

Optimization of advanced materials handling processes in the automotive industry - smart scheduling of milkrun supply-

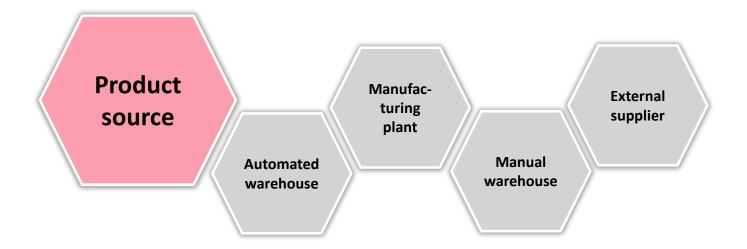


Summer School, Miskolc 06/09/2018

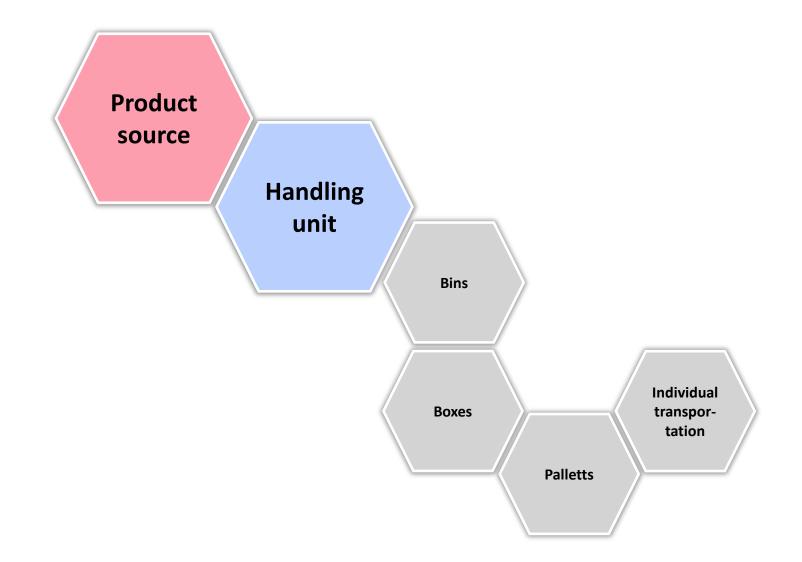
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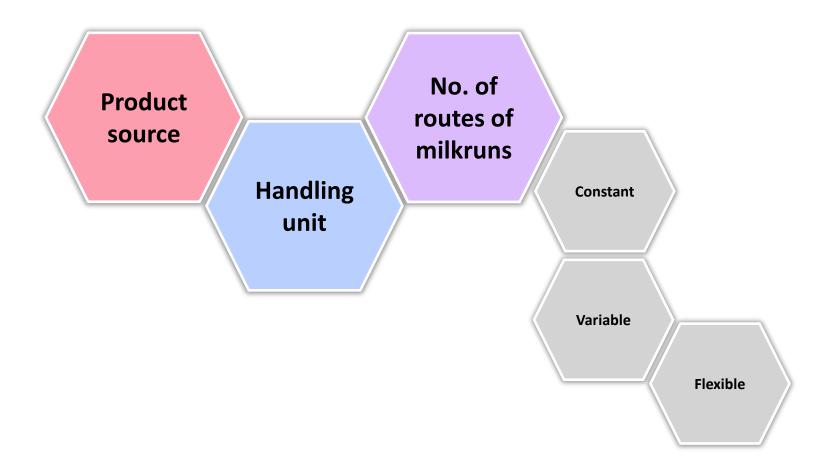




