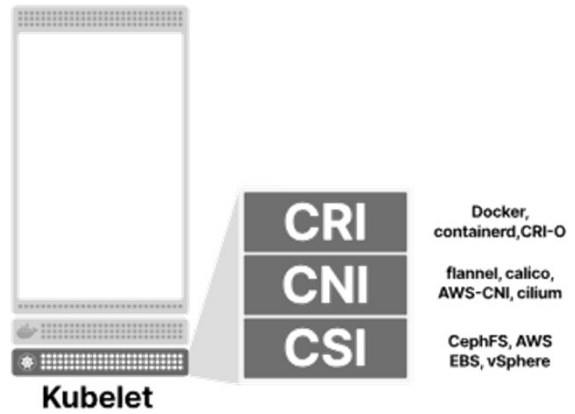
❖ Load-Balancing of Kubernetes-Based Edge Computing Infrastructure

- Using Resource Adaptive Proxy (RAP)



Source: <https://www.mdpi.com/1424-8220/22/8/2869/htm>

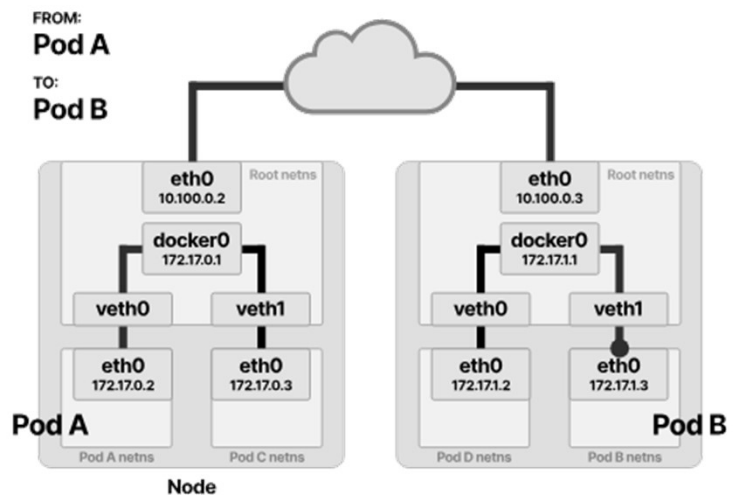
- ❖ Container Runtime Interface - CRI
- ❖ Container Network Interface - CNI
- ❖ Container Storage Interface - CSI



Source: <https://learnk8s.io/kubernetes-network-packets>



- ❖ Pod-to-Pod.



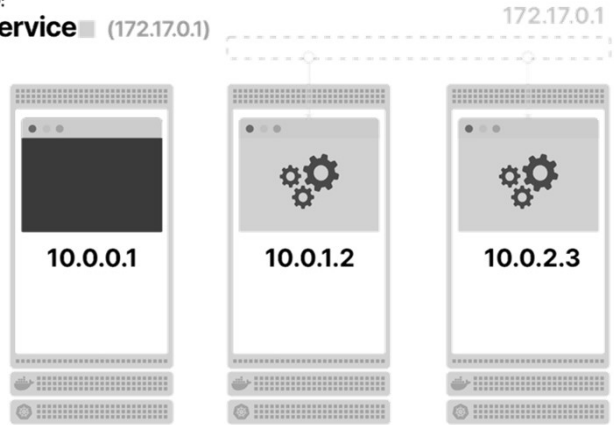
Source: <https://learnk8s.io/kubernetes-network-packets>



❖ Pod-to-Pod

FROM:
Pod ■ (10.0.0.1)

TO:
Service ■ (172.17.0.1)



Source: <https://learnk8s.io/kubernetes-long-lived-connections>

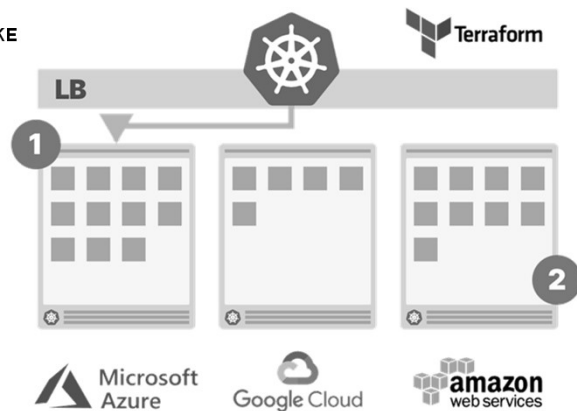


JS Lab

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❖ Creating Kubernetes clusters with Terraform