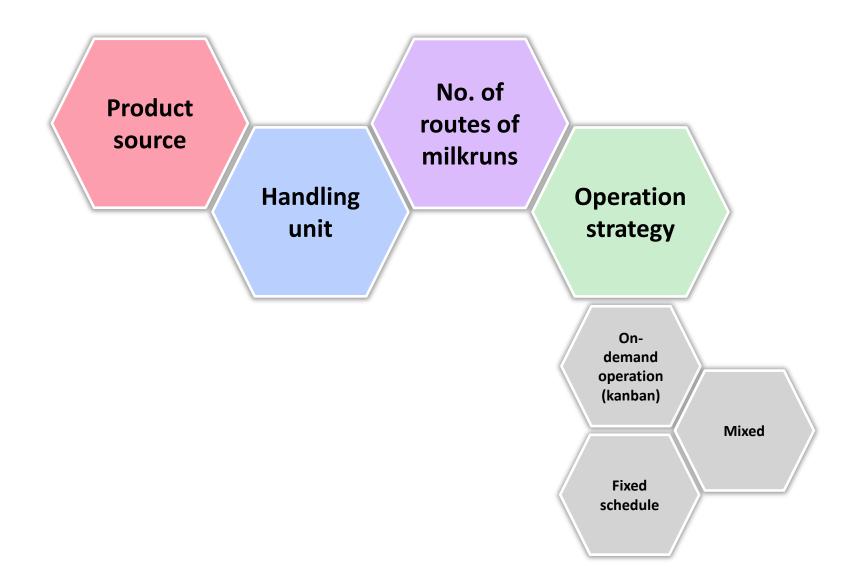




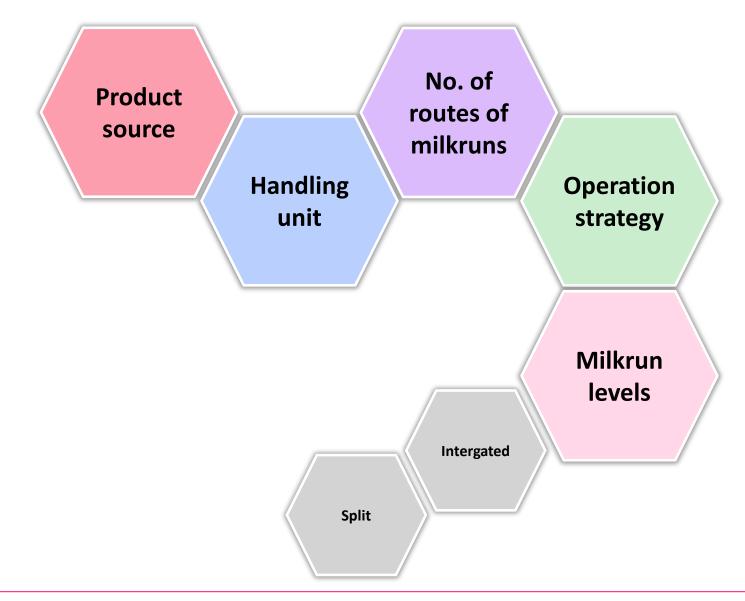




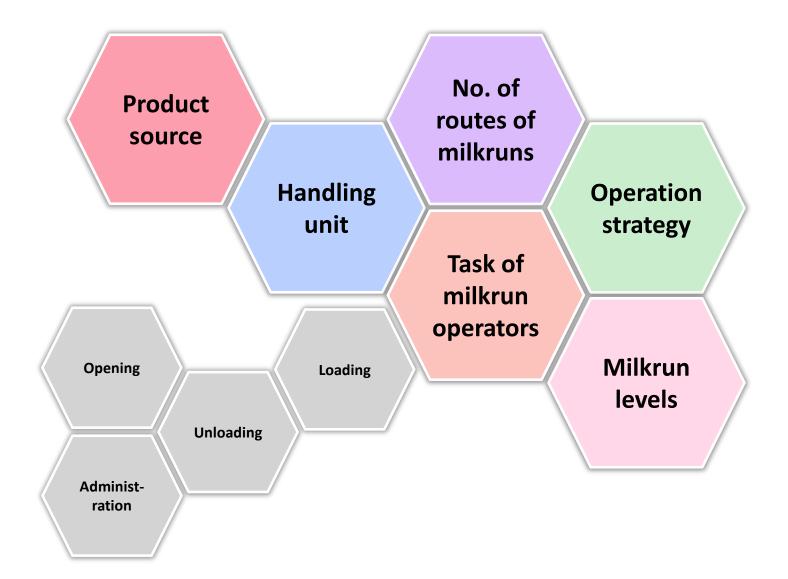




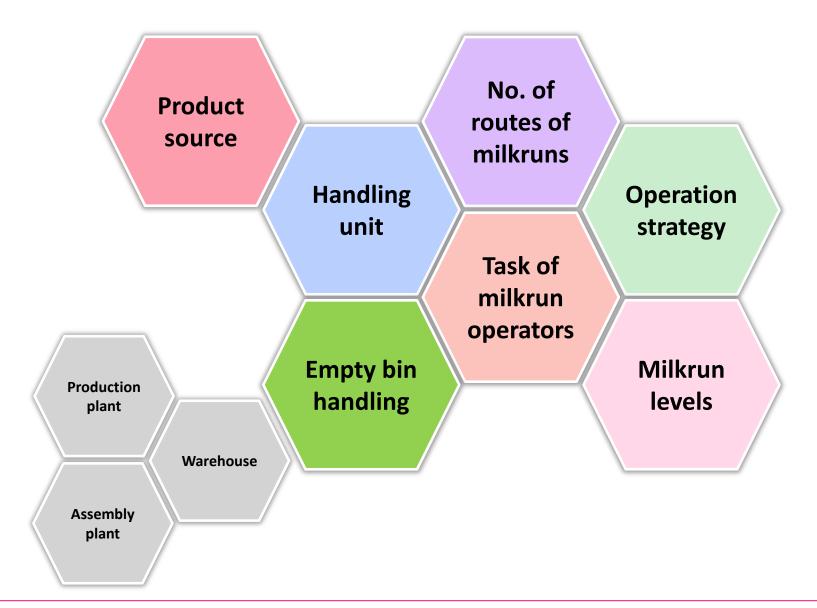




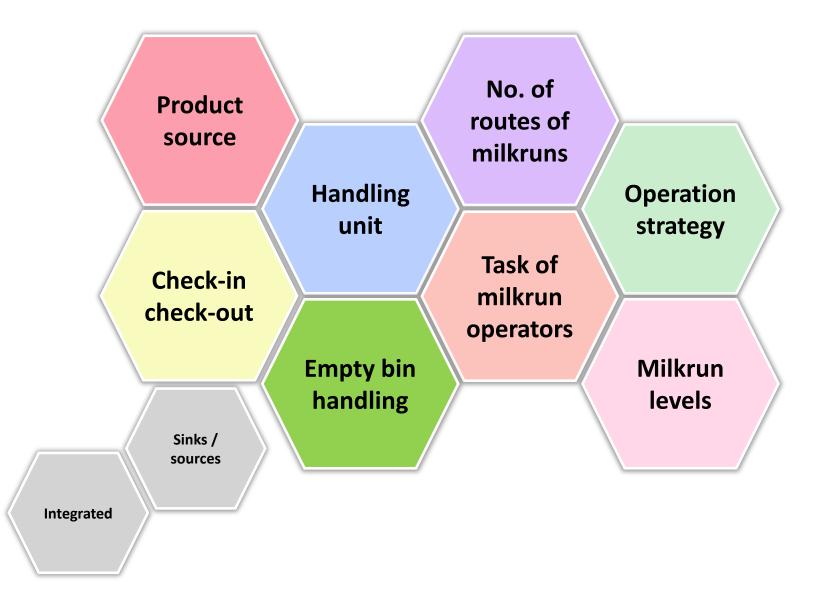




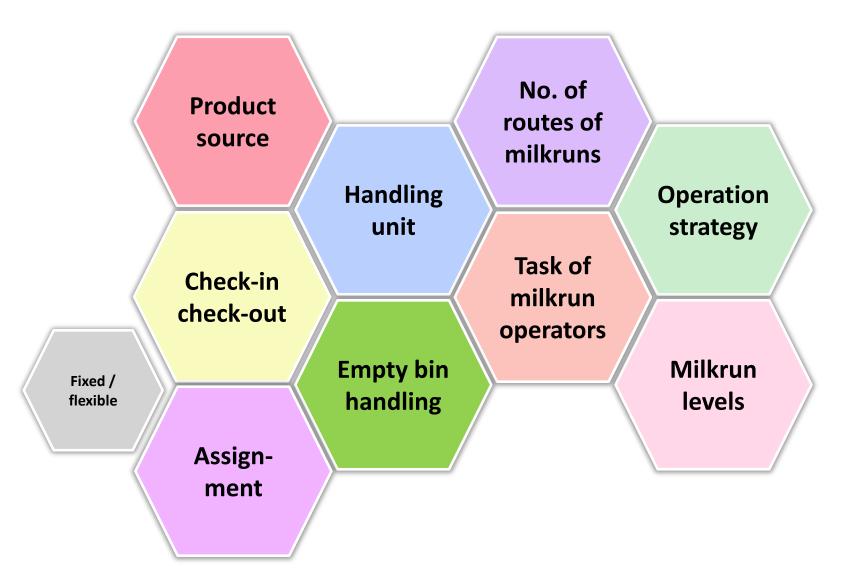




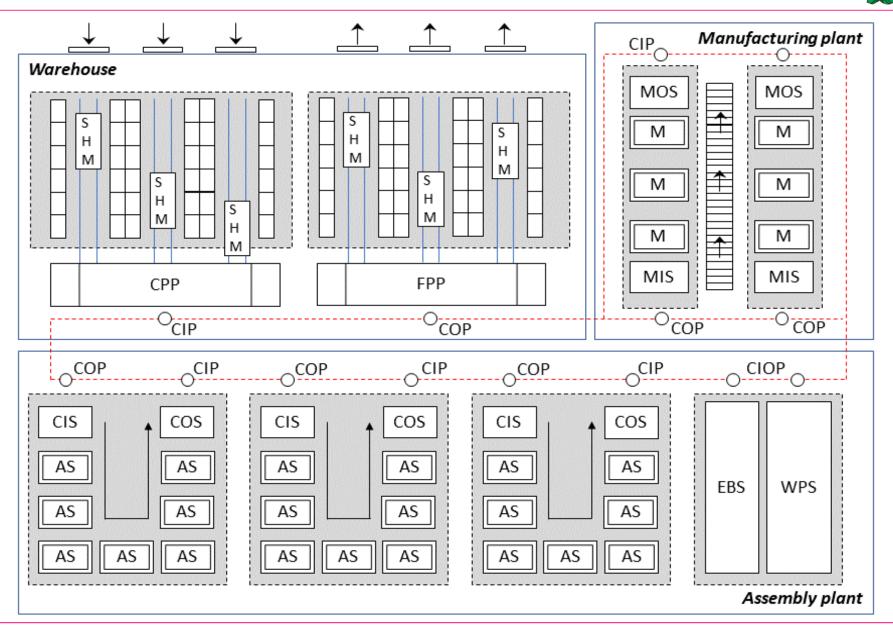






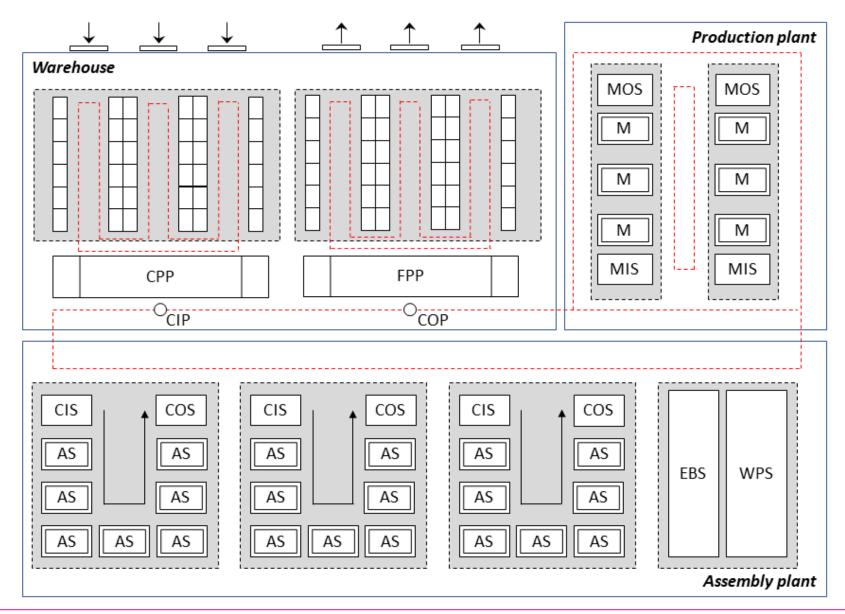


Assembly plant supply with external milkrun and decentralized check-in and check-out



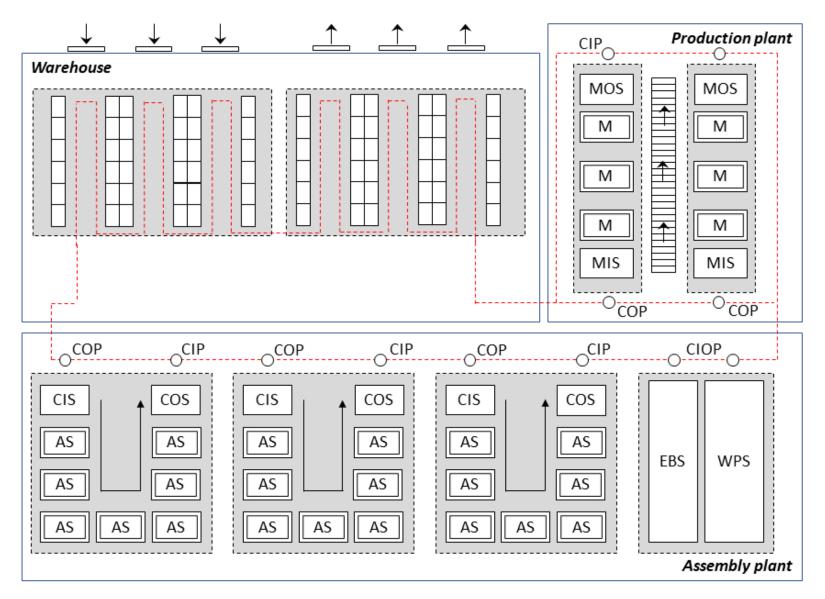


Assembly plant supply with multiple milkrun and centralized check-in and check-out



Assembly plant supply with integrated milkrun and decentralized check-in and check-out







Loading time of the required components at the output storage of the manufacturing cells

specific loading time at the input storage of manufacturing cells

$$t_{ma,l}^2 = \sum_{p \in \Theta} n_p^l (t_p^l + t_p^{ci}),$$

specific check-out time at the input storage of manufacturing cells

Loading and unloading time of the required components at the pick-up point of the final products' warehouse *specific loading time at the pick-up point of the final products' warehouse*

$$t_{w,l}^{3} = \sum_{w \in \Psi} n_{w}^{l}(t_{w}^{l} + t_{w}^{ci}) \qquad t_{w,ul}^{3} = \sum_{w \in \Psi} n_{w}^{ul}(t_{w}^{ul} + t_{w}^{co}),$$

specific check-in time at the pick-up point of the final products' warehouse

Transportation time among the pick-up points of the warehouse

length of the transportation route among the pick-up point the transportation speed of milkrun

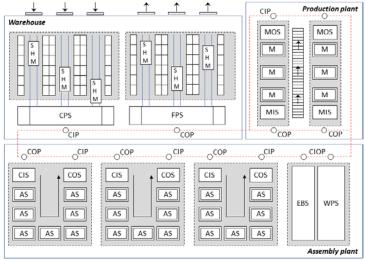
$$t_{w,tr}^3 = \sum_{s,t\in\Psi} l_{s,t}/v_{s,t},$$

set of pick-up points at the warehouse

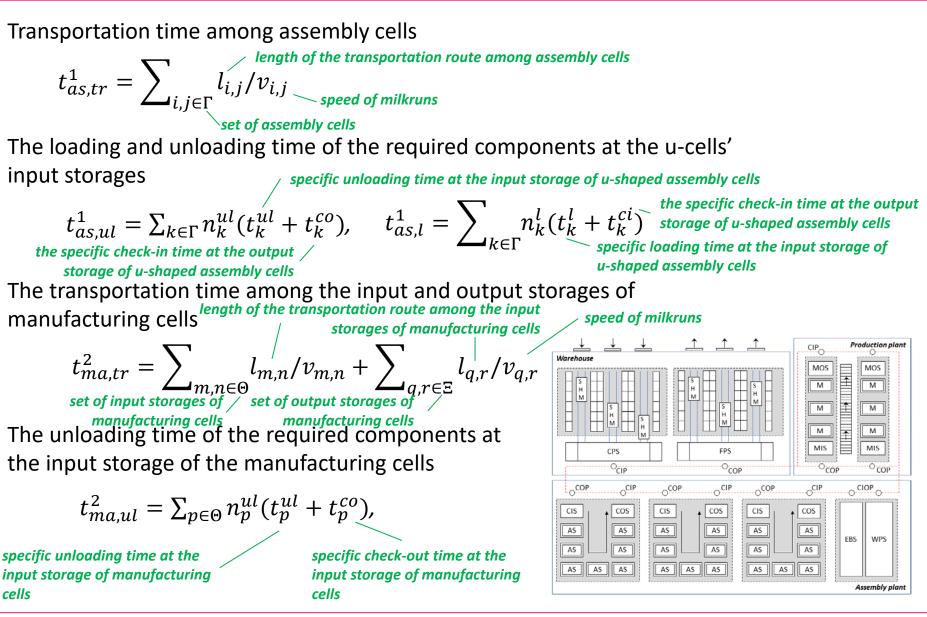
Total cycle time of the external milkrun

$$t_{ext} = t_{add} + \sum_{y=1}^{3} t_{w,tr}^{y} + t_{w,ul}^{y} + t_{w,l}^{y}$$

the specific check-in time at the pickup point of the final products' warehouse







Comparison of different strategies in milkrun based supply domain



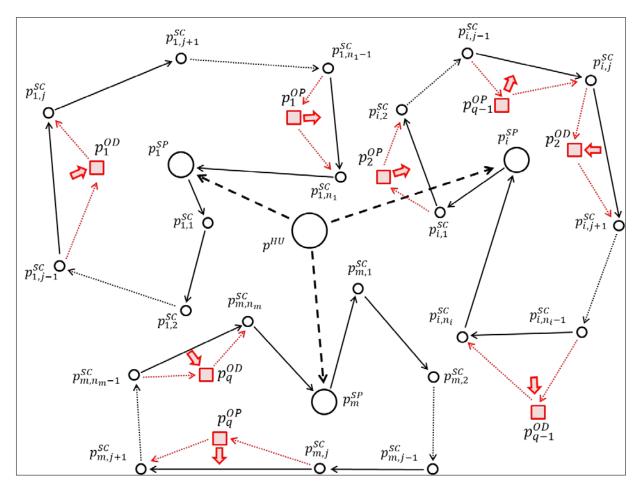
Operation time [s]	Transportation	Loading/Unloading	Check-in/Check-out
Manufacturing	72,0		
Input storage	-	27	14
Output storage	-	31	16
Assembly	68,4		
Input storage	-	21	20
Output storage	-	18	22
Warehouse	60,0		
Component	-	40	78
Final product	-	50	56
Additional	102,0		
EBS+WPS	27,6	45	30

914 s	R
987 s	
1039 s	<

Operation time [s]	ACI	ACO	AL	AU	ML	MU	MCI	MCO
Scenario 1	66	60	63	54	54	62	28	32
Scenario 2	0	0	63	54	54	62	0	0
Scenario 3	66	60	63	54	54	62	28	32
		,						
Operation time [s]	WCU	WCCO	O W	FL	WFCI	BWL	U BW	/CICO
Operation time [s] Scenario 1	WCU 40	WCCO 0	O WI 50	FL	WFCI 0	BWL 45	U BW 30	/CICO
				FL				/CICO