1. Provisioning K8s clusters on AWS with Terraform and EKS
2. Getting started with Terraform and K8s on Azure AKS
3. Provisioning K8s clusters on GCP with Terraform and GKE
4. Provisioning K8s clusters on Linode with Terraform



Source: <https://learnk8s.io/kubernetes-terraform>



JS Lab

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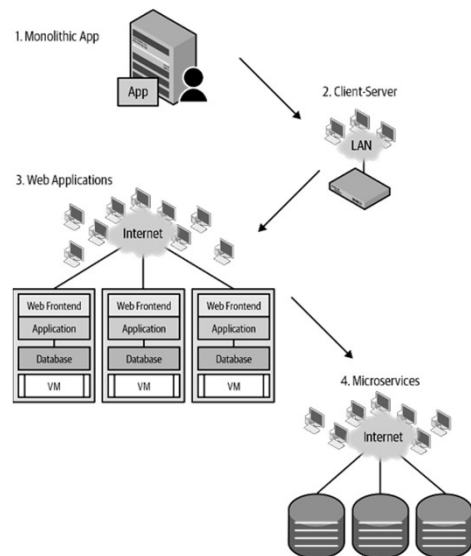
❖ Multi-Cloud Challenges

- Different Cloud Service Providers Have Different APIs

	Static		Dynamic		
	DEDICATED	PRIVATE CLOUD	AWS	AZURE	GCP
Run Deployment	vSphere	→ vSphere	EKS / ECS Lambda	AKS / ACS Azure Functions	GKE Cloud Functions
Connect Networking	Hardware	→ Various Hardware	CloudMap AppMesh	Proprietary	Google Istio
Secure Security	IP; Hardware	→ Identity: AD/LDAP	Identity: AWS IAM	Identity: Azure AD	Identity: GCP IAM
Provision Operations	vCenter	→ Terraform	CloudFormation	Resource Manager	Cloud Deployment Manager

Source: <https://wtop.com/sponsored-content/2022/07/a-leadership-guide-to-multi-cloud-success-for-the-intelligence-community/>

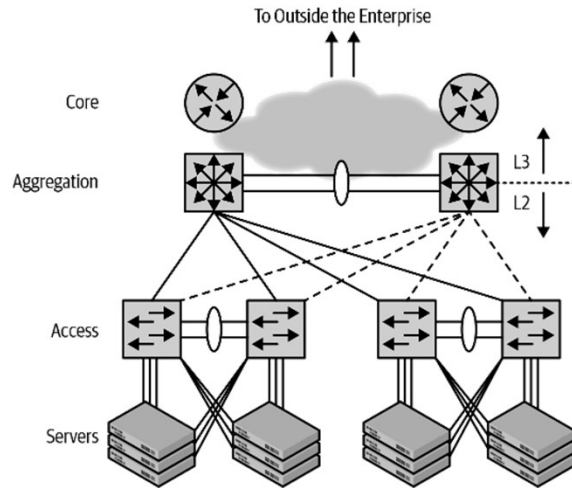
❖ Evolution of application architecture



Source: Cloud Native Data Center Networking (Architecture, Protocols, and Tools), Dinesh G. Dutt, O'REILLY

ACCESS-AGGREGATION-CORE

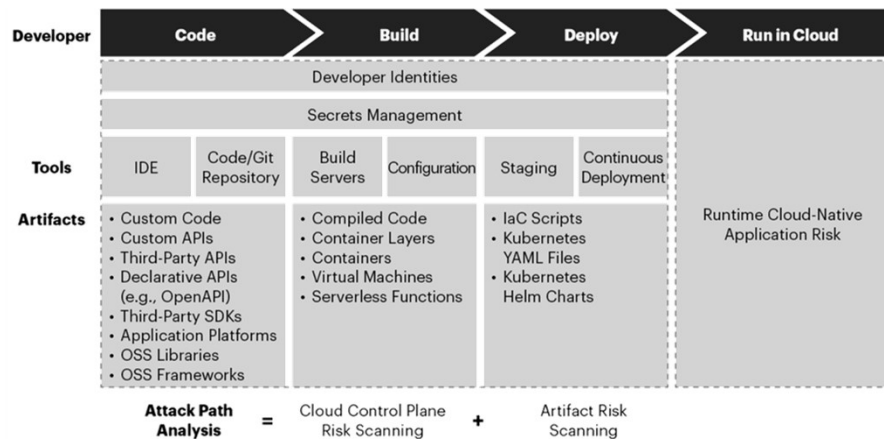
❖ Access-aggregation-core network architecture