Model framework of dynamic milkrun scheduling



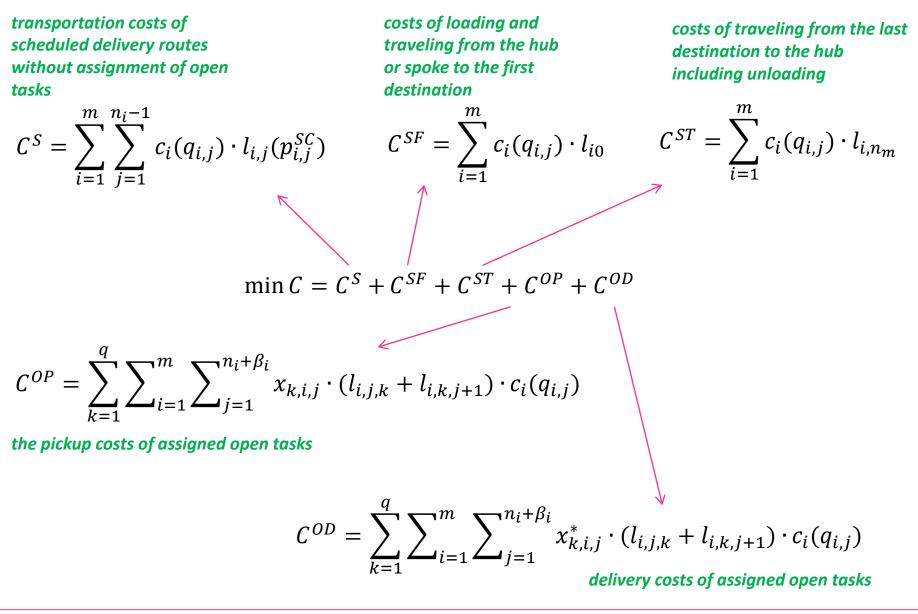


The decision variables:

- assignment of open tasks to scheduled routes,
- assignment of picked up packages to delivery routes ,
- scheduling of pickup operations of new tasks.

Objective function of the dynamic milkrun scheduling







Constraints 1: The capacity of milkruns is not to exceed after assignment of open tasks.

$$q_{i,j} + \sum\nolimits_{k=1}^{q} q_k \cdot x_{k,i,j} - \sum\nolimits_{k=1}^{q} q_k \cdot x_{k,i,j+1}^* \leq Q_i^{max} \quad \forall i,j$$

Constraints 2: It is not allowed to exceed the upper and lower limit of pickup and delivery operation time in each scheduled destination within the time frame.

$$\tau_{i,j}^{min} \le \tau_{i,j}^{s} + \sum_{k=1}^{q} x_{k,i,j} \cdot (\tau_{i,j,k}^{ao} + \tau_{i,k,j+1}^{ao}) \le \tau_{i,j}^{max}$$

Constraints 3: It is not allowed to exceed the upper and lower limit of pickup operation time in each assigned open task destination within the time frame.

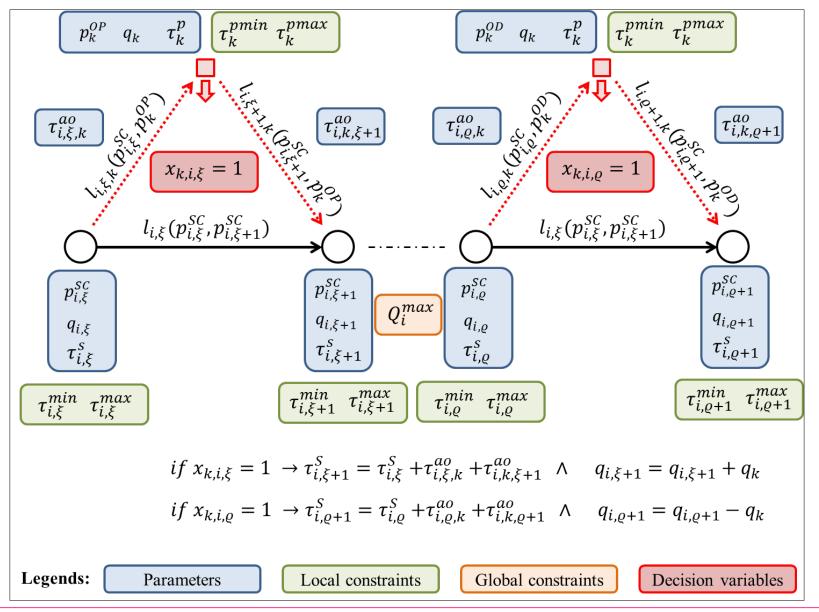
$$\tau_{k}^{pmin} \le \tau_{i,j}^{s} + \sum_{k=1}^{q} x_{k,i,j} \cdot (\tau_{i,j,k}^{ao} + \tau_{i,k,j+1}^{ao}) \le \tau_{k}^{pmax}$$

Constraints 4: It is not allowed to exceed the upper and lower limit of delivery time in each assigned open task destination within the time frame.

$$\tau_{k}^{dmin} \leq \tau_{i,j}^{s} + \sum_{k=1}^{q} x_{k,i,j} \cdot (\tau_{i,j,k}^{ao} + \tau_{i,k,j+1}^{ao}) \leq \tau_{k}^{dmax}$$

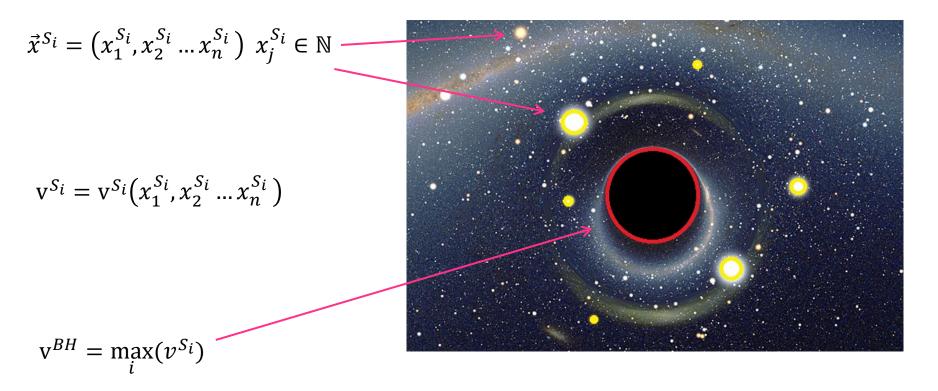
Constraints of dynamic milkrun scheduling





Black Hole Algorithm

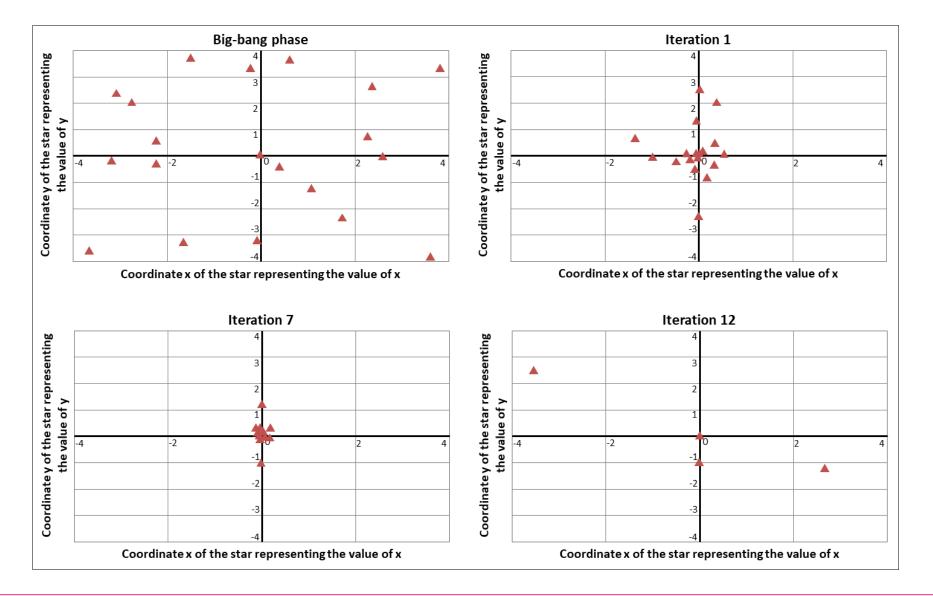




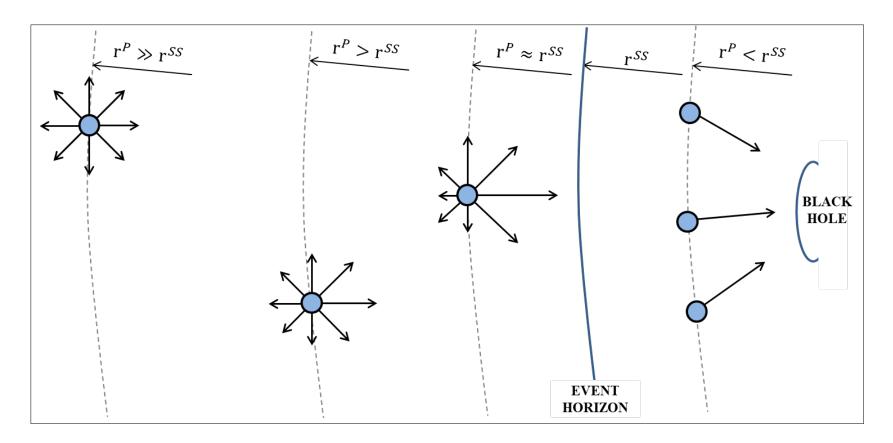
$$\mathbf{x}_{j}^{S_{i}}(t + \Delta t) = \mathbf{x}_{j}^{S_{i}}(t) + Round\left\{Rnd \cdot \left(\mathbf{x}_{j}^{BH}(t) - \mathbf{x}_{j}^{S_{i}}(t)\right)\right\}$$