Source: Cloud Native Data Center Networking (Architecture, Protocols, and Tools), Dinesh G. Dutt, O'REILLY

CODE-TO-CLOUD RISK

❖ Code-to-Cloud Risk Visibility, Prioritization and Remediation.

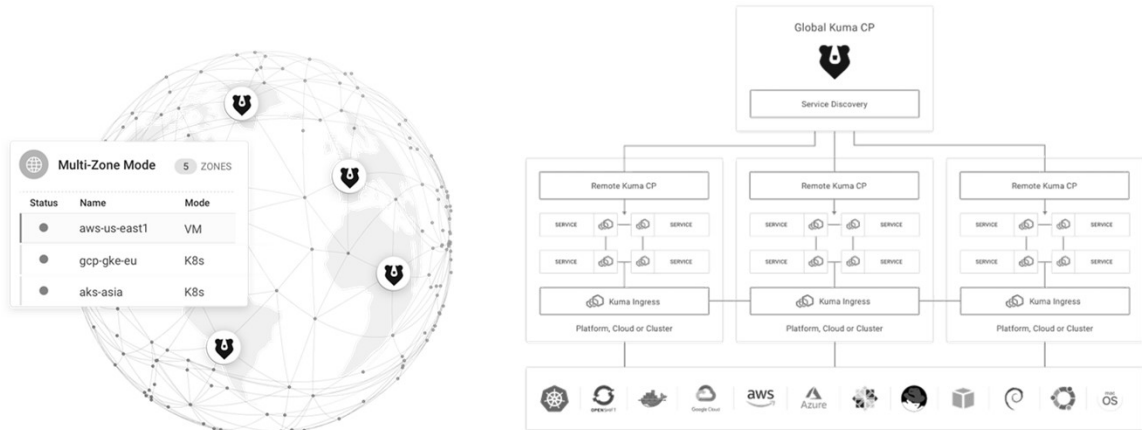


IDE = integrated development environment; OSS = open-source software

Source: <https://www.uptycs.com/blog/6-takeaways-cnapp-gartner-market-guide-2023>

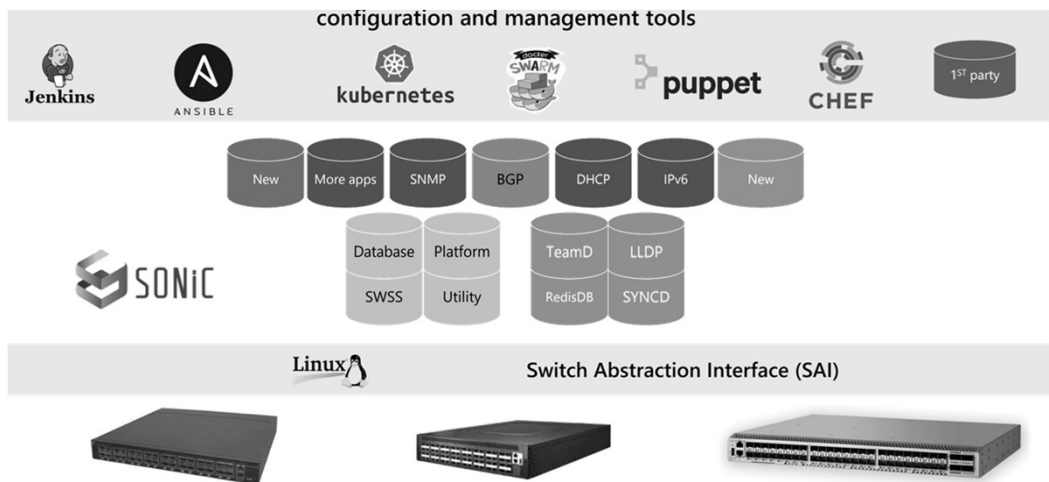
❖ Multi-Cloud Service Networking

- Multi-Cluster & Multi-Cloud Service Mesh with Kuma and Envoy



Source: <https://kuma.io/>

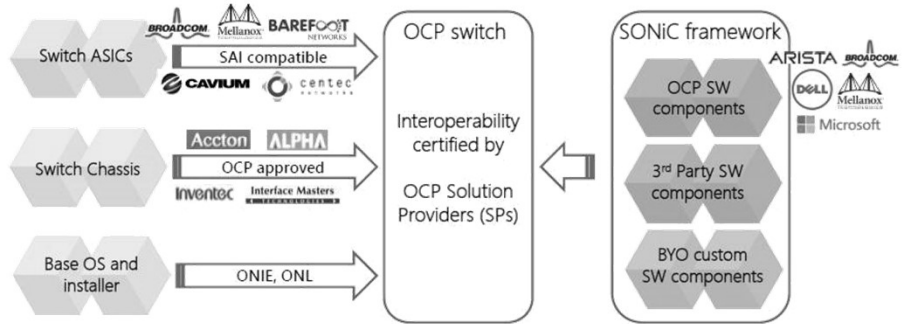
❖ SONiC (Software for Open Networking in the Cloud)



❖ SONiC ecosystem

- SONiC (Software for Open Networking in the Cloud)

SONiC vision for the OCP switch ecosystem

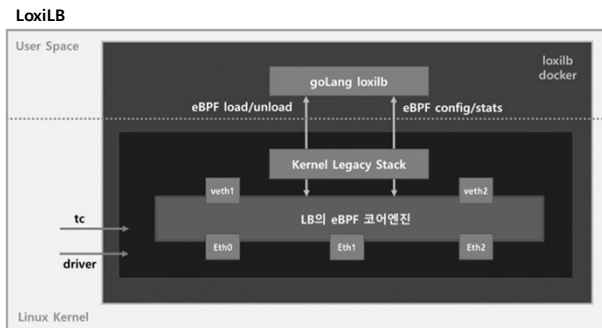


Fully Open Sourced switching platform - Increased choices for OCP end users

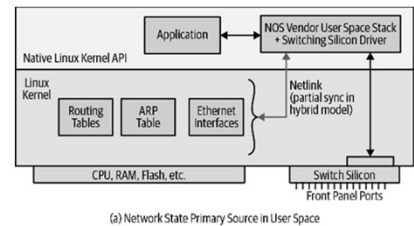


❖ How a user-space switching-silicon driver gets information

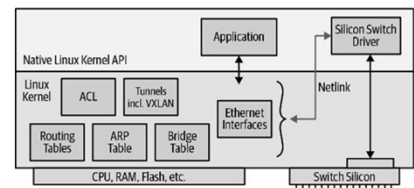
- Kernel-space 생성 정보 수집 필요
- eBPF(Kernel-space sandbox app): Cilium, LoxiLB, EKS Anywhere



Source: Cloud Native Data Center Networking (Architecture, Protocols, and Tools), Dinesh G. Dutt, O'REILLY