Black Hole Algorithm









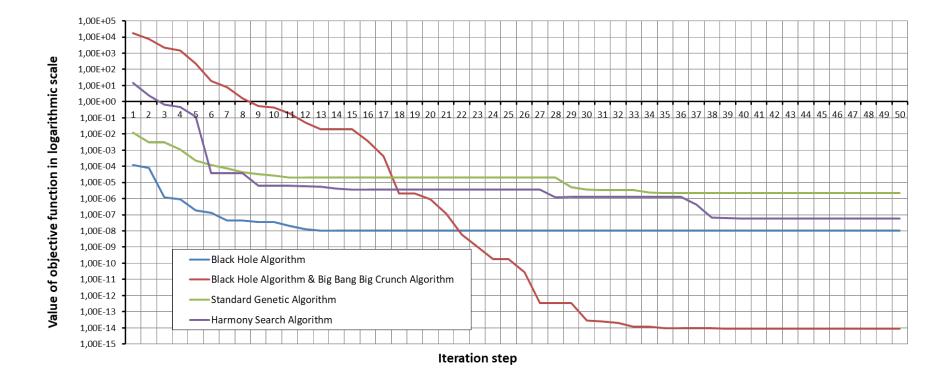
 $\mathbf{r}^{SS} = \frac{f^{BH}}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} f^{S_i}} \qquad \mathbf{x}_j^{S_i} = \mathbf{x}_j^{BH} + Round\left(\theta \cdot N(0,1) \cdot \frac{\mathbf{x}_j^{S_i,max} - \mathbf{x}_j^{S_i,min}}{\varepsilon}\right)$

Error values of BHO in the case of 10 benchmark functions after 50 iteration steps

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	CANTRA WERDELTA	

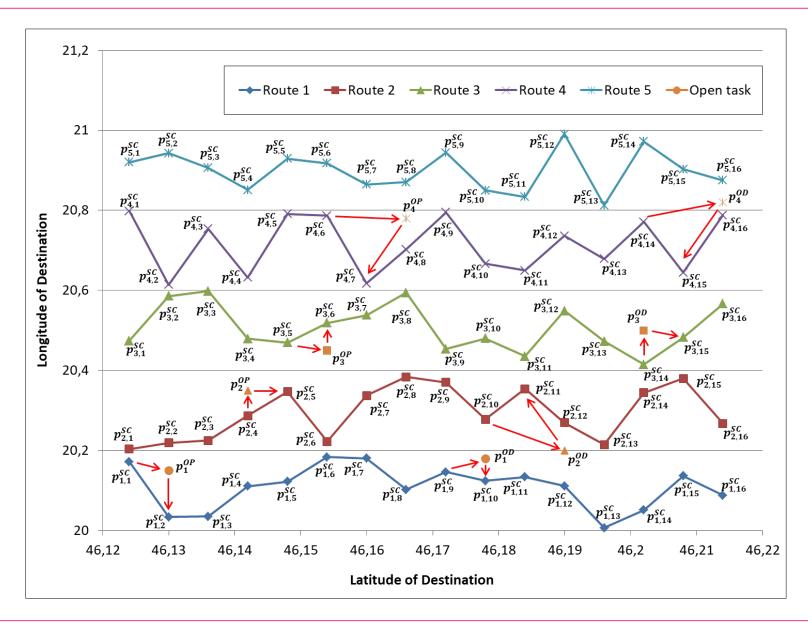
Evaluation function	Standard BHO	BHO & BBBC	Genetic Algorithm	Harmony Search
Ackley	3.66E-07	4.05E-11	4.67E-06	1.28E-07
Bukin	2.45E-06	3.58E-12	5.45E-07	9.08E-07
Cross-in-tray	8.55E-09	9.24E-11	7.32E-09	6.98E-08
Easom	1.18E-05	1.05E-10	2.09E-04	8.18E-09
Eggholder	5.50E-07	8.88E-14	3.12E-07	1.98E-08
Himmelblau	5.79E-08	9.14E-15	2.25E-06	1.05E-08
Lévi	1.20E-06	7.46E-09	7.34E-08	3.12E-08
Matyas	9.12E-08	7.59E-11	1.78E-07	6.70E-09
Modified sphere	2.21E-08	4.22E-10	1.93E-06	2.40E-08
Three hump camel	1.51E-06	8.06E-13	4.17E-08	7.79E-010

Convergence of algorithms in the case of Himmelblau's function

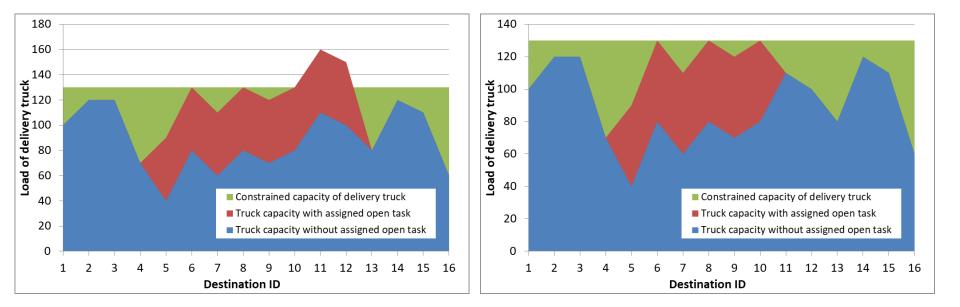


Scenario 1





The load of delivery truck depending on the assigned pickup and delivery destination





- BMW Smart Transport: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Wan_M1PwcOQ</u>
- Nipper: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uvsvrf-eB4g
- Dynamic milkrun: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=S_x02BX71X4</u>
- Still Liftrunner: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4mAVdAJPTu8</u>



Thank you for your kind attention!