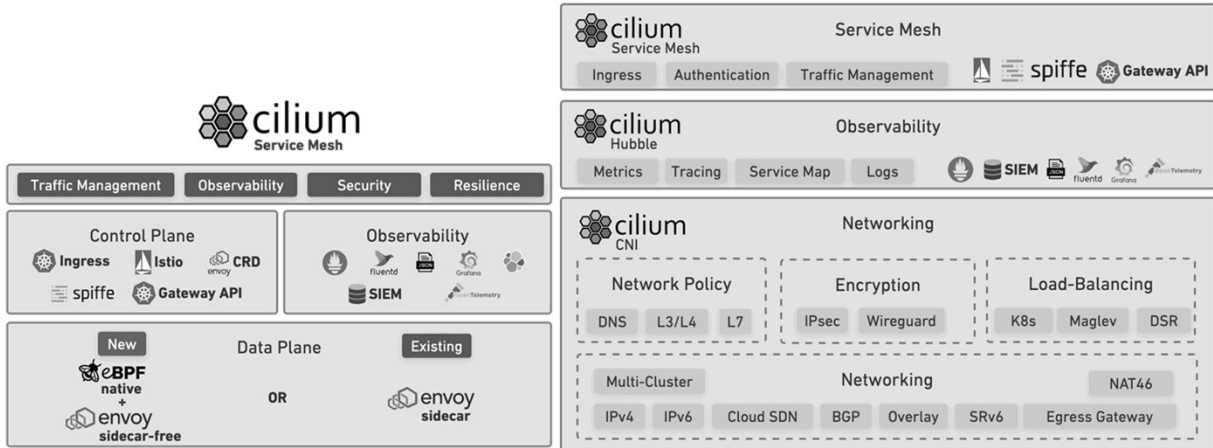


(a) Network State Primary Source in User Space



(b) Network State Primary Source in Kernel

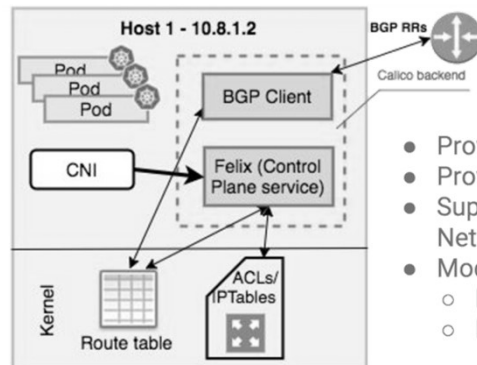
❖ eBPF 사용 (예): Cilium 1.12 Major Features



Source: <https://www.cncf.io/blog/2022/07/20/cilium-1-12-ga-cilium-service-mesh-and-other-major-new-features-for-enterprise-kubernetes/>

❖ Kubernetes CNI의 BGP 사용 (예): Calico Project

- Pure L3 based network solution
- Router per node
- Host-Host Networking
- IPAM/ pod Network
- Network Policy
- Modes
 - ✓ Pure BGP
 - ✓ IP-IP encap



- Pure L3 based network solution
- Router per node
- Provides host-host n/w'ing
- Provides IPAM & pod n/w
- Supports Kubernetes NetworkPolicy constructs
- Modes:
 - Pure BGP
 - IP-IP encap

Source: <https://platform9.com/blog/kubernetes-networking-achieving-high-performance-with-calico/>

❖ eBPF 사용 (예): Calico Project

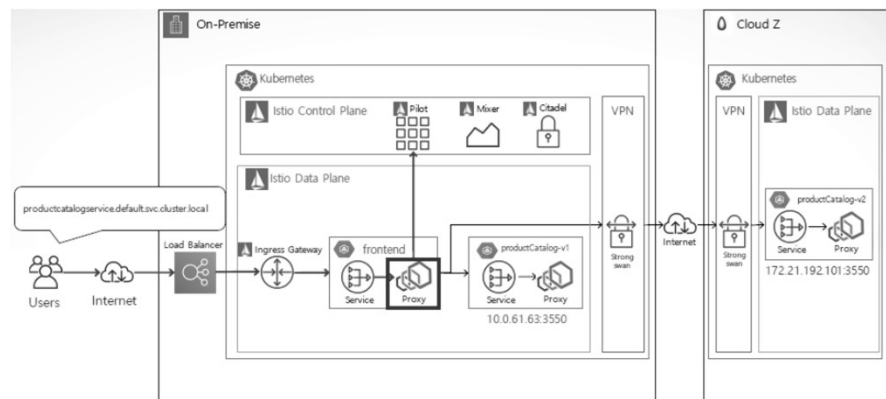
• Calico's eBPF dataplane

Factor	Standard Linux Dataplane	eBPF dataplane
Throughput	Designed for 10Gbit+	Designed for 40Gbit+
First packet latency	Low (kube-proxy service latency is bigger factor)	Lower
Subsequent packet latency	Low	Lower
Preserves source IP within cluster	Yes	Yes
Preserves external source IP	Only with externalTrafficPolicy: Local	Yes
Direct Server Return	Not supported	Supported (requires compatible underlying network)
Connection tracking	Linux kernel's conntrack table (size can be adjusted)	BPF map (fixed size)
Policy rules	Mapped to iptables rules	Mapped to BPF instructions
Policy selectors	Mapped to IP sets	Mapped to BPF maps
Kubernetes services	kube-proxy iptables or IPVS mode	BPF program and maps
IPIP	Supported	Supported (no performance advantage due to kernel limitations)
VXLAN	Supported	Supported
Wireguard	Supported (IPv4 and IPv6)	Supported (IPv4)
Other routing	Supported	Supported
Supports third party CNI plugins	Yes (compatible plugins only)	Yes (compatible plugins only)
Compatible with other iptables rules	Yes (can write rules above or below other rules)	Partial; iptables bypassed for workload traffic
Host endpoint policy	Supported	Supported
Enterprise version	Available	Available
XDP DoS Protection	Supported	Supported
IPv6	Supported	Not supported (yet)

Source: <https://projectcalico.docs.tigera.io/maintenance/ebpf/enabling-ebpf>

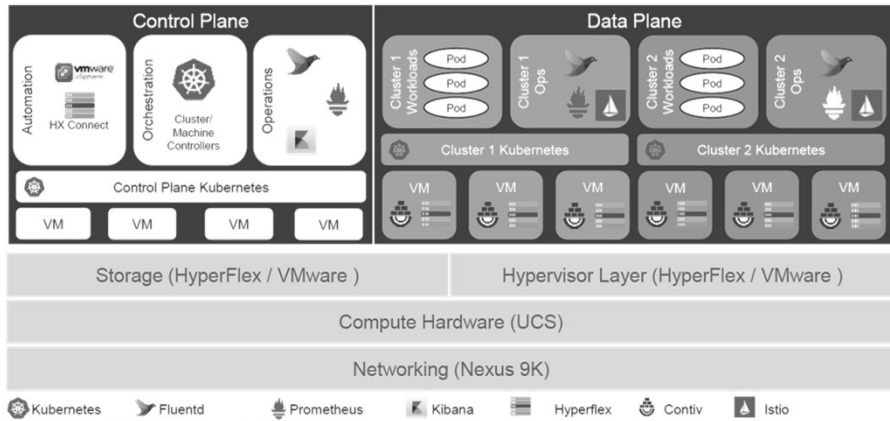
❖ Hybrid-Cloud Service Mesh Architecture (예)

• Cross Cluster간 Service Mesh 연결/확장



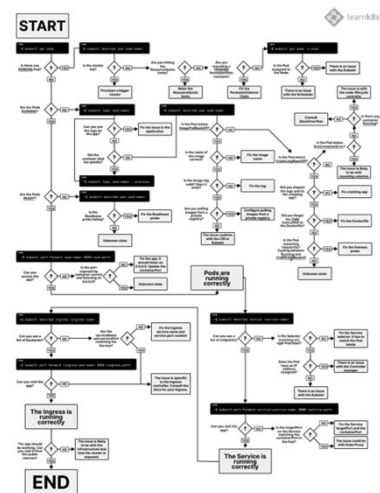
❖ Cisco Container Platform Architecture

- 구성: ACI, UCS, HCI
- 가상화 기반 클라우드 네이티브 서비스



❖ A visual guide on troubleshooting Kubernetes deployments

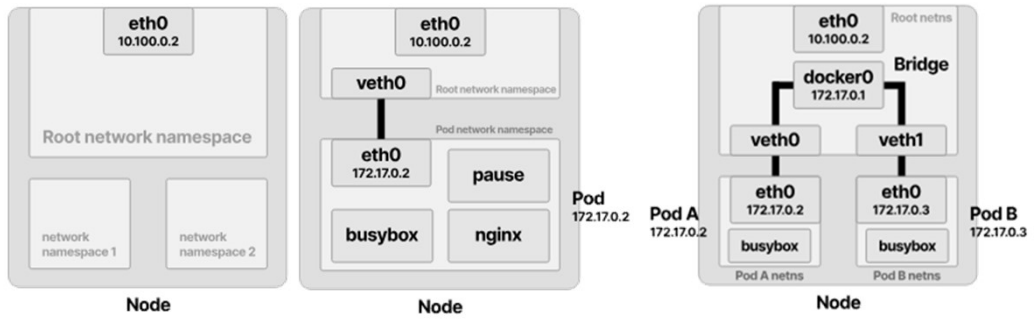
- `kubectl get pods`
- `kubectl describe pod <pod-name>`
- `kubectl log <pod-name>`
- ...



Source: <https://learnk8s.io/troubleshooting-deployments>



❖ Tracing the path of network traffic in Kubernetes



Source: <https://learnk8s.io/troubleshooting-deployments>



실습 교재 (별도)



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